

# THE YAKIMA DEMOCRAT

"How to the Line, Let the Chips Fall Where They May."

VOL. 17.

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No 11

## WITH ALDRICH OF COURSE.

Some republican editors are so simple as to wonder as to which side of the Aldrich-Cummins controversy President Taft takes. Have they forgotten that in his Boston speech President Taft paid a high tribute to Senator Aldrich and announcing that the Rhode Island senator would make the trip he is now making in order to set the people right added: "Mr. Aldrich is the leader of the senate and certainly one of the ablest statesmen in financial matters in either house. I believe it to be his earnest desire to aid the people and to crown his political career by the preparation and passage of a bill which shall give us a sound and safe monetary and banking system. It would be a long step toward removing the political obstacles to a proper solution of the question."

## THE CANCER OF A REPUBLICAN ADMINISTRATION.

The sugar trust, which is the most corrupt and rotten trust in existence, has achieved its repulsive eminence under the direct patronage and protection of republican administration. A republican administration protects it today. Herbert Parsons placed at the head of the republican organization here as the direct representative of a republican administration, represents the interests of the sugar trust. His father, John E. Parsons, is under indictment for the colossal frauds of which the sugar trust has been guilty. Herbert Parsons administers the republican organization of New York to suit the convenience and the whims of the American Sugar Refining Company. Even a municipal election in this town cannot escape the baleful sway of this vilest of corporations manifesting itself in the person of Herbert Parsons.

A republican administration at Washington in return for money and for other valuable considerations, sheltered the sugar trust from the consequences of its crimes, sheltered it so effectually that its directors escape the penitentiary only by the interposition of the statute of limitations. Herbert Parsons is at the head here of the republican organization to perpetuate and to enforce this relation with the sugar trust. It is his only reason for having the political place he occupies. The whole political weight and force of the republican political machine (of which the New York custom house is an integral part) is now concentrated on the defense of the sugar trust on commuting the penalties which it cannot wholly evade and affording it the opportunity to settle with the United States treasury by disgorging \$2,000,000 when it has stolen \$30,000,000.

The men in Washington who deliberately debauched and betrayed the United States and prostituted the functions of the government in order to secure immunity for the sugar trust are just as deserving of the penitentiary as John E. Parsons and his fellow directors, if they are convicted.

A pertinent contemporary problem is: Which first instigated the crime of false weighing, the employees of the United States treasury or the dishonest importers? Equally pertinent is the inquiry: Which side took the initiative in the criminal relations established between the sugar trust and the republican administration at Washington?

How pitiable and despicable appears the petty pursuit of William Loe's thieves and the cheese-parers when viewed in the light of the material blackmail and extortion practiced at the very top with the enthusiastic indifference of a nation.—New York Sun.

## TAFT FOR SHIP SUBSIDY.

As if to shake a red flag in the face of an enraged bull, President Taft has announced in the west that he will urge the next congress to pass a bill providing for ship subsidies. Taft has lost the confidence of the west, and any suggestions coming from him now will be regarded with distrust. He has immeasurably hurt himself and his party by telling the people beyond the Mississippi that Aldrich is a great and good man and he has hurt himself and his party still more by defending the recent tariff legislation. As one of our exchanges very pointedly remarks, if the things for the future are as good as the things he has stood for and approved since his inauguration, then God help the country!

The ship subsidy scheme is simply another plan to rob an already plundered people. It is another plan to get into the pockets of the consumers and further enrich the already monstrously rich public highwaymen. Of course the American merchant marine has been driven from the seas. But this fact is not due to lack of subsidies. It is due to our merchant marine laws. It is due to the stupid policy of the republican party. Before the republican party came into being the American merchant marine was the finest in the world. American ships predominated everywhere. It was not until the republican party, in its program of protection, enacted laws providing that the American flag should not float from ships built in foreign countries that the American merchant marine was put out of business. And it can never be revived until those senseless laws are repealed. Ship subsidies are only means to perpetuate the thieving tariff.

There is an enormous amount of American capital invested in freight-

carrying vessels. But it is invested in foreign-built ships. It is invested in foreign-built ships because, owing to the protective tariff, ships cannot be constructed in America as cheaply as they can be constructed abroad. This is the whole secret of the condition of the American merchant marine. The lumber trust, with its swag of protection, stands in the way of it. The steel trust, with its power to extort, stands in the way of it. The west is aware of this—and Mr. Taft cannot fool the west. He may talk ship subsidies until he is black in the face, but he will talk for them in vain. The tariff hogs have got to let go, and out of the west will come senators and congressmen who will force them to let go. The war is on in earnest.—Johnston Democrat.

## WORDS WORTH REMEMBERING.

At the opening exercises of the University of Kansas last fall Colonel Thomas Benton Murdock, who has just passed over, made the annual address. His subject was, "That Which Trains and Measures Man." In giving advice to the young men and women before him he said, among other things:

"My young man friend, don't be a chump, a lobster or a quitter. The world demands men of honesty, ability and character; and it is for you to meet that demand. Don't drink, don't smoke, don't chew, swear nor gamble. And above all things don't lie. Be a man every day in the week; be a man at all times, and you will go up head, go to the top, and the world will applaud you. You may fool your parents, you may deceive these instructors, but you can't fool yourself. It is your life you have to live, and if you don't live the honest, decent, square deal life in your youth, you will suffer for it when you go galloping down the western slope.

And to all of you: Please remember that there is no death. There are no dead; no waiting for the resurrection. Every death is a resurrection, in that it releases the spirit from the body. If there was a Christ, and there was, and if he said anything while on earth and he did, he said to Mary at the grave of Lazarus, "Whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die." So my young friends, live the life that promises you an unshattered seat in the amen corner of that happier and more glorious world beyond the grave. Live the life that gives you the courage to look the world squarely in the face and say, I am everything a man ought to be, and nothing a man ought not to be, I am a man.

Live the square deal life so that when you are enveloped in the shadow of the borderland of the shoreless stream, to enter the boat of Charon, to be ferried over the river Styx, you can look out upon the waters and mentally exclaim:

"How sweet the moonlight lies upon the peaceful bosom of the river."

## ARE THERE TWO LAWS?

John R. Walsh, of Chicago, was a banker. He borrowed money on fictitious names and transferred the money from the depositors to his own account. It was the same as if he had stolen the money. The money was not his own; he violated the law to get it. He was convicted by a jury. It was a clear case of bank wrecking. John R. Walsh was a financial wreck; his fortune went to pieces. He appealed to a higher court for a new trial; but his money was all gone, the case against him was clear and the new trial was refused. Now a turn has come in his fortunes. He has sold some stock in a railroad; he has reimbursed the bank's creditors. Still that does not alter the fact that he stole their money; he simply paid it back. It does not alter the fact that he violated the law.

Today he has filed a petition for a rehearing. The court sustained the decision of the court against J. R. Walsh poor; it will be interesting to see if it will listen to John R. Walsh rich. It has been maintained that there is one law for the rich and another for the poor. Here is where it will be proved, even if in the same man. Watch that case.—Will Allen White in Emporia Gazette.

## CLASSES AND MASSES.

There seems ever to be a tendency on the part of small philosophers to divide humanity up into classes. We are set down as good or bad, great or ordinary, bond or free, learned or illiterate, aristocrat or plebeian, handsome or homely, saved or lost.

In addition to these classes, we have the masses.

The masses are the great undissolved residuum—the people who go about their business and neither pray on street corners nor preach from house-tops. To them babes are born and wires flash no news; they visit, but the society columns are not burdened with names of their friends; they die, and bulletins give no signs.

Yet it might not be difficult to find a man who at the tribunal of his own heart would confess that the things he belonged to the masses. We talk glibly about giving a helping hand to the masses, elevating the masses, never once admitting that we, like all others, are but a molecule in God's masses.

And a peculiar thing about this 's that the men who talk most about "elevating the masses" are often puny little fellows who themselves are merely pensioners on a patient world.

If there is any better way to help the masses than by going quietly about your work and setting us a good example, I have not seen it.

Each man thinks his own experi-

## "Personal Liberty"

By W. J. BRYAN

The liquor dealers, recognizing that their very obvious pecuniary interest would lessen the weight of any argument which they might publicly advance are making their fight under cover of organizations purporting to represent those who use liquor. Many well-meaning men have been misled into believing that every attempt to lessen the evils of intemperance is a "fanatical attack" on "personal liberty."

It is time the phrase "personal liberty" were defined.

What is meant by "personal liberty?"

Does it mean that a person has a right to drink in any quantity, at any time, and in any place, no matter what injury he may inflict upon others? If not, with whom rests the right to fix limitations?

A drunken man is a menace to the lives and property of those about him; have his neighbors no right to protect themselves?

A drunkard robs his wife and children, and he may finally make his family and himself a charge upon society; has society no right to protect itself?

The saloon is next-of-kin to the brothel and the gambling hall; it is a rendezvous for the criminal element and the willing tool of the corrupt politician; has not the body politic a right to protect itself from the demoralization which the saloon works?

The right to drink does not necessarily include the right to demand the establishment of a saloon. The right to drink is sufficiently protected by any arrangement that permits the reasonable use of liquor under reasonable conditions; and it must be remembered that the right to drink like any other right, can be forfeited. Nothing is more sacred than the right to life, and yet one may forfeit his right to life if he uses it in such a way as to threaten the life of another. So, the man who drinks to excess may forfeit the right to drink; even the moderate drinker may forfeit the right to drink in moderation if, not content with reasonable regulation, he insists that liquor shall be sold under conditions that constitute a menace to the home and the state.

The man who desires to drink moderately ought to join with those who seek to reduce the evils of drink to the lowest possible point, instead of allying himself with those who ignore the evils of intemperance and resist every effort put forth for the protection of society.

ence unique, peculiar, distinctive; he belongs to a class, of course, but a very small and select class; just as all lovers are sure that such a love as theirs never before existed, except, maybe, on the stage or in a book. And thus adown the centuries from the days of Solomon and his Shulamite shepherdess, lovers have strolled hand in hand, chanting the lovers' lullaby, "Love like ours can never die."

And so we are all labeled and pigeonholed, done up into bundles and those that cannot be disposed of handily are dumped into the masses. But if we snatch from Kronos a little leisure and think it over, we find that all things are comparative; there is no standard of goodness, nor of greatness, nor of freedom, nor of beauty, nor of aristocracy; and the man we think is saved is only partially saved and the fellow whom we chalkmark "lost" may welcome us in heaven.

Conditions are transient; life is in a state of flux; classes are largely a matter of clothes; caste is an idea founded on a false hypothesis, and in the world's march has often been toppled by a mob between cockcrow and sunup.

The gradations we seem to see are more apparent than real.

On close inspection we find the great man is not so great as we thought and the stupid man not quite so dull as he appeared.

Joaquin Miller was about right when he wrote  
"In men whom men pronounce as ill,  
I find so much of goodness still;  
In men whom men pronounce divine  
I find so much of sin and blot  
I hesitate to draw the line  
Where God has not.

—By Elbert Hubbard.

## Closing Out Business.

Manager J. A. McArthur of the Schott Suit House, 120 East Yakima avenue, announces that the stock of the store will be closed out between now and January 1, 1910. The company plans discontinuing the business. Sale on the goods will start Saturday morning. The company has been doing business at the stand for a year and a half.

Mrs. William McKivir and her daughter, Nellie Hulse, reported to the police Sunday evening that they were insulted by a big negro on South First street Sunday night while on their way home from the Christian church. Their cries of alarm scared the negro and he made his escape. The police have not located him as yet.

W. C. Howard, principal of the Columbia school, has been taking the place of Frank L. Volland, head of the commercial department of the high school, who has been ill with appendicitis.

## GRANDVIEW.

Miss Lillie Waugh has purchased a new piano from a Sunnyside firm. Henry Varner had a valuable colt cut on a barb wire fence Monday.

Miss Nettie Killian of Walla Walla, is here on a two weeks' visit with her parents and brothers.

Claude Brallier and her mother, have their new house in the Euclid district about finished.

Paul Killian and wife took Sunday's dinner with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Killian of Belma.

Mr. Bywater, from Iowa, is having a house built near the Free Methodist church. He is a painter and will work at his trade.

E. Brallier of the Euclid district is in Prosser visiting his brother H. Brallier and while there will erect a house for him.

Miss Lida Powell was down from Sunnyside Sunday visiting her brother in Belma.

C. C. Winger has the material on the ground for the foundation of his new house on his tract south of the railroad.

Bee men of Yakima county were before the county commissioners Saturday and asked for the appointment of a bee inspector, declaring that there is danger of foul brood and other diseases among the bees of Yakima and asking that a qualified person be chosen to watch the interests of the bee people. Action was deferred until the bee fanciers can assemble and recommend a competent inspector.

J. S. Conway, assistant engineer for the U. S. R. S. says that he has found it necessary to part with a fine spirited team recently purchased by the government because they are too high lifted. The department is offering them for sale.

Johnny Sam, charged first with grand larceny, the charge afterwards being reduced to petit larceny, was sentenced on Wednesday to pay a fine of \$100 and the costs of the prosecution. A gray horse figured in the case.

## OUR WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 11.—After a long absence from the White House the president has made a brief visit to Washington and again departed. Mrs. Taft has been resident of the historic mansion for nearly a fortnight. Many improvements have been made during the summer. The new White House offices, connected by a long gallery with the main building, and to be used for the first time by President Taft, have been enlarged

## ARE STEALING ALASKA.

Writing in Collier's Weekly L. R. Glavis, recently dismissed by President Taft from his post as chief of field division of the general land office, charges that Secretary Ballinger while land commissioner, favored the granting of patents to Alaska coal lands of great value when the claims to these patents were under grave suspicion. The hand of the Guggenheims in the alleged attempted grab of 5,000 acres of coal lands, containing 91,000,000 tons of coal, is traced, according to Glavis, through what are known as the 'Cunningham claims' it being alleged that Cunningham acted as agent for the Guggenheims, the real influence being that of the latter. In consequence of the Guggenheim influence, charges Glavis, Secretary Ballinger—then land commissioner—took a friendly attitude to the Cunningham claims.

E. S. Burlingame and S. H. Dickinson have procured an injunction against Richard Hardison and others restraining them from hauling hay from the premises of Paul Hoptowitz, near Parker. They allege that already approximately 50 tons of hay have been hauled, for which they ask an accounting. They allege that they agreed to purchase the crop from Hoptowitz, the total being approximately 200 tons, but that Hoptowitz has been taken ill and is in a hospital and that Hardison and others are hauling away the hay.

A party of 12 visitors who were on their way to the coast stopped over in North Yakima Sunday to see what sort of a place the Yakima apple is raised in. They were attracted by the prize winners at the Spokane apple show.

Miss Hawkins, who has been employed in the office of the Highland Real Estate office in Ellensburg, has returned home.



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MICHAELS, STEIN & CO.  
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

This is the best time of the season to buy your overcoat. You should make your selections now—while assortments are yet complete.

We show all the new styles—some models which no one else in town has.

The new Auto and Military Coats are in great demand.

We have them—as well as the conservative style shown in above picture.

Overcoats of blue and black Kersey. All wool

quality. Only **\$15**

Long Overcoats of Fancy Tweeds, Black Cravenettes, etc., **\$15, 18, 20, 22.50**

Very best "Chesterfield" Overcoats and Cravenettes

**\$25.00 and \$30.00**

Overcoats for boys \$5 00 up

Complete line and best values in Underwear, Sweater Coats, Gloves, Etc.

**WEIGEL**  
THE CLOTHIER



# BE AT THE HEAD OF THE LINE

When the doors swing open at The Schott Suit House Saturday, November 27th. The entire stock, consisting of \$25,000 worth of highest quality and latest styles in Ladies' and Misses' Tailored Suits and Coats, Children's Coats, Trimmings Hats and complete furnishings, has been turned over to Lewis Bros. & Co., of Spokane and Chicago to be closed out in 24 days, regardless of cost or loss. Every article contained in the large sales-room, including fixtures, must be converted into cash in just 24 days. THE STORE HAS BEEN LEASED TO OTHER PARTIES WHO MUST HAVE POSSESSION JANUARY 1ST.

**Closed Today and Will Remain Closed Until Saturday, November 27th to Allow the Lewis Bros.' Manager and Staff of Salespeople Plenty of Time to Slash Down the Prices on Every Article Contained in This Extensive Stock**

## Fair and Square Methods

We wish to state that we will exchange goods or refund your money without exception. Also you are welcome to come in and look over our stock, whether you wish to buy or not. We know when you see the prices we will quote you will say a good word on the outside.

**Lewis Bros. & Co.**

## SAVE FROM 40 TO 60 PER CENT

Every dollar you spend at this great closing out sale will have two and even three times its usual value. Just think what an opportunity this is to buy your Xmas goods at prices you can well afford. Save the usual big profits you have to give your dealer for holiday purchases. Act quick. Be one of the first to enter the doors when they open Saturday. Make your selections while there is a good variety to choose from and a full line of sizes.

At this time it is impossible to give but hints of the thousands of stupendous bargains this sale affords. Full details and descriptions of items are neither possible nor necessary. However, we will give you a few prices on Suits that we know will interest you.

## There's a Difference

Please don't confuse this sale with others where the bargains exist on paper only. This will be a bona fide closing out sale with genuine bargains, and we invite the skeptical to call and be convinced that we are offering the greatest bargains ever offered the people of North Yakima. Seeing is believing.

**Lewis Bros. & Co.**

**DON'T MISS THIS ONCE IN A LIFETIME BUYING OPPORTUNITY.** You are throwing money away if you stay away. Get your share of this golden harvest of savings.

## Nothing Short of Giving Goods

Away can attempt to match this absolute slaughter. Only 24 days to make a clean sweep of this immense stock. We will make prices that will crowd an ordinary month's business into a single day.

**Lewis Bros. & Co.**

## TAILORED SUITS

A stock of high grade tailored suits that are the peer of any ever shown in the Northwest, the best high grade makes in the most fashionable styles. Suits that are made for the best trade in every wanted color and patterns:

\$12.75 is the Lewis Bros.' price for any \$20 Suit  
\$14.75 is the Lewis Bros.' price for Suits

worth up to ..... \$25.00

\$19.50 is the Lewis Bros.' price for Suits

worth up to ..... \$35.00

\$22.50 is the Lewis Bros.' price for Suits

worth up to ..... \$42.50

\$26.75 is the Lewis Bros.' price for Suits

worth up to ..... \$50.00

We mention this line of corsets, giving prices, as we know you will gain an idea of the standard makes and the sensational reductions.

### Henderson's Corsets.

\$1.00 quality .... 50c | \$5.00 quality .... \$2.50

\$2.00 quality .... \$1.00 | \$7.50 quality .... \$3.75

\$3.00 quality .... \$1.50 | \$8.50 quality .... \$4.25

\$4.00 quality .. \$2.00 |

## THE MIGHTY POWER

of low prices coupled with high quality will compel the most enthusiastic buying of a decade. Plenty of extra salespeople have been engaged, so that no matter how overwhelmingly great the crowds you will be waited upon promptly.

**Lewis Bros. & Co.**

**LEWIS BROS. BOUND UNDER CONTRACT TO SELL EVERY DOLLAR'S WORTH OF MERCHANDISE CONTAINED IN THE ENTIRE STOCK IN 24 DAYS.**

This will be a sale colossal in its magnitude, a sale so unprecedented as to stir all Yakima to its very vitals. The daring of our undertaking and the stupendous bargains it affords will not only start the entire populace to buying but will be the talk of the town before it is a single day old. The sale which begins here Saturday, November 27th, will indeed stand out a giant, a Colossus among sales.

**TIE A STRING AROUND YOUR FINGER, SET YOUR ALARM CLOCK, DO ANY OLD THING TO REMEMBER THE OPENING HOUR.**

**The Schott Suit House**  
**Lewis Bros. & Co. in Charge**

**LOOK FOR THE BIG RED SIGNS ON THE BUILDING**



## FLEXIBILITY PERFECT LIGHT NEVER OUT OF SERVICE IS OBTAINED ONLY BY THE USE OF GAS

Greater Progress in Gas Appliances have been made during the past two years than in the Lighting Field of Electricity. NOW YOU CAN PRESS A BUTTON and light Gas.

For one half the price of a 16 Candle Power Electric Lamp you can obtain 120 Candle Power WITH GAS.

Arguments are Vain

Facts Conclusive

**Northwestern Corporation**  
YAKIMA BRANCH

Phone 236

11 N. Second St.

E. STORER TICE, Local Manager

**Yakima**  
**Livery, Board**  
**and**  
**Sale Stables**

**High Grade Livery**  
**Hacks on Call**  
**Day or Night**

**H. H. MILLER, Proprietor**  
Successor to H. L. Tucker

Phone 221

Cor. A and Front Streets

North Yakima, Wash.



## ROASTERS

For Thanksgiving. We have them in Steel and Enamel Ware. Priced from 50c up Or perhaps you would like a

**Faultless Malleable Range**

the best on the market today. Then we have the **EARLY BREAKFAST** a first-class Range at a very moderate price.

**Treat-Raynor Co.**

Hardware, Implements and Seed

11 South First St.

—Still out of the High-priced District

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Commercial Travelers' Headquarters

**Hotel Savoy**

Everything New  
and Strictly up to date

American and European Plan

Rooms 75c and up  
Dining Room in Connection

NORTH YAKIMA, WASH.

## ARMBRUSTER TO TRY FOR SENATE

AND IS PROMISED SUPPORT

Reported Frame up by Which Mayor Will be Given Aid in Return for Influence in School Election.

P. M. Armbruster for the state senate in succession to the late Hon. S. J. Cameron is the latest political frame up reported on the streets. The news came out Wednesday when it was announced that O. A. Fechter and W. B. Clark were candidates for the three year term for the school board and W. W. Robertson for the one year term, the three running as a ticket. The relationship, politically, between Mr. Robertson and Mr. Fechter has long been known. Mr. Clark, who is a partner of Hugo F. Luhman in law business, is, with Mr. Luhman legal adviser for the Fechter interests. In return for the support of the Armbruster political machine, which is a good machine now that a local option fight is imminent, to the above named trio, their support, it is rumored, including that of Mr. Robertson's paper, has been promised to Armbruster for the state senate fight.

This rumor, if true, and it isn't doubted by shrewd political forecasters, brings the schools of North Yakima directly into politics and shows a frame up reaching much further than had been anticipated. Incidentally it may be said that there is a fight on already for the United States senatorship and the political work appears to have begun early.

Just why any one should be willing to pay the price alleged to have been promised to Mr. Armbruster merely for a position on the school board is not apparent. However this will reveal itself in time. Many reasons are offered.

The cards were switched a little on Mr. Armbruster Wednesday but he has adjusted to the new conditions. B. F. Bivins was the Armbruster candidate for the one year school term and W. W. Robertson and O. A. Fechter were to be his three year men for the board. At the last moment it was decided to run Robertson for the one year term and add Mr. Clark. This left Mr. Armbruster with two one-year candidates running in opposition to each other, as but one is to be named. It was necessary to make an explanation and therefore, as things stood, Mr. Armbruster had to make his peace with Mr. Bivins.

Armbruster Is Pleased.

Mr. Armbruster is tickled to death at the turn affairs have taken. One after another he has beaten down or absorbed his old time political enemies. Mr. Fechter, it was reported, had ambitions to go to the senate and now Armbruster has absorbed these, and all he has to do, so far as the public now knows, is to turn over the necessary number of votes at the election of directors for school district No. 7. It was easy for him to convince any doubters that Fechter for the senate and himself for the legislature would be a poor combination so another man is sought for the legislature now that Armbruster has got the promise he wanted.

There are three offices on the board to be filled. Two of these are for the three year terms and one is for a one year term. Filings of petitions of candidates closed last evening at 7 o'clock with the following candidates in nomination.

For three year term: Richard Winsor, Jr., A. E. Knerr, O. A. Fechter, George E. Wise, J. M. Richardson, William B. Clark, E. Hurd and Floyd A. Hatfield.

For one year term: W. W. Robertson, B. F. Bivins and P. D. Babcock.

The candidacy of F. A. Hatfield marks an epoch in school work in Yakima as Mr. Hatfield is a product of the Yakima High school and of the educational system of this state being a graduate of the state university. He is the first locally trained person to offer for the board. Mr. Hatfield believes that the schools must be protected. He believes in the expenditure of all money possible, under very careful supervision, for the schools.

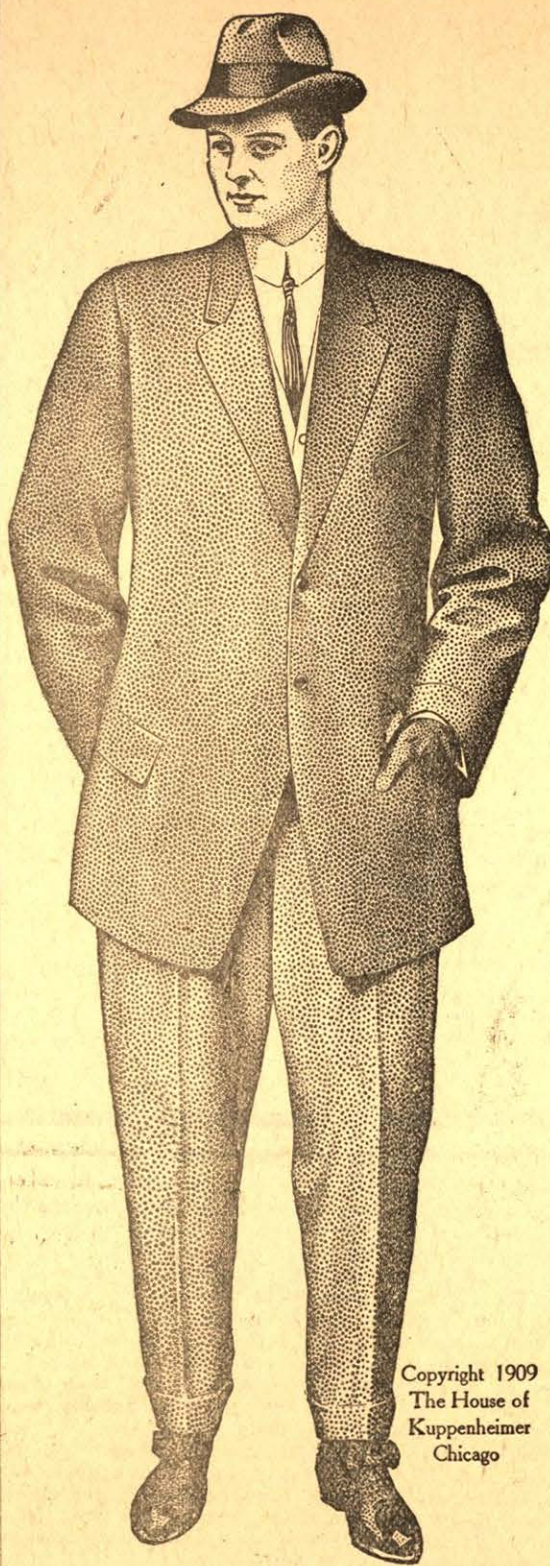
But two days remain in which men and women not already registered may so register for the school election. The registration booth has been removed from the High school to 115 East Yakima avenue, to the office of the Highland Realty company where registration will be taken Friday and Saturday from 9 o'clock a. m. until 7 o'clock p. m.

## CONTAGION IS BEING BESTED

Dr. Nywening Believes That Vigilance in Inspection of School Children Is Preventing Epidemic.

City Health Officer Dr. John Nywening is of the opinion that the strict watch which has been maintained by the health authorities this autumn as prevented several outbreaks of diphtheria and scarletina. Many other cities and towns have experienced considerable trouble of this character but there has been very little contagious sickness in North Yakima among school children.

Every week Dr. Nywening assisted



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The House of  
Kuppenheimer  
Chicago

## Young Men's FALL SUITS

Of Exclusive Styles and Fabrics at

**\$15, \$18, \$20 and \$25**

At these prices we offer you the greatest clothing value obtainable in this city. Every model typifies perfection in style, finish and fit. The models run from the semi-extreme to the conservative in cut, to please all these who want something smart, distinctive, aristocratic looking at moderate cost. This is only possible in

**"Kuppenheimer Clothing"**  
**for Young Men**

Because the makers have put the tailoring of clothes for young men on a scientific basis and shave their profits so closely that we are able to outclass all other apparel at similar prices.

You will find the fabrics unusual in pattern and quality; exclusive weaves of pure worsted and cassimers—everyone especially woven for our young men's clothes. You will make no mistake in selecting any one of these "Kuppenheimer" Sack Suits at \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$25, if you want a really fashionable suit for general service and the greatest possible value for your money.

At least come and see the large arrange of fabric and the many nifty styles. Who'll thank us for the tip.

## Latest Vogue Fall Hats, \$1.50 to \$3.50

Everything that's new in Hatdom from the factories of Amercia's leading hatters---the guaranteed sort which never fails to please.

## Dean Clothing Company

"If its worn by Man we have it"

### FAVORS ROOSEVELT'S CHANCE.

New York Leader Would be Glad if ex-President Would Run for Governor.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Timothy L. Woodruff, chairman of the republican state central committee, speaking of the movement to nominate Roosevelt for governor of New York, said he thought it would be a great benefit to the New York state republican party if Roosevelt would consent to run.

In the suit of Mabel H. Miller vs. Albert F. Miller, in which divorce is

asked, a motion was made in the superior court Monday to make the complaint more definite and certain.

B. F. Reed of Ellensburg, president and H. B. Scudder of North Yakima, secretary of the Reclamation committee of the Commercial clubs of the Kittitas and Yakima valleys have inaugurated a campaign which is seeking to enlist sympathy and cooperation in the east for the proposal to raise money by bond issue for reclamation work. The idea is to get active support in the east through people able to influence congressmen for a proposition, which is expected to meet eastern opposition.

## THE NEW DRUG STORE STAFFORD DRUG COMPANY

Wm. DUNN, Mgr.

316 West Yakima Ave.

A full line of everything that is found in a good up-to-date Drug Store. Drugs, Toilet Articles, Stationery, School Supplies and high-class grade of Candies.

**SPECIALTY---Prescriptions Accurately Made Up**  
You will not be overcharged because you do not know the value of Drugs

**THEY ALL WHISTLE FOR GRANGER**



# Our Lady Shoppers

Will do well to look for our space in this paper next week. It will interest the gentlemen, but if they fail to see it, then read our "ad" to them. It appears but once.

## BAKER & CO. FOR BARGAINS WEST SIDE JEWELERS

### THE YAKIMA DEMOCRAT

W. A. Wyatt, Publisher and Editor.

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North Yakima, Wash., Nov. 27, 1909

#### RIGHT OF FREE SPEECH.

Tuesday's Republic had a boiler plate editorial on Free Speech which read very much like one of "Scab-lover Post's" tirades against union labor. "The right to speak," says the Republic, "and to print doesn't include the right to injure others; and if there is intent to injure others, and conspiracy or combination to injure others, so much the worse."

By injury here is meant adverse criticism, as the editorial was directed against Gompers, the president of the American Federation of Labor, who had criticised the scab methods of the Buck stove factory. In other words, according to the Republic, we have no right to criticise anything no matter how unjust it may be. "The right to attack a lawful business by speech or print, for the purpose of injuring it, is not a right at all," declares the Republic, and then very consistently in another column we read a column attack on the saloon business of the town, advising the voters of the town to vote them out of existence, which would surely injure the saloon business which is at present "lawful."

If Col. Robertson has a right to run this advertisement criticising and injuring the saloon business, why has not Mr. Gompers a right to run an advertisement in his paper, the Federalist, which criticises and therefore injures a stove business?

Freedom of speech was guaranteed not that the citizens might say things pleasing to those in authority, but that he might say things displeasing. The citizens always had the right to say pleasant things. In fact, he had every inducement to say agreeable things.

To follow out the Republic's idea no matter how vile and rotten the saloon business became we would not have the right to criticise their business methods for it would injure the business. No matter how careless corporations may become; the railroads may kill and maim their employees by thousands and the coal mine operators may kill the miners like rats; we can't criticise, according to the Republic, for it would injure their business.

The right of free speech includes the right to criticise every department of government and every public official, whether that official be appointed or elected, and whether he serves for a term of years or for life. The judge is no exception to the rule. He is no less a servant of the people than the legislator or the executive officer, and his official conduct is as much subject to scrutiny as the conduct of the humblest public servant.

In matters of doubt the doubt should be resolved upon the side of freedom of speech, not against it. In exercising the right to criticise the business methods of a corporation the laboring man is as much within the sphere of his rights as is the stockholder of a corporation when he is speaking to other stockholders in regard to the conduct of employees. The officials of a corporation and the stockholders of a corporation do not hesitate to co-operate against employees in any controversy between the employees and the corporation—they do not hesitate to prescribe terms upon which they will employ workmen.

Why should the workmen be restrained from discussing the conditions upon which they will accept employment? The only line that rests upon reason and can be justified by argument is the line separating persuasion from violence. As long as the laboring man reasons with his co-laborer or presents an argument he is within his rights, and the one to whom the argument is addressed has a right to hear. The business methods of a corporation are proper subjects of discussion by employees as well as by customers, and a decree which deprives the laboring man of this right is a step toward industrial bondage.

#### ENCOURAGING TENDENCY.

The supreme court in Nebraska recently upheld a law passed by the 1907 legislature, reducing all express rates on business within the state, twenty-five per cent. The decision was written by Justice Barnes. It is a notable one in many ways. For one thing it points to an encouraging tendency on the part of some of our high tribunals of justice to uphold laws enacted in the public interests without too keen a regard for hairsplitting technicalities. For another thing it clearly establishes the right of the people of Nebraska to protect themselves, by legislation, from excessive charges imposed upon them by corporations "whose property is devoted to public use." And it finds that in such case the burden of proof is upon the corporation to prove fully and conclusively that the law reducing the rates made it impossible for them to earn a reasonable profit.

#### GLAVIS WAS RIGHT.

Developments in the hearing of the Cunningham coal cases lends emphasis to the belief that the department of the interior cut Special Agent Glavis short in his investigations and that as a result the government is not in possession of evidence which

might have been provided otherwise. This investigation disclosed that on a number of the claims no development work had been done. On account of the impatience expressed by the land office, however, the examination was hasty, the forest agents covering the 5250 acres of mountainous forest in six and the land agents in eight days. As a result their testimony on one point is notably weak and far from conclusive. While they testify that on several of the claims they found no improvements Kennedy, Langille and Stoner admitted on cross-examination that there might have been prospect holes which they did not discover.

The instructions under which the forestry agents made this examination were disclosed in court by Attorney Sheridan for the government, although he declined to submit to counsel for the claimants the letter of instructions to the land office agents. It indicates the vigor with which the forest service took up the Glavis charges, and also that the basis for action by the forest service was the belief that Cunningham was endeavoring to secure titles improperly to timber lands as well as coal lands. The basis for this belief is one of the circular reports sent by Cunningham to his claimants in 1906.

The forestry service letter of instructions said that charges would be made against the claims containing no workable coal, but in this the forest service evidently did not correctly anticipate the action of the land office, since no such charges are contained in the complaint pressed by Land Commissioner Dennett, on which the case is now being heard. The reason for the undue haste on the part of Secretary Ballinger is not quite clear. Upon this point hinges the guilt or innocence of the secretary. The question is, "was the secretary actuated by the interest of the government or by Cunningham and his private interests?"

#### A PRIVILEGED ROBBER.

The vigorous agitation started in New York for a relentless investigation and prosecution of the sugar trust ought to bear some kind of wholesome and tangible fruit. There is a stage of public sentiment concerning outrageous offenders against public decency and common honesty that cannot be withstood, even when such offenders are rich and powerful and badly entangled with political and official machinery. Such a sentiment is rapidly developing against the thieving sugar trust.

It would be appalling to think that such a high handed institution as the sugar trust had been marked for special favor by any representative or set of representatives of the national government. But such a thought is sure to take hold of the country unless greater activity is taken in relation to the acts of the arrogant and conscienceless monopoly.

In the case of arbitrarily crushing a competitor, two attorney generals refused to take action, presumably on the ground that the offense was outlawed. This construction was recently upheld by a judge sitting in New York. This ruling was made after the trust had tacitly admitted its crime by making a compromise involving the payment of more than a million dollars. By the decision of the court six directors of the trust, indicted for conspiracy were relieved.

In the weighing frauds, by which the trust systematically stole from the government an aggregate estimated by one New York newspaper at 30 million dollars, no indictments were brought against the directors of the company. Although some of the weighers were indicted and the trust was forced to pay back into the United States treasury more than two million dollars, it was discovered the other day that the trust had managed to continue the fraudulent weighing through the medium of one or more government weighers.

Right in the midst of this national scandal congress singled out the sugar trust for the most flagrant favoritism in the making of the new

tariff law. With the exception of the woolen trust, no other interest was so brazenly, so defiantly, so grossly favored as was the sugar trust, the evidence of its system of extortion presented in the senate by Mr. Bristow and others being wholly disregarded. The consumers pay something like sixty millions a year revenue on the sugar schedule but they pay more than that in absolute tribute to the trust.

What is the extraordinary power of the combination? It is time to find out. It is time to break it, no matter who breaks with it.—Kansas City Star.

That vacations are a survival of the pioneer days, and that children should be in school the year around was stated by E. A. Ross, professor of sociology in the University of Wisconsin, who addressed the students of the University of Kansas. Mr. Ross emphasized the fact that the American people are too prone to adhere to old ideas and customs. He said that because of our forefathers, when they settled in this country, saw fit to have a short term of school, so that the remaining part of the season might be spent in hoeing weeds from the corn, the American public continues to hold to this custom. "Three hundred thousand school children are turned loose in Chicago for three months every year," he continued, "and the same thing is true in other cities. This is all because it was made a custom by our New England ancestors. They ought to be in school the year around though I would advocate lighter work during the hot months. School is only one of the many customs which we are regarding as sacred."

Speaker Cannon is very indignant at the suggestion that he has too much power. It is recalled that ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid used to feel the same way about the protests of the young Turks.

The majority of congress wanted the present tariff law, or it wouldn't have been passed, says Speaker Cannon. That's a remarkable truth and one which will not be denied, but did the majority of the people misrepresented by congress want the present tariff law?

An exchange tells of a man who stepped in front of the smoking ruins of a store that had been destroyed by fire a few hours before and asked, "Has there been a fire here?" "Naw," responded one of the bystanders, "we are just training a bunch of oysters for a Marathon race."

#### Compromise With the Saloon.

We propose a compromise and stop the fight. It may not be right to do so; but we are willing to try it, believing that if the terms we propose are agreed upon the saloon keepers themselves will gladly stop the business when they see what it costs to keep it up.

## LUMBER



For new buildings as well as old is our long suit. We can furnish anything you want on short notice, as our stock is constantly replenished by our big Saw Mill. All Finish is kiln dried.

We are also Agents for RUBEROID ROOFING.

## CASCADE LUMBER COMPANY

Phone 240 - Cor. 7th and H Sts.

The terms we propose are that the saloon keepers, brewers and distillers pay the cost of the prosecution of the criminal cases caused by the saloon business; pay the cost of pauperism caused by the business and which is now charged up to the tax payers of the country; pay the cost of the extra police force necessary to keep the peace, and such support to the families of drunkards as the court may adjudge the damages, in case the bread winner spends his money in the saloon, instead of using it for the support of his family. This last item may seem unreasonable, but the Illinois legislature passed a law making the saloon keeper responsible for damages caused by his business to the extent that if a man became a habitual drunkard and neglected to support his family the saloon keeper whose place of business he patronized was held responsible for the support of the family of said drunkard. Also in case of the death of the father, husband, brother or other member of the family, who is regarded as the supporter of the family, if the death is caused by drunkenness, or other cause traceable to the saloon business, the saloon keeper is held for the support of such family in any sum the court may assess. The courts have passed upon this law and declared it to be constitutional. It is based upon the general principle that a man is responsible for the consequences of his actions. Applied to the saloon business, the theory is that it is not just for the saloon business to reap the profits of their business and society in general bear the burdens of its damages. People

living in the city are in some sense recompensed by the license charged for the privilege of running. Out of the city the county tax payers derive no benefit, yet bear many of the burdens of expense caused by the saloon. What do you say, gentlemen? We have no disposition to fight you nor your business, provided you take care of the expenses and consequences and not charge it up to society in general, of which we are a part, and as such pay our share. We do not want to injure you, but to protect ourselves.

JAMES MAXWELL.

### Dr. Herbert-Smith

General Surgery  
Diseases of Kidneys  
and Abdomen

Office over Farmers & Merchants Bank

Telephone Main 1194

## NORTH YAKIMA DRUG STORE.

PURE  
DRUGS AND  
TOILET  
ARTICLES

We Put Up Prescriptions  
Just As the  
Doctor Writes Them

NO SUBSTITUTION

Cor. First and Yakima Ave. A. D. Sloan, Prop.

### The Checking Account for the Farmer

Many farmers keep a checking account with us regularly because it is a great help and convenience in their every day business.

With a checking account you can tell exactly the total amount of your receipts and expenditures for each month for the entire year. When you sell your farm products, deposit your money in the Bank, subject to check. The obligations you have can be cancelled by check. When you make a purchase, pay by check.

We invite you to try this system.

Yakima Valley Bank

North Yakima,

Washington



## FULTON MARKET

103 South First Street

Mince Meat, Pickles--Sweet, Sour,  
Mixed and Dills

Limburger Cheese, Imported and  
Domestic Block Sweitzer Cheese

### SPECIAL

We have the finest selection of  
Coffee in Yakima.

Episcopalians of North Yakima Want  
to Procure Dean Lockwood of  
Spokane.

Episcopalians of North Yakima  
will extend a call to Dean Alfred  
Lockwood of All Saints Cathedral of  
Spokane to take the rectorship of St.  
Michael's church here in succession to  
Rev. Maurice J. Bywater whose resig-  
nation went into effect a few weeks  
ago. The vestry of the church has  
been in communication with Dean  
Lockwood and as a result decided  
formally Monday morning to request  
the Spokane man to come here.

Dean Lockwood has been engaged  
in very successful work in Spokane  
for a number of years. He is con-  
sidered to be one of the strongest  
Episcopal clergymen in the north-  
west and has been the leader of a  
large and popular church in Spokane.  
He is a man of middle age and is un-  
married. He decides to come to  
North Yakima he will be a strong ad-  
dition to the ministry here.

## THE Yakima Hotel Bar

222 Yakima Ave.

We Carry Only the  
Finest Liquors

"Have Something Boys"

## PRIZE APPLES WERE ROTTEN

BUT NOT DISCOVERED IN TIME

Rogue River Car Found to Have  
Bitter Rot--Wenatchee Car  
Was Water Cored.

W. W. Sawyer of Sunnyside was in  
the city Wednesday on his way to  
Seattle where he will spend Thanks-  
giving. Mr. Sawyer is the head of  
the Sawyer Land Co., which made so  
creditable a showing at the apple  
show at Spokane last week. He came  
home very highly pleased with the  
treatment accorded him by the show  
management and stated that all the  
exhibitors were a unit that everything  
was done for them that was possible.  
That mistakes were made in the  
judging was evident but they were  
doubtless honest mistakes. While  
disappointed that his exhibit was not  
given the sweepstake prize he was  
more so at the fact that Yakima  
county did not receive it when it was  
awarded the sweepstakes won by  
one-sixteenth of one point.

While conceded a fine car of fruit  
it was however discovered that over  
one hundred apples in plain sight  
showed a speck pronounced by ex-  
perts as bitter or Baldwin rot, a fun-  
gus disease that is also contagious.  
The judges who were nearly all east-  
ern men were unacquainted with this  
fact and it was owing to this lack of  
knowledge that the prize went there.  
The carload of winesaps that Wenat-

chee was so proud of and which they  
considered the prize car on the  
grounds was found to be water cored  
throughout.

"From the very first," says Mr.  
Sawyer, "we recognized that we had  
been competing, and after looking  
the entire exhibit over I stated to Mr.  
Hill who was there with a car of  
Spitz from the Selah, that I thought  
it lay between his apples and mine  
and that if the sweepstakes went to  
him that I would feel that he was  
justly entitled to the prize. The  
judges were unquestionably conscien-  
tious and honest in their work, but in  
the opinion of most of the fruit men  
on the grounds were not qualified to  
pass on western fruit. For instance  
Mr. Van Deeman first gave me 9 on  
size then cut me to 7, giving me a  
perfect score as far as coloring and  
quality were concerned.

Off for the East.  
"Next week I start for Philadel-  
phia with a mixed car of Rome  
Beauties, Spitz, Grimes Golden, Dela-  
ware Reds and Jonathan and will put  
the apples on exhibition for a while.  
The carload has already been sold at  
very satisfactory prices. I will take  
along the two banners won at the  
Spokane show. On my way I will  
stop in Chicago and get in touch with  
the irrigation show managers and en-  
deavor to enlist their support in a  
plan to get the National Apple show  
to Chicago another year. It seemed  
to be the general opinion at Spokane  
that the entire northwest would re-  
ceive wonderful benefits if the eastern  
people were given the opportunity of  
seeing what a wonderful fruit country  
the Pacific coast is."

Mr. Sawyer is taking with him an  
enlarged photograph, done in colors,  
of his prize car of Grimes Golden  
apples as it appeared on exhibition  
at the apple show, which he will have  
framed at St. Paul and which he will  
present to President Elliott. Mr. El-  
liott took a decided interest in the  
show and to him much of its success  
is attributed.

### FEAR RANCH SOLD.

New Owner Will Make It Into Model  
Stock Farm.

Buying at \$2400 eight years ago  
and selling a day or two ago for \$16,-  
000 is the experience of S. Fear of the  
lower Ahtanum with his eighty acre  
ranch. Mr. Fear believed at the  
time that he was paying enough for  
land in that locality but he has dem-  
onstrated that it could be made a  
money maker and was not at all  
anxious to let go of it until he got  
his price. Recently H. Eno decided  
that he wanted just such a place for  
stock raising and dairying and came  
through with the consideration. Mr.  
Eno is a good judge of values too,  
having for the past 20 years been a  
resident of the Ahtanum valley as  
manager for the Walker ranch. He  
proposes to secure some fine animals  
for his new place and make a spec-  
ialty of blooded stock.

Mr. Fear, believing that he and his  
wife have earned a respite from labor  
will remove to Seattle to spend their  
declining years.

Max Heindel, who is to deliver a  
course of free lectures here, will ar-  
rive about Monday. Announcement  
will be made later regarding the lec-  
tures.

### JOY OF WEALTH HITS GERMANY.

All Forms of Luxury Attractive and  
Spending Money a  
Delight.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—The "joy of  
wealth" has entered into the life of  
Germany, according to Baron Pierre  
de Coubertin, who has written an ar-  
ticle for the Revue pour les Fran-  
cais.

"I have previously attempted to  
show how the fundamental stability of  
England has remained intact," he  
writes. "Now, after a prolonged stay  
in various parts of Germany. I have  
brought back a diametrically opposite  
opinion from that country. There  
everything is altered, because the  
angle from which life is viewed is an  
entirely new one—an unexpected an-  
gle which has not been drawn with  
the compass of the past and with  
which, none the less the public mind  
shows itself extremely pleased, be-  
ing delighted to use it today, at the  
risk, perhaps, of abusing it tomorrow."

"If a name must be given to this  
angle I should not hesitate to call it  
the angle of the joy of wealth. And  
let there be no mistake. The joy of  
wealth is not the pursuit of it. The  
pursuit of riches began in Germany  
on the morning of the war in 1870;  
the joy of them might never have  
come. There are nations who have  
labored for centuries to build up enor-  
mous fortunes and which have not  
yet learned to enjoy them.

"Not a single American seems to  
have found a source of delight in the  
almighty dollar. All that it gives him  
is a sense of power; he derives from  
it an increase of vitality and, as it  
were a patent of super-humanity. That  
is what the American seeks. The  
Englishman more simply seeks in  
money a means of action, and the  
Frenchman looks above all else for  
security, and when he has found it  
his productive energy weakens. The  
Viennese finds in wealth a means to  
pleasure—but if you think and ob-  
serve you will not discover many na-  
tions who veritably possess the 'joy  
of wealth.'"

"Now, the Germans are such a na-  
tion. A gilded reality fills their hori-  
zon as they emerge from the valley  
of iron which had led them far away  
from the somewhat foggy regions  
where they had so long lived. If  
they are studied closely it is seen that,  
from high to low, they have an in-  
tense delight in having and spending.  
This is evident in the monuments they  
erect, the houses they build, the shops  
they use, and the gratitude they give.

### Germans Eager for Novelty.

"They wish to try everything—  
theatres, motor cars, toilets—luxury  
in every form attracts them, and the  
higher up the social ladder they  
mount the stronger is the taste for re-  
finement. I say the taste and not the  
need. The need has not yet come,  
but the taste is its forerunner, and  
there is a chance that the one will  
create the other. But not a certainty;  
for up to now this taste appears only  
to spring from a vast desire for os-  
tentation—ostentation towards others  
and towards themselves, for it is  
agreeable to prove to yourself that  
you are in a position and know how  
to spend."

"Hitherto the German did not  
despise wealth—what man does  
despise wealth—what man does  
despise it, in the exact sense of the  
word—but he did not set a high  
value upon it, and placed many other  
objects that were more in harmony  
with his instincts before the care of  
acquiring or keeping a fortune. He  
thus preserved a certain simplicity of  
manners and customs, even a certain  
roughness, eminently qualified to as-  
sist the progress of the race and the  
maintenance of a high level of vir-  
tue. What will happen now?"

"The good La Fontaine has put into  
fable the eternal truth that he who  
possesses is no longer a free agent.  
To be absolutely correct he ought to  
have added: 'He who is happy in  
possessing.' For then he does not  
know how to risk his money or for-  
gets the way. The habit of risking  
is nowadays the principal if not the  
only moral counterpoise to fortune.  
And a large measure of the resistant  
force of Anglo-Saxon civilization is  
derived from this habit."

"Another interesting phenomenon is  
that the fact of ardently enjoying ac-  
quired wealth tends to keeping it and  
discourages increasing it, at least  
by regular and laborious means. In  
any case there is a danger for public  
morality as well as a slackening of  
the springs of energy. Wherefore the  
delight in riches which pervades the  
new Germany can scarcely fail to act  
upon her as an emollient and to loos-  
en the bowstring of her policy, which  
ought always to be kept taut."

### CITY CAMPAIGN HEADQUARTERS

Republicans Establish Themselves in  
Miller Building—Something  
Doing.

Republican headquarters for the  
city campaign will be opened today at  
313 Miller building and either a sec-  
retary or some member of the local  
committee will be in charge. It is un-  
derstood that the principal fight will  
be made on the mayoralty race in  
which C. E. Lum is the Republican  
nominee against the present incum-  
bent, Mayor P. M. Armbruster on the  
business men's ticket. Mr. Lum is  
being backed by the county central  
committee and everything points to a  
lively campaign from this point on to  
the finish.

To Sail for the Canal Zone or Ni-  
caragua Pending Receipt of Re-  
quired Information.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Prepa-  
rations are being made for 400  
marines to sail from Philadelphia Sat-  
urday either for the canal zone or  
Nicaragua if developments in the situ-  
ation there within the next few days  
require such a course. All depends  
upon the action taken by the state  
department which is marking time  
ending in the receipt of additional  
details of the killing of the two Ameri-  
cans, Grace and Cannon. The marines  
which will leave Saturday originally  
was intended to relieve those now in  
the canal zone and if necessary these  
later can be taken to Nicaragua.

WE  
NEED  
WHAT YOU  
HAVE TO  
SELL

WE  
DELIVER  
IN  
THE  
COUNTRY

## Marsden & Rounds

"THE GROCERS"

You Will Like to Deal With Us  
Make This Store Your Headquarters

Phone 911  
116 E. Yakima Ave. Opp. The Emporium

### DENIAL MADE BY BALLINGER

Ballinger Brands Published Charges  
as Deliberate Falsifications in  
His Public Answer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 19.—  
Replying to the charges made in a  
magazine, Secretary Ballinger today  
denied the many reports recently cir-  
culated regarding the conduct of his  
department.

"To say I ever advised or ordered  
or lent support to any effort to per-  
petrate fraud upon the government,"  
he said, "is not only false, but inten-  
tionally so, if made by anyone who  
has taken the trouble to inquire into  
the facts."

In explanation of the charges in  
connection with the Alaskan coal  
lands, he went into the history of the  
President's withdrawal from entry of  
all coal lands of Alaska in 1906,  
showing that the order was so mod-  
ified by Secretary Garfield as to val-  
idate all applications made prior to  
May 16, 1907.

### Goes Into History.

He then called attention to the fact  
that in the annual report of 1907, as  
Commissioner General of the land  
office, he recommended action by con-  
gress to prevent any formation of a  
combination or trust by claimants of  
the coal lands, and adds:

"The anti-trust clause of the Alas-  
ka Coal Act, passed May 28, 1908,  
was not submitted by Gifford Pinchot,  
but by Representative Parson, of  
New York, and was favorably con-  
sidered and endorsed by the secretary  
in his report to congress."

Ballinger then states no Alaska coal  
lands have been patented, and in-  
vestigation of all such claims has been  
vigorously prosecuted. Ballinger de-  
nounced as "a plain, ordinary falsi-  
fication," the report that he was in-  
terested in the Alaska Petroleum &  
Coal company.

There is every prospect at this  
time that those who have not already  
registered for the city election will  
get no opportunity to register for  
the local option election. If the city  
council calls a special election to get  
an opinion from citizens on the bond  
issue this fact will curtail, if it does  
not altogether cut out, the time in  
which the city clerk may keep the  
registration books open.

## Window Glass

Of All Kinds Always  
in Stock

## A Large Stock of Building Paper

On Hand at All Times

## Hellieson Lumber Co.

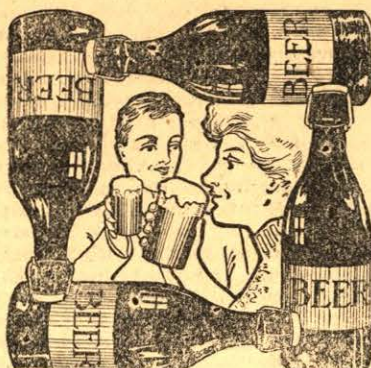


### A GOOD FRONT

Everyone is ambitious to put  
up a "good front," none more so  
than your laundry man. We  
have the best appliances and the  
finest we put on a shirt or shirt-  
waist will make them look well  
twice as long as half-way work  
and wear much better. The  
same care is given to all our  
work. Try us.

### Read's Steam Laundry.

MARSHALL S. SCUDDER, Prop  
Phone 361. First and A



—DRINK—

## YAKIMA BEER

IT IS THE BEST

Give us an Order for the Delivery of a case.

To be found at any of the following places:

Westside  
Exchange  
Owl  
Varian  
Cosy Corner  
Enterprise

Kensington  
Yakima  
Washington  
Sherman  
Bartholet

Van Diest  
H. Noll  
Madden  
Palace  
Bodega  
Warwick

During the hot days call at

## Case's Drug Store

For all kinds of Soft Drinks

"The Coolest Place in Town"



# We are on Our Way to THE STAR

We are going to relieve them  
of some of the Celebrated  
**Hart, Schaffner &  
Marx Suits and  
Overcoats**

We have Worn this make and  
known they are not only **GOOD**  
but the **BEST DEPEND MER-  
CHANDISE** the Market Affords  
They are the strongest Over-  
coat and Suit House in the City

TRY THE  
**STAR CLOTHING CO.**

114 YAKIMA AVENUE



## OFFICES TO BE HERE.

North Coast to Put Up Structure to Be  
for Temporary Use of Officials.

Construction will soon be started on  
a modern brick building which will be  
used as the temporary offices of the  
North Coast railroad officials. A build-  
ing permit was issued yesterday to P.  
J. Eschbach to erect a brick building  
on lot 25, block 49, North Second  
street, between A and B streets. The  
building is to be used as the tempo-  
rary offices of the North Coast here

and will cost in the neighborhood of  
\$1500. While the cost of the structure  
is only nominal, that very fact augurs  
well for the often repeated supposition  
that the North Coast company intends  
to make North Yakima an important  
point on the line and the center of  
traffic. The structure will be small,  
but will be modern and of brick.

### May Be Headquarters.

Very little information could be ob-  
tained from the local offices with re-  
gard to the plan to establish tempo-  
rary headquarters here.

It is believed by local business men

that it is the purpose of the North  
Coast to establish an office which will  
be maintained in the temporary build-  
ing until a larger and more imposing  
structure can be built, and which  
would be more likely to accommodate  
the larger offices which it is expected  
the company will open here.

It is also believed locally that the  
North Coast is intending to make  
North Yakima a headquarters for the  
surrounding country and that the of-  
fices here will be, like the road, a feed-  
er for the branch lines that will be run  
into the different districts.

## BANK STATEMENTS SHOW BIG GAIN

Total Deposits in Five North Yakima  
Banks are Over Four Millions.

With a total of \$4,295,694.54 in de-  
posits in the bank of North Yakima,  
according to the last statement given  
out November 16, there is a gain of  
\$1,002,342.82, or practically 25 per cent  
as compared with the statement made  
November 27, 1908. This statement  
ranks North Yakima as one of the  
foremost cities of the country when  
the consideration of the comparative  
population is taken into consideration.  
There is probably no city of the size  
of North Yakima in the United States  
that shows the gain and the amount  
of total deposits in the banks that  
this city does. Even since September  
1, when the last statement was made  
as ordered by the United States bank  
examiner, the banks have shown a  
material gain in the amount of de-  
posits. The total gain for that period  
is \$223,632.57.

### Per Capita of \$268.10.

On November 27 of last year the  
banks of the city had total deposits to  
the amount of \$3,293,351.72, which  
since that time there has been an ad-  
vance which is only equalled by the  
growth of the surrounding country.

Taking 15,000 as the estimated popu-  
lation of the country served by these  
five banks and the total deposits as a  
basis, the total amount of money here  
per capita would be \$268.10.

### Reserve Fund High.

There is probably no better method  
of getting at the real prosperity of a  
district than by taking the amount  
of bank deposits as a basis. The fact  
that there has been such a material  
advance in bank deposits and the fact  
that \$250,000 has been put into sub-  
stantial homes in North Yakima dur-  
ing the past year makes the prosperity  
of the district all the more apparent.

Another feature of the statements  
of the five North Yakima banks is the  
per cent of reserve funds on hand.  
The total reserve funds on hand  
amounts to 41 per cent of the depos-  
its. The per cent of reserve in the dif-  
ferent banks is as follows: First Na-  
tional, 35 per cent; Yakima National,  
53 per cent; Yakima Valley, 33 per  
cent; Yakima Trust company, 39 per  
cent; Farmers and Merchants', 39 per  
cent. The greatest per cent of gain  
in deposits for the year is probably  
shown by the Yakima Trust company.

### Bank Deposits.

The deposits in the different banks,  
as shown by the statement issued No-  
vember 16, is as follows:  
First National .....\$1,895,002.58  
Yakima National ..... 1,513,082.65  
Yakima Valley ..... 491,040.46  
Yakima Trust company.. 305,327.47  
Farmers and Merchants' 91,216.38

Total deposits .....\$4,295,694.54

Frank Corliss and wife have filed  
a dedication of an alley to the city.  
They have platted a block of prop-  
erty on Spokane avenue.

## BANNER YEAR OF NEW RESIDENCES.

Conservative Estimate Puts Total Cost  
of Dwellings Erected at \$250,000.

From information taken from rec-  
ords in the office of Building Inspec-  
tor George E. Wise and from esti-  
mates made by the lumbermen of the  
city, the consensus of opinion is that  
a conservative estimate of the cost of  
the private residences built in North  
Yakima during the fiscal year ending  
last Saturday would be \$250,000. Since  
the establishment of the building in-  
spector's office last May 219 permits  
have been issued for building. Mr.  
Wise states that about 100 of that  
number were residences. These rec-  
ords, however, only include the time  
from the creation of the office of  
building inspector, May 23, to the  
present time. The average cost of  
the residences put up during that time  
would be about \$2,000. That is the  
average cost as estimated by the lum-  
bermen of the city, who are in close  
touch with all building in the city.  
According to the records at the of-  
fice of the building inspector the av-  
erage cost would be about \$1500.

It is generally considered, however,  
that the estimated cost of a structure,  
as given to the building inspector, pri-  
or to the erection of the building, is  
about 20 per cent lower than the ac-  
tual cost. This is the basis upon  
which the officers of a building and  
loan association usually arrive at the  
final cost of a structure. The total  
estimated cost of the 100 residences  
for which permits were issued by the  
building inspector is approximately  
\$160,000. Adding the 20 per cent ad-  
ditional that would bring the total to  
\$192,000. That would make the av-  
erage cost of a residence of the class  
that has been put up in the city dur-  
ing the past year at about \$1920. That  
is close to the average struck by the  
mill and lumbermen. The building  
inspector and the lumbermen believe  
that \$50,000 is a fair estimate of the  
amount of money put exclusively in  
residences from last November until  
the opening of the building inspector's  
office last May. That would bring  
the total amount put exclusively in  
residences for the fiscal year at  
\$250,000, which amount is generally  
considered to be conservative.

### Yakima City of Homes.

"The past year has been one of the  
most active in building of residence  
property since I came here nearly  
three years ago," said William T.  
Hines, retail manager of the Cascade  
Lumber company. "As far as I know  
this year has been the best in that line  
that North Yakima has had so far.  
But the feature that appears to me  
as being most important is that the  
quality of residences put up is of the  
better class. In any section of the  
city one notices that new homes have  
been put up or are now undergoing  
construction."

"There is still an interest shown in  
building," said Inspector Wise. "July  
was the banner month, but if the

weather holds good work will be done  
on dwellings the year round. There is  
much to be done."

More than \$12,200 has been spent  
since last May on repairs to buildings,  
not including business blocks and  
stores.

### Better Class Building.

H. M. Hellisen of the H. M. Helli-  
sen Lumber company believes that the  
average cost of residences built in  
North Yakima during the past year  
would be about \$2000. That he con-  
siders would be a very conservative  
estimate.

"The better class of building would  
cost from \$2000 to \$3000," said Mr.  
Hellisen today. "While the number  
of buildings costing from \$2000 up  
would be about equal to the number  
of buildings costing from \$1000 to  
\$1500, there are a large number of  
buildings that cost as high as from  
\$7000 to \$10,000 that have been put  
up in North Yakima during the past  
year. The price of these residences  
brings up the general average cost."

### No Cheap Houses.

"There are very few cheap buildings  
going up in North Yakima," said T. E.  
Manning of the St. Paul & Tacoma  
Lumber company. "People have seen  
the futility of putting up a structure  
for a home that will soon have to be  
made over again. There are very few  
residences that cost less than \$1800  
being built here any more. The  
average cost of homes constructed in  
North Yakima during the year just  
past would be from \$2000 to \$2500.  
Taking the amount of lumber used in  
the city during the year as a basis and  
judging from what I know of the  
building being carried on, I would say  
that \$250,000 would be a conservative  
estimate of the cost of home building  
here during the past year. That is  
for homes exclusively."

Mr. Manning gave his figures with-  
out having consulted anyone regard-  
ing them and they practically coincide  
with those already given.

"Second Time Winner at Apple  
Show," says the Wenatchee World in  
large letters, printed in green type,  
seven columns in length across the  
face of its Friday issue. One sentence  
of the news story in the Wenatchee  
World explains a whole lot. It reads:  
"What is known as the Wenatchee dis-  
trict to as far north as Kelowna, B. C.,  
practically sweeps everything." If  
they had come as far south they would  
have had Yakima and Hood River.

Further returns from the potato  
fields which were undug prior to the  
late freeze indicate that the damage  
is more general than was at first be-  
lieved. A Selah tract of four and a  
half acres which the owner started  
to dig on Saturday was abandoned  
an hour or two later as not being  
worth the effort.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hulbert of Wis-  
consin and Mr. Geo. Dunlap of Se-  
attle, who have been recent guests of  
Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Hayes, have return-  
ed to their home in the east.

## THANKSGIVING IS OVER

and really we found so many things to be thankful for. For instance

The Things That a Man With a Mon-  
arch Range in His Kitchen Was Thank-  
ful for:

### It Pleases His Wife Thoroughly

A woman who uses a MONARCH Range  
is more than merely satisfied. She is  
pleased—enthusiastic about it. She ap-  
preciates that she has a Range far super-  
ior in every respect to the so-called  
"Steel Range" that her friends are using

### Cooks His Meals Promptly and Perfectly

No unexpected delay because "the oven  
wouldn't heat." No spoiled meats that  
are usually blamed on the cook when  
the range is really at fault.

### Uses So Little Fuel It Pays For Itself

Here's the important thing. This  
makes the MONARCH the Range for  
poor and rich alike. It saves its own  
cost in a short time; and continues to  
save, year after year. It's an invest-  
ment that yields big returns regularly.

Some Features of the Monarch Range  
That Made the Woman Who Uses  
One Truly Thankful—

### The Polished Top

Never requires any stove blacking. Yet  
it is always in perfect condition—clean  
and shiny.

### Wellsville Steel Body

Always retains its splendid finish with-  
out the use of stove blacking or paint.  
Most lasting material known for Range.

### The Duplex Draft

A device found on the MONARCH alone  
which does away with sifting ashes and  
keeps the oven uniformly heated.

### An Air-Tight Oven

With patent non-warping bottom seams  
can never open up to admit drafts,  
ashes and dust as in so-called "Steel  
Range," assuring perfect baking which  
can be done only in an air-tight oven.

### Lower Warming Closet

A convenient storage compartment un-  
derneath the oven. With the door open  
it heats the kitchen like a base burner  
and can't interfere at all with the  
baking oven.

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for the reason that they are sound, sweet, tender, juicy—every way desirable. Of course it's to our interest, as well as yours, to have no stale stock on hand—we have not. It's the eternal cry of the fresh and succulent we bend our best efforts to answer. How well we do it is shown by our long list of long time customers. Our list awaits your name with welcome.

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## APPLE SHOW TO MOVE EAST

## ENGLISH PEERS GIVEN LASHING

### PROBABLY AS FAR AS CHICAGO

### ROSEBERRY CAUSES UPROAR

W. P. Romans Says That Fruit Producers are Anxious to Have it in a Larger City.

Hints That Adoption of Landowner's Resolution May Prove Ruinous to Kingdom.

W. P. Romans, who was at Spokane at the National Apple show as a representative from this county has returned and says that the Yakima fruit was all sold out at excellent prices, the lowest figure being \$2.25 per box and running from that up to \$5.00 per box. He says further that on advertising Yakima got the cream of the benefit from the apple fair, as it has the largest exhibit and fortunately its carload lots were altogether, while its box exhibits were scattered everywhere throughout the exhibit space. Visitors, he said, got the idea that Yakima was the real thing and the only real thing in the way of a wholesale fruit growing section.

The National Apple show, Mr. Romans says, has seen its day in Spokane and will hereafter be found further east. The majority of the growers prefer Chicago. There are hundreds of growers who will exhibit in that city who will make no effort to reach Spokane. The cost of going to Chicago will be little more than of going to Spokane and will be borne in part by their respective communities. They will in Chicago get better prices for their fruit. There are hundreds of jobbers there and the wholesale men will either have to pay up well or see the fruit distributed direct from the show to the small dealers.

Mr. Romans says that the physical work of judging the fruit was too great for men as old as were the judges and he rather suggests that there was expressed some opposition to the idea of eastern men judging western fruit, the idea being that eastern men are not posted as to western standards. This, however, was not frequently heard. Many people were dead in earnest in finding out about this country and there was found a wondrously large element anxious to procure data "to send to friends in the east who want to know about Yakima." Much literature was distributed and Mr. Romans says that despite frequent searches among that thrown away and ground under foot he found none of the Yakima publications.

Mr. Romans was modest when questioned about his own colored photographs of Yakima trees and scenes. From other sources, however, The Herald learns that these pictures attracted a great deal of attention.

## MORE POWER SITES CLOSED TO ENTRY

Federal Government Reserves Additional Land From Entry on Headwaters of Klickitat.

More water power sites have been withdrawn from entry by the department of the interior. The sites withdrawn this time are in the headwaters of the Klickitat river just west of the reservation but within the borders of Yakima county. Notice of this withdrawal was received by the local land office Wednesday from Washington. The notice which was notice of temporary power site withdrawal No. 53 said in part that in aid of proposed legislation affecting the disposal of water power sites on the public domain the land described below had been withdrawn from all forms of entry, selection, disposal and settlement or location and that all existing claims filings and entries involving any of these lands had been temporarily suspended. The lands are as follows:

Township 9, n. r. 11 e.; section 1: sw 1-4 of Ss 1-4; sec. 12: ne 1-4 of se 1-4; section 14: sw 1-4 of ne 1-4, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4 and se 1-4 of sw 1-4; section 15: sw 1-4 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4; section 24: lot 2 nw 1-4 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4; section 25: sw 1-4 of ne 1-4; se 1-4 of sw 1-4; section 26: sw 1-4 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4. Township, N. r. 13 e. Section 7: sw 1-4 of sw 1-4; section 18: ne 1-4 of nw 1-4; section 19 w 1-2 of se 1-4. This is 720 acres in all running along the line of the stream and embracing each bank.

**NEW ENTERPRISE OPENED.**  
 Full Complement of Experienced Help and Up-to-date Machinery.

The Parisian Dye Works is the name of a new concern just opened for business in the old laundry at 127 South Second street. F. L. Washburn and V. L. Spring, two enterprising young men are at the head of the business. These gentlemen feeling there was an opening for a large establishment of this character, showed their faith in the scheme by purchasing a lot of the best machinery in the lines of cleaning and dyeing that they were able to get. This has been installed and skilled workmen put in charge, and new business is wanted to keep it running. Not satisfied with the idea of waiting for business to come to them they have purchased a trolley wagon outfit and are now soliciting in all parts of the city.

The equipment is one of the best in the northwest and there is little doubt but the North Yakima public will appreciate a plant of this magnitude by sending any fabrics that need cleaning or dyeing to the Parisian Dye Works.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Lord Roseberry today raised the historic struggle between the House of Lords and the House of Commons to a new plane by one of the finest speeches he ever delivered. He warned the Lords of the grave risk they were running if they adopt Lord Lansdowne's resolution to reject the financial budget.

Interest in today's debate is intense. There was not enough room to seat the peers and the galleries were crowded with peeresses, many of whom were compelled to stand through the session.

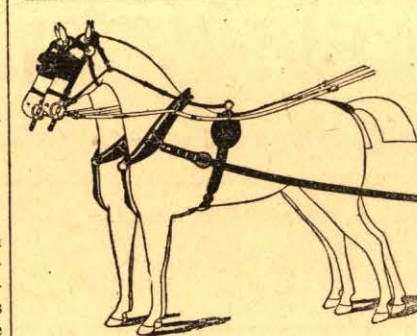
Lord Roseberry followed Lord Salisbury, who spoke in support of Lansdowne's resolution and the Archbishop of Canterbury, who declared the bishops stand aside from discussion of the question because it was of strictly a party character.

Roseberry declared: "This is the greatest political moment in the lifetime of any man born since 1832." He admitted that by the letter of the law Lords are competent to reject finance bills. He said, however, in doing so they played for heavy stake and were risking the very existence of the House of Lords itself. Roseberry believed that the winning policy would be to allow the budget bill to pass and give the country six months experience of its intolerable positions, loss of capital and employment. Then, he predicted, they would achieve, when they next approached the polls, a victory that would surprise themselves.

The speaker denounced the budget in the strongest terms, declaring one maxim that burned into them by bitter experience was that there should be no taxation without representation. "Disregard for that maxim," he said, "lost us the United States of America and we are not likely to offend against it again."

Roseberry said the budget taxed the lords freely and abundantly without their having a word to say, or a vote in the matter. After expressing regret he could not support the resolution Roseberry resumed his seat. There was an immediate exodus of peers to discuss the situation in lobbies and although the debate continued until midnight the rest of the speeches took rather the form of an anti-climax.

Wanted—200 stock hogs weighing from 40 to 100 lbs. D. S. Beardsley & Son. Nov. 27



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Petitions have been filed with Secretary Krumler of the school board nominating A. E. Knerr and O. A. Fechter for positions on the school board. The election is to be early in December. Three positions are to be filled and there are four men, so far, in nomination. Richard Winsor, Jr., and B. F. Bivins are the others.

## Legal Notices

### SUMMONS FOR PUBLICATION.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for Yakima County.

C. P. Wilcox and Hannah Wilcox, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. E. P. Cadwell and Jane Doe Cadwell, husband and wife, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

The State of Washington to E. P. Cadwell and Jane Doe Cadwell, husband and wife, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear in the above entitled action within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty (60) days after the 30th day of October, 1909, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned, attorneys for the plaintiffs, at their office hereinafter stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of this action is to exclude the defendants and each of them from any interest or lien in or to or upon the following described land in Yakima county, Washington, to-wit:

Commencing at the northeast corner of lot 21 in Summit View Acre Tracts, as shown by the original plat of said tract, in the office of the county auditor of Yakima county, Washington on May 31st, 1889, running thence north 185 feet, thence south 86 degrees 20 minutes west, 264.4 feet, to a point on the west line of lot 19, as shown by said plat, a distance of 192 feet south of the northwest corner of said lot 19, thence north 87 degrees west, 334.6 feet to a point distant 175 feet south of the north line of lot 16, as shown by said plat, thence west 60 feet to the west line of said lot 16 as shown by said plat, thence south 135 feet to the northwest corner of lot 25, as shown by said plat, thence east along the north boundary line of lots 25, 24, 23, 22 and 21 of Summit View Acre Tracts, to the point of beginning.

McAULAY & MEIGS, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

P. O. Address 516 Miller Building, North Yakima, Washington. Nov. 6-Dec. 11.

### SUMMONS FOR PUBLICATION.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for Yakima County.

William F. Weimar, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Orlando Parker and Alice Carter, heirs at law of Armeta J. Parker, deceased, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described herein, to-wit: Northwest quarter of southeast quarter of section twenty-eight (28), township fourteen (14) north, range seventeen (17), E. W. M., in Yakima county, Washington.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear in the above entitled action within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Within sixty days from the 20th day of November, 1909, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiffs at their office below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of this action is to exclude the defendants and each and all of them from any interest or lien upon the following described property situated in Yakima county, Washington, to-wit: Northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-eight (28), township fourteen (14) north, range seventeen (17), E. W. M., and to quiet the title to said described property in the plaintiffs.

(Signed) McAULAY & MEIGS, Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Postoffice address 516 Miller Building, North Yakima, Washington. Nov. 20-Jan 1

### ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON PETITION TO SELL REAL ESTATE.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington in and for Yakima County, In Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John L. Bankerd, deceased.

It appearing to the court that Geo. F. McAulay, as administrator of the estate of John L. Bankerd, deceased, has filed his petition herein praying for an order of this court for the sale of the real property of said estate hereinafter described, for the purposes therein set for.

It is hereby ordered, That all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before this court on the 21st day of December, 1909, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court room of said court in North Yakima, Yakima county, Washington, to show cause, if any they have, why an order should not be granted to the said administrator to sell the said property of said deceased, and

It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks prior to said 21st day of December, 1909, in the Yakima Democrat, a weekly newspaper printed and published and of general circulation in said Yakima county.

The real estate hereinbefore referred to is particularly described as follows: to-wit: North half of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 8, township 9 north, range twenty-three, E. W. M., in Yakima county, Washington.

E. B. PREBLE, Judge.

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Office Hrs 11 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m.

Res. 203 N. Fourth Street—Phone 431

DR. W. H. CARVER,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office Room 12 Yakima National Bank Bldg.

Office Phone 1501

Residence Phone 1503

Residence 416 South Second Street.

DR. P. FRANK

Physician and Surgeon.

Office over First National Bank

hours: 11 to 12 a. m. 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Office Phone 251.—Dr. Frank's res. phone 431

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# We Are Closing Out Every Man's Suit and Overcoat Regardless of Former Price or Value!

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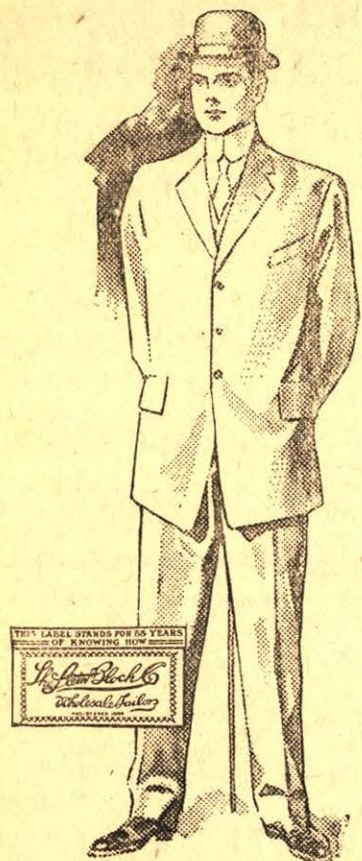
**\$5.25 \$9.75 \$12.50 \$16.25 \$20.00**

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**Absolutely No Garment Over \$20.00**

All \$20.00 to \$35.00 Suits and Overcoats go at **\$5.25, \$9.75, \$12.50, \$16.25 and \$20.00**



### Art Goods for the Holidays

Pillow Tops, Tie Racks, Laundry Bags, Receipt Books, Cloth Fruit Lable Books, Centerpieces and Dozens of Other Useful and Beautiful Articles to be Embroidered for Holiday Gifts.

**Large Stamped Pillow Tops** in an exceptional variety of floral and other designs, complete with back, worth 75c Special, any Style.....

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We Give Special Attention to Mail Orders.

### Men's Kid Holiday Slippers

**\$1.19**

A special purchase of men's fine Kid Slippers, most appropriate for Holiday Gifts. Colors—Black, Tans, Wines and Green. These slippers were made to sell up to \$2.25. We bought the entire lot from the manufacturer and they go on sale at

**\$1.19 a Pair**

## Clearance Sale of Ladies' New Winter Suits

**At \$8.95, \$12.50 and \$16.75**

Over 150 Beautifully Tailored Suits, Blacks, Burgundies, Browns, Tans, Blues and other popular shades. Materials—Panamas, Serges, Broadcloths and Novelty Fabrics. Coats in popular lengths, 42, 45 and 48 inches. Skirts plain and plaited. Suits that were made to sell at \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00 and \$30.00. On account of our stock being heavier at this season than it should be we are selling these suits at

**\$8.95, \$12.50 and \$16.75**

Holiday Neckwear  
Purses, Hosiery  
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Mail Orders Filled Same Day As Received

Ladies Home Journal Patterns

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### City and County News

Hon. L. O. Meigs has taken his examination as captain in the Washington National Guard.

The death took place Tuesday of Harvey Orcutt, age 14 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Orcutt of South Second avenue.

Delegates from Yakima county to the state Y. M. C. A. convention at Everett will be H. M. Gilbert, L. H. Roberts, Theodore Weisberger, Homer Sence, Ben Sawbridge, G. H. Hafendack and N. F. Turner.

John Cort of Seattle, owner of the Yakima theatre, was in North Yakima Wednesday on his way to Granger to visit a sister. He left behind him some expert advice as to how to host. He recommended the Seattle team.

A verdict of \$10,500 damages was rendered in the superior court Wednesday by a jury in the case of Meacham vs. Wannasey, an action by a white man against an Indian for alienation of the affections of the wife of the plaintiff. The case was frightful in some of its details. The verdict is the largest allowance made for damages in a Yakima court for a great many years.

The largest horned owl of which there is any record in North Yakima was shot a few days ago by W. E. Farrington just south of the Moxee bridge and is now at the store of A. S. Harmer, taxidermist, to be mounted. The bird measures 53 1/2 inches from tip to tip of its wings and is a splendid specimen. Mr. Farrington is looking for a bird fancier who is willing to buy it.

Registration of voters for the school election, women as well as men, will close Saturday at 7 o'clock p. m. The registration head-

quarters have been removed from the high school to the office of the Highland Realty company, 118 East Yakima avenue.

Mrs. W. W. Ewing has as her guest Mrs. Brown, a former neighbor at Nome, Alaska. Mrs. Brown is out for the first time in eight years. After spending a few weeks with Mrs. Ewing, she will go to New York.

Articles of incorporation of the Cle Elum Traction company, a \$300,000 transportation company operating between Cle Elum and Roslyn, Kittitas county, have been filed at the county auditor's office in Pierce county. Frank S. and M. E. Farquhar of Tacoma are the trustees and incorporators. The articles state that apart from the connecting line it is proposed to establish branch lines at different points.

L. L. Sharp, chief of the field division of the department of the interior, who is here to inspect the workings of the Sunnyside canal project, left for Sunnyside yesterday, in company with two of the reclamation office employees.

Licenses to hunt have been issued by the county auditor to the following: A. P. Eschbach, G. D. Mesger, K. P. Dooley and Walter Hamilton, of North Yakima; C. D. Ruggles, of Seattle, and Joseph Ellison, of Ellensburg.

Marriage licenses were issued Wednesday to the following: Robert W. Hill and Miss Ada E. Buck, both of North Yakima; Haven G. Ross of Adams, Ore., and Miss Ella Olney of Tappanish and Earl R. Hall and Miss Pearl Hutchings, both of North Yakima.

Mrs. E. C. Van Brunt has gone east for a visit at her old home. The new quarters of the Y. W. C. A. will be supplied with all the fur-

niture and office fixtures they may need by the scholars in the manual training department of the high school. Lumber for the work will be supplied by W. M. Watt.

Mrs. J. Durgan of Ellensburg was in the city yesterday attending to business matters and visiting among friends.

The west side Thanksgiving union services will be held from the church of the Nazarene, at 201 South Ninth avenue, at 10:30 o'clock today.

C. O. Wommack of Mabton has made a voluntary assignment to C. B. Alexander for the benefit of creditors without preference.

There will be an entertainment and basket social at Naches City school house Saturday evening, November 27, at 8 o'clock for the purpose of raising funds for buying a small library, maps, dictionary, etc. All are invited. Admission free.

The Schubert Ladies' Quartette will give a concert in the First Christian church, Monday evening, November 29.

The Dormitory Dining club of the Y. M. C. A. will enjoy a home cooked turkey dinner on Thanksgiving day.

Charles Hopkins arrested in Tappanish by Deputy Andy Wellington charged with theft from a box car pleaded guilty Tuesday and was sentenced by Judge Preble to from two to 15 years in the penitentiary at Walla Walla.

Robert Boughton has purchased 30 acres of James H. Fraser in the Naches. The land will be set to fruit. The purchase price was \$450 per acre. H. P. Svendsen of Spokane is in the city in the interest of the Cascade Lumber company.

Rev. Maurice J. Bywater, archdeacon of Yakima, left yesterday for the coast. Mrs. Bywater and Master

Maurice John, Jr., will join him in a few days.

Bishop Wells, of Spokane, was the guest of Rev. and Mrs. M. J. Bywater Monday at the rectory, 3 South Naches avenue.

Pat J. Lynch left Tuesday for a business trip to Seattle.

Architect John Nash has purchased of Mrs. M. Varce two and one half acres in Fruitvale on the line of the new proposed electric line, and moved his family thereon. Mr. Nash will open an office in the city as soon as the right location can be secured.

The Priest Rapids Water corporation has been incorporated with a capital stock of \$41,600 by Messrs. Jesse H. Rose, R. J. Logan, M. R. Rose, Bernard Wilkinson and Andrew Sandager. The three first named are the directors. The objects of the corporation are ditch construction, water distribution, etc.

L. L. Sharp of Helena, Mont., chief division of the department of the interior, is in North Yakima and is registered at the Hotel Yakima. Mr. Sharp was sent here some time ago to make investigations into the management of the Sunnyside canal according to the promise made by the senate investigation committee to lower valley residents who protested against the manner in which the service was conducted. At that time he made considerable progress and he is now here to further push his inquiries.

P. J. Esbach has taken out a permit to erect a one story brick building on lot 25, block 49, which is between A and B streets on North Second and about opposite to the court house. The building will be used as an office by the North Coast grading contractors.

Charles Hopkins was sentenced by the superior court Tuesday to the

penitentiary at Walla Walla for a term of not less than two nor more than 15 years for burglary of a box car.

C. E. Zirkle returned to North Yakima Tuesday from Spokane where he has been in attendance on the National Apple show.

A. Cheshire Mitchell of Seattle was a North Yakima visitor Tuesday. He is a special representative of the Hotel Savoy. He was in Spokane at the National Apple show and stopped off in North Yakima to become acquainted with this city and especially with its hotel people. Mr. Mitchell had never been in North Yakima before and was greatly pleased to find so progressive a city as this.

Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Pratt were passengers to Seattle on No. 1 Tuesday to spend Thanksgiving day with friends there.

Rev. A. W. Laningham of the Washington Children's Home Finding association went to Tappanish Tuesday to look after a number of children there.

The town division of the Ladies Aid society will not meet this week owing to Thanksgiving.

Dr. A. J. Damman, assistant state veterinarian, was in the lower valley the latter part of last week inspecting a number of horses and mules for shipment into Idaho. He inspected seven carloads of animals, three at Prosser, three at Outlook, and one at Mabton. All were given a clean bill of health.—Ellensburg Record.

H. H. Scudder, who has been representative of the Spokesman-Review in the Yakima valley as its staff correspondent for more than a year, has been transferred to Lewiston, Ida. Mr. Scudder is a careful, painstaking and accurate newspaper worker and ably represented his paper. He is succeeded here by R. L. Roney, editor

of the Washington Fruit Grower, and who did the Spokesman-Review work in this section before the advent of Mr. Scudder.

A decree of divorce was granted Saturday to Elizabeth Randolph from George W. Randolph and she was granted the right to take her former name of Hawk. The couple were married at Colville, Stevens county in July, 1906. At that time, the plaintiff says, she had \$12,000 and seven children. Her husband abandoned and failed to support her.

Licenses to wed have been granted by the county auditor to the following: Clyde Stuart and Miss Henrietta Peck, both of North Yakima; Walter S. Maxwell and Miss Rosa G. Coville, both of Wapato; Dalton A. Pogess and Miss Lucy A. Goodell, both of North Yakima, and Charles W. Keys and Mrs. Ann J. Kelly, both of North Yakima.

Mrs. J. D. Clemmer, who has been spending a few days in Ellensburg, has returned home.

Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Moren has declared that the county commissioners have no authority to appoint a bee inspector, but that such officer, if there be any, must be elected by the people.

James McKinstry, manager of the Ellensburg football team, on behalf of the members of his team, has written a letter of sympathy to Olney Bogges, a member of the local high school football team who is ill.

FOR SALE—A nice, up to date notion, queensware, graniteware and hardware store, doing a good business and in a good location. Will either trade for land or sell for cash. This must be sold within the next 20 days. For full information inquire of owner at 110 So. 2nd St.