

"Hew to the Line, Let the Chips Fall Where They May."

VOL. 16.

NORTH YAKIMA, WASHINGTON, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1908

No. 1

AFTER THE BIG BATTLE

Royal Arch "Cut the Ice" at the G. O. P. Primary
and Put Up Legislative Ticket—Sunnyside
Failed to Get Even a Look In.

The first direct primary under the new law is now a thing of the past in the state of Washington, but it was an occasion that promises to be long remembered by many g. o. p. politicians—stars of different degrees of magnitude, both in the county and state. To many of those who felt that day outside the breastworks it will doubtless always remain a painful memory.

W. L. Jones is apparently the best satisfied man in the entire bunch, at least he ought to be, for but one man out of a half million people in the state of Washington can hope to wear the senatorial toga, and Jones is the lucky man this time.

S. G. Cosgrove, who won the gubernatorial race as against those two hardened old warriors and sworn enemies, Mead and McBride, now feels that his troubles have just begun. It is whispered about that "Farmer" Cosgrove—has already peddled out among his numerous lieutenants most of the choice plums that are to be shaken out of the state patronage tree, but as is usual under such conditions, much grief is likely to follow before the goods can be delivered. It is said that W. W. Robertson of North Yakima and Eugene Lorton of Walla Walla, chief newspaper boosters and to whom the little old man from Pomeroy is unquestionably indebted for his nomination, will be the chief dispensers of state "paw" under the new administration, providing, of course, that the "Farmer" is "going to be your governor, you know," as he himself puts it. In fact, it is already hinted that Col. Robertson is slated for the chairmanship of the state railroad commission, the premier in fact of the administration that is to be—if the old man from Pomeroy don't get ditched on his way to Olympia. As for Lorton, that redoubtable knight of the quill is said to have his eagle eye firmly riveted on the wardenship of the state "pen" at Walla Walla—a position that would enable him to lord it over his implacable enemies in the camp of the Levi, the great defeated.

So far the only fly in the ointment is the possible selection of Coon, the unspeakable, for lieutenant governor. The truth is that Cosgrove is really a sick man, afflicted, according to report, with that dread disease known as diabetes. Should Coon, through any fluke of fate, succeed to the governor's office it would doubtless mean a rude ending to the dream of power formulated by a certain

clique of busy news writers. And Coon isn't quite out of the game yet.

The Sunnyside contingent quite naturally are not satisfied with the shabby treatment accorded them on primary day by the North Yakima "push," for each of them was handed a lemon. Considering the fact that Mr. Jones had no more faithful supporters in the state and that the Sunnyside crowd has stood like a wall of adamant against the wiles of county divisionists, the Sunnyside warriors feel, as they have license to feel—that they were victimized and double-crossed, especially in the legislative deal.

The leaders of the Royal Arch are the most satisfied bunch in the entire g. o. p. camp, for they got everything that they went after, except the selection of "Dad" Doust for justice of the peace, whose political scalp was taken by a queer alliance composed of the city administration and the church people. The Royal Arch put up a legislative slate and the slate went through all right—Cameron for the senate, Meigs and McCredy for the house. Poor Duncan of Sunnyside was slaughtered in the house of his "friends." However, the Royal Arch feel well satisfied with their work and they quite naturally feel elated at their victory over the Anti-Saloon league.

To be sure, McCredy's plurality of ten votes over Cline was a pretty close "squeak," but the Wapato statesman and his friends feel that a miss is as good as a mile and that he is the appointed one. It is understood, however, that Mr. Cline is not satisfied with the result as it now stands, and has retained Attorney Snively to see that he is given a square deal by the board of canvassers, now in session at the court house. It is claimed that a number of votes were thrown out by the election board of Belma precinct that should have been counted for Cline.

The Royal Arch also brought about the nomination of Pat Jordan, tonsorial artist and champion political high diver, for the office of constable. "Pat," it will be remembered, made the flying leap straight from the democratic to the republican primary in order to seize the constableness with its fat salary attached of sixty "plunks" monthly. With all the zeal of the new convert, "Pat" went after the nomination and he got it, of course, for when was a renegade democrat ever known to fail here in Yakima?

they will erect one or more warehouses. W. L. Wright and Robert Johnson are leaders in the movement.

The outlook for a fair price for winter apples is fairly good as there is but a light crop in most of the east.

E. B. JONES RESIGNS.

E. B. Jones has resigned as president of the Eastern Furniture company. He will go to Everett and possibly go into business in that city. Mr. Jones came here from Sunnyside some time ago and organized the Eastern Furniture company, beginning his business on a small scale on the west side. A short time ago his company took over the Lombard & Horsley establishment, enlarged the stock and made other improvements. H. H. Lombard and Frank Horsley retained interests in the business. Since the resignation of Mr. Jones H. H. Lombard has been appointed president of the institution and will hereafter act in that capacity. Mr. Jones leaves tomorrow night for Everett.

YAKIMA INDIAN COMMITTS SUICIDE

Educated Aborigine Takes His Own Life—The First Case on Record in This County.

The remarkable case of an Indian suicide occurred on the Yakima Indian reservation last Tuesday morning about 1 o'clock. It is seldom ever that an Indian becomes so profoundly remorseful or allows himself to be disturbed in conscience as to cause an act of suicide. As a matter of fact there are few cases on record where Indians have taken their own lives, and so far as known the death of Elijah Poyatt by his own hand last Tuesday morning is the first case of its kind among the Yakima Indians.

The deceased was a young man about 26 years old. He had been educated at the Fort Simcoe schools. The incidents immediately preceding his demise indicated that he was greatly troubled in mind, and later developments have proven that this disturbance was due to the fact that he was flat broke. It is said that he drank heavily and had spent all of \$500 belonging to his mother.

Death occurred near the hop house of Moses Sampson in the Simcoe valley on the reservation. Early in the evening the dead Indian rode up to the camp of hop pickers and talked with his uncle, Moses Sampson. He asked for a job and was told to come back the following morning and go to work. He then asked for his mother, but she was not there. Later he came again to the camp and asked to see his mother, but again was told that she had not been in camp. He appeared to be worried about something.

According to the story of Moses Sampson, Poyatt returned to his tent at 5 minutes to 1 o'clock on Tuesday morning and aroused him from sleep. He extended his hand saying to Moses: "Well, this is the last time you will ever see me alive. I'm going now, good bye." As he left Moses' tent he removed his hat and placing it on Moses' head asked him to wear it, that he would have no further use for it.

Two minutes later Moses said that he heard the report of a rifle and when he rushed in the direction of the report in the dark he stumbled over the prostrate body of his nephew near the hop house. He had killed himself by placing the muzzle of a 25-35 rifle to his breast and pulling the trigger. Death was almost instantaneous.

NEW CARS ARRIVE

That the Yakima Valley Transportation company will be operating its street cars as far as the fair grounds in a very few days is an assured fact. That the officials have decided to charge a ten cent fare to and from the grounds during fair week is also an assured fact. "That's fair enough." This decision of the directors was reached after a special meeting called to discuss the question raised several days ago. The company will be placed at considerable additional expense by reason of the anticipated rush during the fair and the necessary enlargement of the force and the operating of additional cars.

Three new cars arrived last Wednesday morning and were launched on the west side tracks and are now undergoing preparation for early commission into service.

The appearance of brand new street cars chasing one another up and down the brand new brick pavement on Yakima avenue gives the city a most metropolitan position among the cities of Washington.

The New York Situation.

Considerable interest was taken by local politicians in the two New York state conventions held this week, democratic and republican. The republicans renominated Gov. Hughes, while the democrats named Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler for governor. Mr. Chanler is the present lieutenant governor.

There will be a bitter contest between the two parties for the control of New York this year and that great state is now very generally recognized as doubtful in the presidential campaign. There is a very strong fight against Hughes by a large section of his own party who dislike his puritanical ideas of public policy and administration. The fact that Roosevelt and Taft forced the renomination of Hughes makes a bitter situation that will certainly make for Bryan's benefit in the presidential race.

CLINE WILL CONTEST McCREDY'S ELECTION

Will Ask for a Recount of the Legislative Ticket—Official Canvass of the Board Gives Wapato Man Greater Lead.

W. H. Cline, of Sunnyside, candidate for republican nomination for representative at the late primaries, is dissatisfied with the count made as returned to the county auditor and through his attorney, H. J. Snively, will, it is said, take the matter into the superior court and ask for a complete recount of the ballots cast in Yakima county for representatives on the republican ticket.

Mr. Cline and his supporters claim that not less than 20 votes cast for him in Belma precinct alone were thrown out by the judges there on the ground that the parties acting them had voted for Cline alone and not for two candidates for representative, as per instructions printed on the ballot. The contention of Mr. Cline is that this provision of the primary law is merely advisory and is not mandatory on the voter and assumes that the court will uphold this contention.

The unofficial plurality of McCredy over Cline was 10 votes. This was increased to 15 on the official count made this week, an error having been found in the count as returned from the first ward of this city. The vote as it now stands is McCredy 1171, Cline 1156.

JACK SPLAWN CALLS FOR ORGANIZATION

Must Organize to Get Results—Attributes His Defeat to Lack of Concerted Action On the Part of Democrats.

Senator Splawn, while by no means elated over the result of the recent democratic primary and feeling that he was not given a square deal by a number of Yakima democrats who participated in the republican primary, is nevertheless not a bit sore over the result. He attributes his "throw down" here at home not to any feeling of ill will or lack of confidence in himself as a candidate for governor but to a very general misunderstanding of the situation on the part of many local democrats who seemed to labor under the delusion that Mr. Splawn was sure of winning the nomination for governor anyway, and that Mr. Jones with a really hard fight on his hands needed their support. As the sequel proved the very opposite of such a situation really existed. Jones did not need their votes and Splawn certainly did, but as he himself laughingly says, he doesn't need them now. The crying need of the democratic party both in the county and state, Mr. Splawn says, is organization. To promote such a desirable end and to make a beginning, he says every democrat of North Yakima and surrounding country should not fail to attend the meeting of the Bryan-Splawn club at the court house next Monday evening and begin the necessary work of organization. He thinks also that a Bryan and Kern club should be organized in every precinct of Yakima county at once, as has been urged by this paper.

PLAY WAR DANCE ENDS IN LOSS OF BOY'S EYE

As the result of a play Indian war dance in which he and Willard Bryson were the principals, Edwin Day, eight years old and the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Day, of North Third street, is minus the use of one eye, it having been shot out by a shot from an air gun in the hands of Willard Bryson. The accident occurred Saturday when the two boys were playing in the yard of the Day home at 315 North Third street. Both boys were highly excited over the war dance which they were endeavoring to picture.

Willard Bryson, holding the air rifle, became extremely so and apparently without thinking what he was doing, hit his playmate over the head with the gun, discharging it and causing the shot to penetrate the eye of the Day boy. A physician was summoned. He believes he can save the other eye, although it was thought for a time that the injury to the one might affect both eyes.

TAFT LEADERS FEAR RESULT

Directors of Republican Campaign Making Great Efforts to Stem Tide of Popular Feeling for Bryan in the Middle West and New York State.

There is every indication, judging by the reports of the subsidized press, that the republican campaign leaders in all sections of the country, and especially the immediate directors of the Taft campaign, are greatly frightened over the political situation at the present time. The magnificent receptions that are being accorded Bryan in the east and middle west, and especially the overwhelming ovations that have greeted him in the Empire state (New York) the pivotal state of the union, has caused unusual activity on the part of the republican leaders.

It was not the original program of the republican executive committee that Mr. Taft should make a stumping campaign, but now a marked change has seized upon the plans of the big men, and after a conference it was unanimously decided to let the big fat war secretary take the stump and get busy with his pussy cat voice in defense of the unanswerable and bitter exhortations that are daily being heaped upon him by the Great Nebraskan.

In fact so fearful of the outcome are the republican leaders today that they are calling upon the republican orators from all sections of the country to come

to the aid of their party. Even Ohio, Taft's own state, is now placed in the doubtful column. Congressman Jones has been called from the state of Washington to take the stump in Ohio, and Mr. Jones has signified his intention of accepting the invitation, which, however, is more in the nature of a command than a polite invitation. The man who has just achieved a victory in his race for the senatorial toga has expressed the belief that his party needs him more in Ohio than it does here, and for that reason he has about decided to leave at an early date for the scene of the fierce battle.

Taft's itinerary has been mapped out for him and it covers a great many states that have always been conceded to the republicans. The campaign issue in the east now is: "Shall the president of the United States be given the power to name his successor and thus establish a precedent antagonistic to American traditions, American principles and American government?"

Taft, they claim, was not the choice of the people or even the great leaders of the republican party, but his nomination was dictated and demanded by Theodore Roosevelt.

REGISTER COLEMAN RESIGNS.

Register Z. Y. Coleman of the United States land office, last week forwarded his formal resignation to Washington, D. C., and hopes to be relieved from the duties of the office as soon as possible. Mr. Coleman has accepted the responsible position as manager of the Toppenish Trading company and wishes to assume his duties there as soon as his successor can be named and will qualify.

The most talked of man for his successor is Lee Tittle, present county treasurer, who hopes to fall heir to Mr. Coleman's job, and who is said to have strong local endorsement for the place. However, Mr. Ankeny is still senator and will doubtless in connection with Senator Piles, in their own good time recommend a successor to Mr. Coleman.

Mr. Coleman has made a good record in the land office and is popular with its patrons as he is generally in this community. His many friends regret that he is to leave the city but wish him success in his new undertaking.

Democratic Committeemen.

The following men were chosen in the various precincts as committeemen: Ahtanum, H. E. Crosno. Belma, John Dyas.

Cowiche, A. Druce.

Divide, John Cudihoe. Fairview, L. V. McWhorter. Granger, L. M. Hilton. Hopdale, C. A. Swain. Mabton, R. A. Obrien. Moxee, H. C. Davis. Mt. Adams, John Schuler. Upper Naches, Homer Gray.

North Yakima.

First Ward, W. A. Erwin. Second Ward, W. A. Cox. Third Ward, J. C. Liggett. Fifth Ward, J. V. McCurdy. Sixth Ward, Floyd Hatfield. East Sunnyside, T. C. Williams. Tampico, I. Mondor. Toppenish, W. Lindsey. Wapato, John Rodman. Wenas, C. C. Goodwin. Wheatland, John T. Thompson. Yakima City, Charlie Campbell. Zillah, Amos Busch. East Selah, W. H. Voliva.

Those who witnessed the performance of Buffalo Bill's Wild West show here last Thursday afternoon, were, in the main, disappointed with it as a whole. Some of the features, however, were good, but such a performance would naturally appeal more to an eastern or southern audience than one in the west.

Lower Prices AT MACDONALD'S Lower Prices

New Fall Goods Every Day

Lower Prices Prevail at this Store

Special Opening Sale of New Fall Goods

Dress Goods—38 inches wide, all wool, fancy weaver, red brown, green, navy, black and grey; 65c values, special.....50c

Dress Goods—38 inches; Fine Mohair; solid colors; fancy stripes; 65c values; special.....50c

New Outing Flannels.....10c

New Fleece Serges.....10c

New Idea Patterns.....10c

Warner's Rustproof Corsets.....\$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50

J. J. MACDONALD, 8 South Second St.

U. S. Depository Capital Surplus - - \$250,000.00
Assets - - - - \$1,700,000.00



Banking in all its departments

W. L. STEINWEG, President
CHARLES CARPENTER, Vice-Pres.
A. B. CLINE, Cashier
CHARLES DONOVAN, Asst. Cashier

Established 1885

Steel Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent

REAL

ROSLYN COAL

We are Exclusive Agents for

Yakima-Roslyn Coal Co.

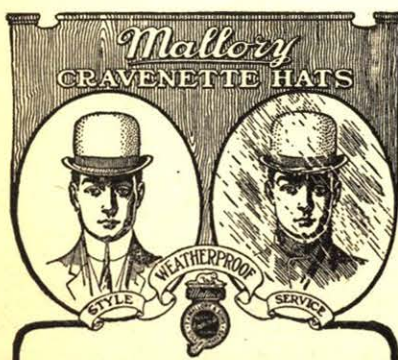
Coal sheds on the ground formerly occupied by the St. Paul & Tacoma Lumber Co. — R. R. Tracks and C street.

Now is the time to fill your bins for winter with the

FAMOUS ROSLYN COAL

All orders will receive prompt attention.

ROSE LAND CO.



Mallory

CRAVENETTE HATS

have style. They are in demand by men who pride themselves on being correct in every detail of their apparel.

They have quality—since 1823 Mallory Hats have held the highest reputation in the hat trade of the country.

Besides—Mallory Cravenette Hats have what no other hat can have, i.e., the weather-proof quality gained by the famous cravenetting process controlled absolutely for hats by E. A. Mallory & Sons, Inc.



Sold By

New Fall Blocks

Now On Sale

Both Soft and Derby

\$3.00

The World Over

Dean Clothing Co.

Exclusive Agents

WANTED—A representative in this county by a large real estate corporation. Special inducements to those who wish to become financially interested. The Real Estate Security Co., Fort Dearborn Building, Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—A few hundred apple, peach, pear and cherry trees; some asparagus; 105 South First street. P. H. How.



Watch paper for date of our grand musical.

KILLED GIGANTIC BEAR

Dr. Herman Westphal of Fort Simcoe Victor Over Bruin Weighing 1000 Pounds.

Dr. Herman Westphal, the government physician at Fort Simcoe who is just now in the city on his vacation, was the hero of one of the most startling bear fights on record, according to a very recent issue of the Anaconda Standard, for the medico, with all the modesty which is characteristic of him, has not been telling any of his numerous friends here about it.

A few weeks ago the Indians reported to him that they had been losing sheep at a scandalous rate, their flocks being devastated by a bear so big that they used the semi-mythical sign talk of the savages in indicating his size. Therefore the doctor picked up his trusty rifle and one day sallied out to get Mr. Bruin, being guided to the lair of the animal by the Indians, who traced him with that unerring instinct which is peculiar to the race.

Were Two Days on the Trail.

The following of the trail took two whole days, but in the end, just as the shades of evening were approaching, the Indians paused, and motioning to the medico, said, "There he sleeps." He has had a gorge of four sheep and an old ram, which he ate, meat, wool and horns. He will not awaken. Go in and kill him."

The lair was in a cottonwood grove, and the doctor approached the place cautiously, while the Indians remained in the background, fearing to come any nearer.

Just as the doctor had crept up to a point within about 15 yards of the monster, he awoke—that is the bear did—the doctor was very much awake at this time—and charging with a roar that almost shook the surrounding hills, the huge beast came for his human enemy with a mien so fierce that even the stout hearted physician was all but unnerved for an instant.

Cartridge Stuck in Gun.

Realizing in a trice, however, that there was no backing out of the meeting, he let drive as soon as the bear got a little closer, and then, to his horror, a cartridge stuck in his gun—he felt the hot breath of the monster on his cheek—and a terrific swipe from the paw of the shaggy brute put him out for several hours.

When the Indians mustered up enough courage to approach the scene of the conflict they found man and bear lying almost side by side, the bear stone dead from the effect of the shot which had reached a vital spot, and the doctor with a broken arm, which had been the effect of the blow from Ursa Major.

After a long, wearisome journey back to the reservation, which was fully 30 miles distant, the wounded man was brought to the hospital, where he received the proper medical treatment. The hide was removed from the great beast and now ornaments the doctor's office, while the huge carcass, which weighed 998 pounds with the pelt off, provided a feast for the bunch of Indians who had acted as guides in tracking down the animal.

SEATTLE BOOSTS FAIR

Chamber of Commerce of That City Advises Residents to Visit Show Here.

C. B. Yandell, secretary of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce, writing to the state fair office here, declares that the Seattle Chamber of Commerce proposes to do all it can to arouse an interest in that city in the approaching state fair here and encloses a resolution adopted by that body at the request of Thomas W. Prosch. The chamber, Mr. Yandell says, will do its best to see that the day set aside as Seattle day is recognized as such by the people of that city. The resolutions referred to are as follows:

"In view of the approach of the Washington State fair at North Yakima, September 28 to October 3, and of the fact that it is an institution in which Seattle, together with all por-

tions of the state is directly interested, therefore, be it

"Resolved, By the Seattle Chamber of Commerce, that all residents of the city who can do so, be urged to attend the fair, taking advantage of the inducements offered by the transportation companies to take in the display and see the famous Yakima country."

MUST FILE BY OCTOBER 10

Candidates for Municipal Offices Have So Far Failed to Disclose Their Identity.

Few citizens of North Yakima appear to realize that the time for another municipal campaign is near at hand. State and national politics have absorbed so much of the time this fall that little if any attention has been paid to local political affairs. City government, while of course of minor importance compared to the government of the state and nation, is a matter that should interest every citizen of this city. A year ago municipal affairs were an absorbing topic of street talk. Today one scarcely hears a word pertaining to the city election which will be held the coming December.

The feature of the whole subject is that October 10 is the last day for candidates to file their declarations. All declarations for city offices must be filed not later than October 10 in the city clerk's office. So far not a declaration has been filed and City Clerk Brooker is beginning to wonder whether there is going to be any campaign.

The primary election will be held on November 10. One month from that time the city election will be held.

Whether there will be a complete change in the city administration is not known or even guessed. No rumors of candidates for any of the city offices are afloat excepting for the office of city attorney, for which it is said Attorneys John H. Lynch and C. E. Udell intend to announce their candidacy. No aspirants for the city council have made themselves known so far and no man has said he wanted to be the next man to succeed Mayor H. H. Lombard.

MORE ROOM FOR BIRDS NEEDED AT THE FAIR

Superintendent Collier Says That He Is Coming Here With Many Chickens.

Writing from Tacoma to S. J. Cameron, president of the state fair commission, Harry H. Collier, superintendent of the poultry department, says: "I think you could arrange for a Commercial club excursion from here on Tacoma day. Seven Tacoma girls are to be sent to North Yakima to the fair as guests of the Tribune of this city and in that connection the fair is being extensively advertised here. As they are official guests in a measure it is probable that your commission will arrange to be their hosts while they are in your city."

"Everything looks now like an extension of the poultry building in order to hold the birds that I will bring." Mr. Collier also expresses a hope that the Yakima boys will get a large number of birds together from this end to show the strength of the poultry movement in this part of Washington.

MAINE DEMOCRATS NOMINATE GOVERNOR

Rochester, Sept. 16.—Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, of Duchess county, was today nominated for governor.

When the democratic convention was called to order this morning it was evident that all causes of friction between the various factions had been removed. The committee announced that no contests were to be submitted to the convention. There was great cheering. Judge Alton B. Parker, permanent chairman, was presented, and delivered a speech which was liberally applauded throughout. The platform heartily endorsed the platform of the Denver convention and approved the candidates of the national convention.

OUTLOOK BUTCHER KILLED

Outlook, Sept. 16.—(Special to the Republic.)—S. D. Peck, of this place, died last night as the result of a peculiar accident. Mr. Peck, who was engaged with his son Burdette in conducting a meat market in Outlook, was standing near when a beef animal was being raised. The rope broke and the carcass fell on him, throwing him upon or against a knife. The blade entered his side and passed through his body, protruding from his back. His spinal cord was severed.

The accident occurred about 6 o'clock Sunday evening. Mr. Peck died at 4 o'clock the following morning.

In the death of Mr. Peck this community loses one of its best citizens. He was a soldier of the civil war, a kind Christian gentleman, a loving husband and father and one of this town's most valuable citizens.

We Wish to Announce

That our Suit Department is now in its new location, the most modern Ladies' Misses' and Children's Garment Room in the city. You are invited to come and see for yourself.



The new Fall Suits and Coats are selling every day. It pays to buy early.

Every Suit and Coat bears the mark of perfection in Ladies' Tailoring.

All prices and all styles.

DITTER BROS.

Exclusive Dry Goods, Cloaks and Suits

ELECTION RETURNS CHANGE SITUATION

Later returns from the primary election from remote corners of the state seem to change the situation somewhat. Hay, for lieutenant governor, appears now to have a safe lead over Coon, the present incumbent of that office, and there is now scarcely any doubt of the Lincoln county man's nomination.

It will probably require the official count to decide whether Humphries or Crow has been elected to the supreme bench. Root has only a small lead over the two mentioned, but he is probably safe. The strength shown by Judge Chadwick in the race for the supreme bench was an agreeable surprise to everybody. The Whitman county man showed all his competitors in the race a clean pair of heels and won by a large plurality.

Bell, of Everett, owing to his second choice vote, beat all competitors for the office of attorney general, Joe Easterday of Tacoma, however, being a good second.

Sam Nichols for secretary of state and J. H. Schively for insurance commissioner, won out easily notwithstanding the objection to both of them by a large section of their own party. The democrats have a chance to beat these two men at the polls.

The Unusual Way.

"Do the Blanks manage to keep up appearances since they lost the greater part of their fortune?"

"No. They don't bother about appearances. They just use what little money they have to make themselves comfortable."—Detroit Free Press.

A Change.

Old Gentleman (pointing to lanky youth at his side in the tram car)—How much for this boy—half fare, I suppose? Conductor—Well, no. He looks as if he were kept on half fare at home, and needs a change. Full fare, please.—London Answers.

Dr. N. H. Goodenow, eye, ear, nose and throat, and the fitting of glasses... Removed from the Mullins Building to 304-305 Miller Building. Office phone, 4286; residence phone, 2266.

Fish—Halibut, Salmon, Smelt, Perch. Eastern Oysters. Fulton Market, 101 South First street.

Fulton Market, corner Chestnut and First streets. Highest market prices paid.

Fish—Halibut, Salmon, Smelt, Perch. Eastern Oysters. Fulton Market, 101 South First street.

Wanted—Chickens, hogs, veal, eggs. Fulton Market, 101 South First street.

Most magnificent assortment of Jewelry to be found in the city at Dunbar & Nelson's, opposite Hotel Yakima.

Best lard 10-lb. pail, \$1.25. Fulton Market, 101 South First street.

SUBJECT: "Right Kind of Furniture"

Booster Says:



"There will be two kinds of FURNITURE—sold this fall—the right kind and the other kind." Our FURNITURE and House Furnishings are the right kind and right good money bought them. And the prices are good too—for the buyers.

We depend not so much upon liberal profits as upon liberal selling to make up our pay roll at this establishment. "Turn the stock often and not turn away the people," is our business motto.

A. J. Shaw & Sons
Furniture Co.

Funeral Directors and Embalmers

THE EMPORIUM NEWS

SECOND YEAR

SEPTEMBER 19

NO. 241

Let This Fact Burn Deep

Into your memory--The Emporium is equipped with one of the largest and best stocks of Clothing and Furnishing goods in this city and we guarantee to save purchasers from 10 to 25 per cent. on each and every suit, every hat, every cap, every tie, every shirt, every pair of underwear, every overcoat and every article in the children's department over any other store in North Yakima or on Puget Sound. Then again we keep the very best lines to be had. The Adlers Bros. make of suits cost the dealer more money than any other make in the United States and The Emporium sells them from \$2.50 to \$5.00 cheaper than ordinary suits are sold. The difference in cost is mainly in the work, the Adler being a hand tailored suit. Why is it that every store in this city, selling in competition with us are continuously and everlastingly

Knocking The Emporium

Is it because we sell goods too high? Is it because we drive too much trade to the other stores? Or is it because we capture too much of the knocker trade? What think ye--an easy problem we assure you. The place to trade is the place that gives you values for your money.

Our Clothing Season is Now Open

SUNNYSIDE WANTS A HIGHLINE CANAL BUILT

Landowners Pass Resolutions Asking the Government to Take Up Proposition.

About 65 landowners in the Sunnyside vicinity in the country known as the "highline" section, or in other words, that part lying above the Sunnyside

canal as now built, met last Saturday in Sunnyside in regard to the matter of urging on the government the feasibility of constructing another canal above the present one, and a set of resolutions was drawn up and forwarded to the secretary of the interior, setting forth the sense of the proposition. This meeting followed a similar one which was held at Prosser a few days ago for the same purpose.

The proposition, which involves the watering of something like 100,000 acres of what is described by the promoters as some of the finest fruit land in the country, will be for the intake to be located in the canyon, a course following the Selah-Moxee canal, then a tunnel to the Parker Bottom, thence continuing below Prosser and down the valley to Kiona, or thereabouts.

The Resolutions.

Whereas, The plans of the builders of the Sunnyside canal now owned by the United States government, contemplated the later construction of a high line canal paralleling the same; and

Whereas, Subsequent investigations of the project by engineers in the employ of the State of Washington, precedent to the selections made under the Carey act, and later by engineers in the employ of the Washington Irrigation company, have abundantly demonstrated the feasibility thereof; and

Whereas, The attractiveness of the project for the investment of capital has long been recognized by the promoters of private irrigation enterprises, having in view the following facts:

1. The comparative low acre cost for arable lands covered.
2. The high potential value of these lands for the production of fruits, owing

to favorable exposure, elevation above frost line and freedom from dangers of sub-irrigation.

3. Their location contiguous to the most important irrigated district in the Northwest, the products of which have already gained highest standing in markets of the world.

4. Its universal recognition by irrigation authorities as the creme de la creme of these formerly or now arid areas; and

Whereas, It was early recognized that the reclamation of these lands by private capital was prohibitive in the absence of control of the sources of water supply; and

Whereas, It was sought to overcome this obstacle through a bill introduced in the state legislature at the session of 1903, and the rights then denied to a private corporation were subsequently granted by the state to the United States government, which now controls the sources of water supply including storage reservoir sites at the head of the Yakima river and tributary streams, thereby forever preventing the enlistment of private capital in the undertaking; and

Whereas, It is a fact of common knowledge that these water resources are ample for the reclamation of all lands properly lying under the Sunnyside high line project in addition to present uses;

Resolved, That we, the undersigned, committee on resolutions appointed at a mass meeting of land owners and settlers under the Sunnyside high line project, held in Granger, Washington, Sept. respectively present to the honorable secretary of the interior the justice of our demand that said project be the next one undertaken by the United States reclamation service in the Yakima valley.

Resolved, That on behalf of all residents of the valley we especially urge priority of claims to the use of Yakima river water for Yakima valleys lands and hereby protest against the conveyance of these waters for the irrigation of lands in the Columbia river valley.

Resolved, That petitions in support of these resolutions when duly signed be addressed to the honorable secretary of the interior and placed in the hands of our representatives in congress.

GEO. P. EATON
A. C. SNOWDEN.
C. W. CHAMBERLIN.
FRED WIGGINS.

CASES SET FOR TRIAL

Part of the Calendar for the
Fall and Winter Term
Settled Today.

The following cases were set for trial this morning by Judge Preble in the superior court. Next Monday there will be another list entered on the calendar:

- September
- 23—Herbert Atkinson et ux vs. S. Roberts.
24—Chas. Davis vs. Nicholas Thrush.
(2) Wellington Munson vs. Chas. Davis.
25—Robert Sparrow vs. D. L. Thacker et al.
26—T. E. McLaughlin vs. Bussell Land Co.
29—Theron A. Noble vs. T. T. Scudder and Yakima Reservation Land Co.
(2) George B. Conklin vs. Yakima Reservation Land Co.
30—Aaron B. Pearson vs. J. M. McConaughy.

October.
1—John H. Wiegel vs. Wm. M. Thompson.

- 6—Louis Shister vs. N. P. Ry. Co.
(2) George Timmons vs. N. P. Ry. Co.
7—Kirkham P. Dooly et ux vs. Naches and Cowiche Ditch Co.
8—Thomase Brady vs. Charles Gleason.
10—Kreiselheimer Bros. vs. Paul F. Rodenbeck. (2) Kreiselheimer Bros. vs. Paul F. Rodenbeck and H. J. Buseman.
13—Ida M. Collins et vir vs. P. A. Bounds et al.
14—William W. DeVeaux vs. Jno. A. Adams.
16—Cascade Lumber Co. vs. H. D. Jory et ux.
20—Minneapolis Threshing Machine Co. vs. Foreman and Cunningham.

WANT A COMMISSIONER

Citizens of Sunnyside Take Steps to Name an Independent Candidate.

Claiming that William Lemay, who was nominated at the primaries for county commissioner from the Third district, was chosen by the precincts in and around North Yakima instead of the precincts in the district he will serve if elected, 20 representative citizens of Sunnyside met Saturday in that town and took steps towards placing a candidate on an independent ticket to oppose Lemay at the election. The gathering will meet again tomorrow at Sunnyside at which time delegates to a convention to be held a week from Tuesday will be named, they to be chosen one each from every 25 votes

cast for Wesley L. Jones on the republican ticket in the third district.

When the convention is held William Stahlhut may be named on the independent ticket to oppose Lemay. Stahlhut was Lemay's opponent at the primaries. He was, it is claimed, the choice of the Sunnyside people and in fact all the voters of the third district. Lemay, being well known to Yakima people and his name being first on the primary ballot, was chosen, the vote showing that he polled his big vote at the precincts in and around this city instead of in the third district which he serves.

ALFALFA.

James Skirving of Seattle is at this place for a few days looking after the grain crops.

Reuben Kielsmeier of Orchardvale visited at the home of George Mathis Sunday.

George Mathis and Wilbur Durham drove over to D. A. Leonard's place Sunday.

Miss May Moore of North Dakota arrived at this place Sunday. Miss Moore has been employed as teacher at this place. She has been a teacher of high grades in Denver, Col.

C. M. Forrest has finished his threshing and has his machine pulled in the shed. Mr. Forrest had a steady run and did a large amount of threshing in this and Satus valleys.

Mr. Bartlow, sr., has been visiting his son, C. Bartlow, for the past few days.

E. G. Fleming was a Toppenish visitor Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Burfield of Satus Station were pleasant callers at this place Saturday.

Mr. Johnson, representing a coffee house in Seattle, is in Alfalfa at present.

Go to the Fulton Market for fresh salmon, halibut and smelt. We solicit eggs and butter from the farmers. The Fulton Market.

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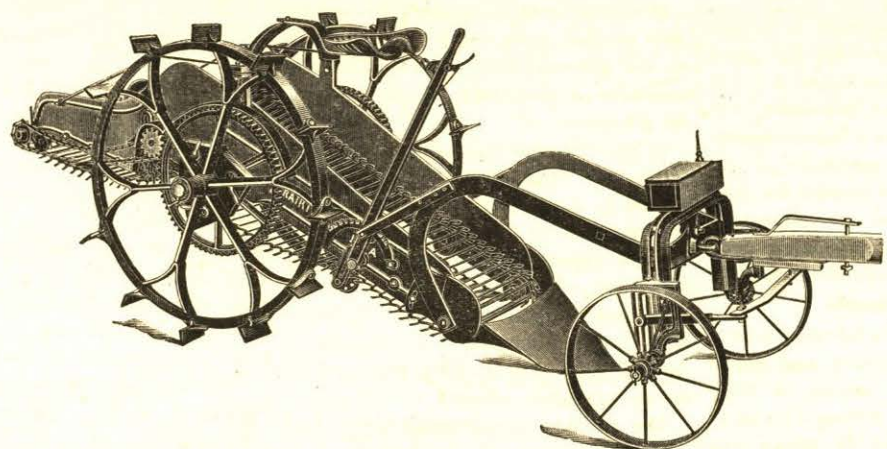
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The Yakima Democrat

J. D. MEDILL, EDITOR

W. A. ERWIN, LOCAL EDITOR AND
BUSINESS MANAGER

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North Yakima, Wash., Sept. 19, 1908

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT

JOHN WORTH KERN

STATE TICKET

U. S. Senator,
GEO. F. COTTERILL.
Representative in Congress,
WILLIAM GOODYEAR.

Governor,
JOHN PATTISON.
Lieutenant Governor,
A. C. EDWARDS.
Secretary of State,
OTIS JOHNSON.
Treasurer,
JOHN SCHRAM.
Auditor,
W. H. CARSON.

Attorney General,
W. A. HOLTZHEIMER.
Land Commissioner,
ALBERT SCHOOLEY.
Insurance Commissioner,
EDWIN F. MASTERSON.
Superintendent of Instruction,
ELDRIDGE WHEELER.

COUNTY TICKET

State Senator,
HENRY J. SNIVELY.
Representatives,
DR. GRANVILLE LOWTHER.
Lawrence Talbott.
Prosecuting Attorney,
FLOYD A. HATFIELD.
Sheriff,
JOHN M. EDWARDS.
Treasurer,
WM. H. MOYER.
Auditor,
ARTHUR C. VAIL.
Clerk,
IRVING J. BOUNDS.
Assessor,
JOSEPH F. SCHREINER.
School Superintendent,
W. F. F. SELLECK.
Surveyor,
C. O. ADAMS.
Coroner,
DR. C. B. ALEXANDER.
Commissioner—First District,
JOSEPH STEPHENSON.
Commissioner—Third District,
JAMES WANDLING.

DEMOCRATS GET TOGETHER

There is no use in local democrats be-
rating each other because of the poor
showing made at the primaries, result-
ing in the defeat for the gubernatorial
nomination of that splendid old pioneer,
Hon. "Jack" Splawn, for the mischief
has now been done and cannot be un-
done.

The wise thing to do now is to get
together in solid phalanx for the great
battle of the ballots November 3. The
primary, of course, was important, but
the election is very much more impor-
tant for it will settle questions of na-
tional as well as state import for four
years to come, and there are momentous
issues at stake in this campaign upon
the proper settlement of which the life
of the nation itself depends.

The democrats of Washington owe a
duty to the national ticket, and unless
they exhaust every means in their
power in the effort to deliver the electo-
ral vote of this state to Bryan and
Kern on the third day of November
they will have failed in their duty.

It is pure nonsense to assume that
Bryan has no chance to carry the state
of Washington this year. He did carry
it once, and he can do it again if the
proper effort is made in his behalf.
Without any work done at all by the
Democratic organization Bryan will re-
ceive thousands of votes in this state
that went to Roosevelt four years ago.
Union labor alone will throw to him
15,000 votes of which Parker got prac-
tically none four years ago. Among
first voters and independent voters gen-
erally there is a strong trend towards
Bryan this year. Even among the so-
called business element, normally re-
publican, there are many who expect
to vote for Bryan, and the writer knows
personally of a number of such.
Taft is not proving to be a strong

popular candidate here in Washington,
or anywhere else. He is not a born
leader and he is a man who has never
been in close touch with the people. He
is a machine made candidate and the
plea that he is Roosevelt's candidate and
Roosevelt's political legatee is probably
repelling more votes than can be drawn
to his support. The American people
do not take kindly to a political dicta-
torship, and as much as they may ad-
mire Roosevelt they are not disposed to
permit him to name his own successor,
for that would mean the establishment
of a ruling dynasty in this country.

Bryan is the logical man for the presi-
dency. He is the greatest statesman
that this country has produced since the
days of Abraham Lincoln. He is a con-
structive, not a destructive, reformer.
He is an American in every fibre of his
being. Being of the people he is for
the people. He knows their hopes and
desires and sympathizes with them more
than any other man in the country. He
believes in placing the man above the
dollar. If elected president he will stand
for the "square deal" in government and
he will wear the collar of no man or
corporation.

This country needs a man of Bryan's
calibre in the presidential chair, and it
needs him bad. Taft, no matter what
the claims made for him, is not the
sort of a man to meet the present emer-
gency, for his heart is not moved by the
sufferings of the people and he is too
closely in touch with selfish interests.
He would never give the people what
they want.

Let every democrat then and every
Bryan supporter get promptly in line
and do his duty by the people's candi-
date and there need be no fear of what
the result will be in November.

Let the watchword be Bryan, Kern
and victory.

SIGNS OF SUCCESS.

The republicans are in a bad plight
this year in a number of important
states. In New York there is a big
row over Hughes; in Ohio there is much
factional bitterness; in Indiana a big
row is on over the temperance ques-
tion. In Illinois factionalism is ramp-
ant between the outs and the ins.
Iowa is distracted by the fierce con-
tention between Governor Cummins and
his "stand pat" enemies. In Wisconsin
the party is divided into hostile sec-
tions with LaFollette as the chief is-
sue. In West Virginia the fight on the
Elkins ring has brought an insurgent
state ticket in the field and there is
no compromise in sight. In each of the
Dakotas the party is divided into war-
ring factions struggling for control, and
thus it goes. There seems to be no peace
for the g. o. p. anywhere this year, the
same conditions existing on this coast,
particularly in Oregon and Washing-
ton.

There must be a reason for this un-
happy condition of affairs and the rea-
son is not hard to find. It is because of
so much power and the abuse of it.
In some of these states there is really
in existence two republican parties and
the two cannot live in harmony, for one
is reactionary, while the other is pro-
gressive, or at any rate, assumes to be.
In the nature of things this lack of
harmony means a loss of votes on elec-
tion day.

On the other hand the democratic
party is today in a more harmonious
and satisfactory condition than it has
been in for a period of 20 years. There
is less jarring and discord than was
the case in former campaigns, and the
determination to win this year is every-
where apparent. Certainly the condi-
tions are more propitious for democratic
success this year than has been the case
for nearly a generation.

A POOR CHOICE.

It would seem as though the republi-
cans of this state must be pretty hard
up for gubernatorial timber when they
nominate a man like S. G. Cosgrove
for governor.

If Mr. Cosgrove has any qualifications
for such a high office they are not ap-
parent to most men who have made the
acquaintance of the candidate; for the
opinion appears to be general that he
is a man without high ideals, and for
that matter is also lacking in ideas.
His vision is narrow, his education is
limited, and he is lacking in experience
as an executive officer.

The nomination has come to Mr. Cos-
grove by reason of the second choice
vote being largely in his favor. This
in itself is a pretty doubtful sort of a
compliment, for the second choice ab-
surdity is the ridiculous feature of the
new primary law and one that ought to
be eliminated.

The former governor and the present
governor, like two roaring lions were
fighting over possession of the govern-
ment's bone. While thus engaged, each
fiercely lambasting the other, Cosgrove,
playing the role of Brer Fox, slipped in
and seized the prize and has made off
with it.

ARMY OF UNEMPLOYED.

That there are more unemployed men
and women in New York City today
than at any previous time in many
years past is the belief of union lead-
ers, charity workers and students of
social conditions. Estimates of the

number out of work vary from 100,000
to 500,000. It is probable that half of
the latter number, or 250,000, is about
correct.

The following estimate of unemployed
men in New York City is given by re-
sponsible labor leaders:

Carpenter 10,000, tailors 8000, rock
men and excavators 8000, bricklayers
7000, laborers 20000, housemiths 9000,
asphalt workers 2000, painters 7000, rock
drillers 2000, engineers 2000, pavers 2000,
plasterers 2000, steamfitters 500, sheet
metal workers 500, compositors 2000,
pressmen 2000, miscellaneous trades
20,000, unorganized labor 145,000. Total
250,000.—Chicago Record-Herald.

But that is only in New York. There
are hundreds, even thousands, in many
other cities. In view of those facts,
how ridiculous it is to talk of the "full
dinner pail" and prosperity.

ORGANIZE CLUBS.

Last week The Democrat published
an appeal to its democratic readers in
Yakima county to organize a Bryan-
Kern club in every voting precinct. We
have already received favorable re-
sponses from different sections of the
county and we trust that our sugges-
tion will be followed out in each and
every precinct.

As soon as such clubs are organized the
officers should immediately get in
communication with Secretary Lockhart,
of the Central Bryan club, of this city,
in order that the proper arrangements
may be made for the required campaign
literature, which must be procured
through the democratic national com-
mittee.

Get busy democrats, and organize a
club in every precinct!

THE TREASURY DEFICIT.

A Washington special says: The de-
ficit in the treasury has been mounting
up at an alarming rate since the begin-
ning of the new fiscal year, and reached
about \$25,000,000 at the close of the
month's business, July 31. This is more
than \$12,000,000 greater than the deficit
that occurred during the first month of
the last fiscal year.

In almost every item of government
expenditure there has been a heavy
increase this year over last, so far,
while the revenue shows a steady falling
off. Unless there is a let-up in the
rate of decrease of revenue as the year
grows, older, the total deficit at the
end of the year will be something enor-
mous.

A landslide for Bryan is predicted by
the best informed politicians of his own
state. The indications are cheering ev-
erywhere. The moral classes in every
community are for him. Nearly all the
reputable, thinking women are for him.
Most of the so-called "gold-bug" demo-
crats are for him. His friends of 1896
and 1900, are still steadfast in the
cause he represents. Many of the hith-
erto doubtful states seem to be for him
—such states as New York and Indiana
are now confidently claimed for him.
Many people want a change. Many re-
publicans openly avow their intention
of voting for Mr. Bryan "this year."
The large city papers generally democ-
ratic (except the Hearst papers) who
have been adverse in former campaigns
are now active in his support. There
are many evidences, besides these, that
the people are thinking, and though,
under our form of government, general-
ly results in a wise use of the ballot.
—Washington Standard.

Mr. Bryan is not overlooking any
points in his campaign this time. The
indications are in fact that the Com-
moner has become a finished politician
as well as a statesman. Recently he
delivered a speech to an audience com-
posed of 2000 precinct committeemen
at Chicago, and Bryan told them what
their duties are in this campaign and
that every man must do his duty. Since
September 10 the presidential candidate
has been sending a letter weekly to
every democratic club in the United
States. And besides that Mr. Bryan is
making from three to twenty speeches a
day. He certainly is a busy man,
and he is actuated by a fixed purpose to
win this time. It looks very much as
though he would win.

The venerable Mr. Cosgrove is clearly
indebted to Col. Robertson, our local
Warwick, for the great honor and dis-
tinction that has come to him. With-
out the colonel's valuable assistance the
little old man from Pomeroy would never
have got within gunshot of the cov-
eted honor. It was the fine Italian
hand of the tall colonel that smoothed
the way for the "farmer" candidate at
the meeting of the state editors at Van-
couver and that coup did the business.
Will Yakima ever be represented on
the state railroad commission? Well,
perhaps!

Sunnyside, ever loyal and ever faith-
ful to the g. o. p., received a good hard
lance in the republican primaries and
landed not one of her nine candidates.
Oh, the wickedness of it! Such base
ingratitude has never been known out-
side the dirty mire of politics. The
ingenious Col. Robertson, of course,
makes excuses after the damage is done,

but the real reason for such cold neg-
lect seems due to the fact that the
Sunnyside statesmen have not properly
cultivated the Royal Arch society.

The second choice provision of the
primary law is a delusion and a snare,
and it ought to be repealed by the com-
ing legislature. With that foolish pro-
vision cut out, a reduction of the filing
fee and a new provision incorporated
making it possible for a candidate to
get his name on the primary ballot
only by petition, the law will be all
right and will work smoothly. The
law will not be repealed for the people
won't stand for it. It is an exhibition
of pure gall to ask for its repeal.

That great and good man, Gov. Mead,
has resigned himself to his fate and he
will go back to Bellingham at the end
of his present term to try to pick up
again the loose ends of his law practice.
It is not for him that the fine new ex-
ecutive mansion is building at Olympia.
Oh, the pity of it! Shed a tear in
passing for our good friend, the gov-
ernor! Well might he exclaim:

"Oh, what was I begun for,
To be so soon done for!"

It is to be hoped in the interest of
decency that Mr. Hay will receive the
republican nomination for lieutenant
governor rather than the unspeakable
Coon. Why the latter should have any
standing at all as a public man in this
state is one of the peculiar things in
politics. That so many republicans
should have voted for Coon in the pri-
maries is in itself a serious reflection
either on their intelligence or their
sense of decency.

If it had not been for the direct pri-
mary law Mr. Jones would have stood
about as much show of being elected U.
S. senator as the proverbial snowflake
has of lasting in Hades. Yet, Editor
Robertson, the Yakima statesman's
manager, continues to rail at the pri-
mary law and counsels its repeal. The
peculiar ways of Robertson in the polit-
ical world are past finding out. Shut
up neighbor; you have nothing to kick
about!

The Post-Intelligencer two days be-
fore the primary editorially denounced
Coon, Nichols and Schively as being un-
worthy of any decent and self-respect-
ing republican's support. Now that the
three officials referred to have been re-
nominated and their names again adorn
the republican state ticket it would be
interesting to know what the P.-I. is
going to do about it. Will it support
that trinity of "unworthy" candidates
for re-election?

Governor Mead, in a mournful post-
mortem interview on "what happened to
me on primary day," says that when
his term has expired he will go back to
Bellingham and resume his law practice.
The governor will doubtless be lucky if
he finds he can resume his law prac-
tice where he left off four years ago.
Doubtless his excellency will be all right
if he can only forget that he ever was
governor. Fame is a fleeting thing.

Both Ankeny and Snell show a
marked disposition to disregard the will
of the voters and continue the fight over
the senatorship into the legislature.
And doubtless each of them will if they
have reason to believe that the senator-
ship will be put up for sale. But the
toga won't be sold this time. There is
but one way for Jones to lose it—and
that is through the election of a democ-
ratic legislature.

Republican papers are trying hard to
explain that big slump in Maine last
Monday. Previous to the election they
told us that the Maine vote would be
taken as a sure indication of how the
tide would run in November. Since the
election they claim that the big slump
is due entirely to local causes, prohibi-
tion, popularity of the democratic can-
didate, etc., etc. Ah, how ridiculous!

The legislative ticket, nominated by
the republicans of this county last week,
is clearly the work of the Royal Arch
society. The endorsement of the saloon
keepers' association seems to have had
an influence on the voting much more
potent than that given by Mr. Cher-
ington's anti-saloon league. And if
you don't believe it just ask Bre'r Har-
rison or Mr. Cline.

Former Governor McBride, in com-
menting on his defeat for the governor-
ship at the primaries, is reported to
have said: "Well, at any rate, I am glad
to have been able to help the people of
this state rid themselves of the present
puppet administration." Certainly that
was a pretty hard slam at Governor
Mead, who like himself, had just been
defeated.

The New York republicans have had
to follow Teddy's orders and renom-
inate Gov. Hughes, although it is evi-
dent that a majority of the leaders
don't want him. It is the opinion of
shrewd political observers that the re-
nomination of Gov. Hughes will have a
perceptible influence in aiding Bryan
to carry the state of New York.

After all the "knocking" that was
done against his candidacy here in his
home county the fact remains that Lee
A. Johnson received a larger vote in
Yakima than any two or three of his
competitors in the race for the congres-
sional nomination. Mr. Johnson was
the logical candidate of the g. o. p. and
should have won out.

Speaking of Bryan's candidacy, the
New York Herald, which is certainly
independent in politics, says: "No one
now fears that his (Bryan's) election
would provoke an industrial, commer-
cial and financial cataclysm. As a mat-
ter of fact, his speech of acceptance
has strengthened rather than shaken
public confidence."

"Have you heard from Maine?" The
republicans carried the old "Pine Tree"
state last Monday by a beggarly 8000—
the lowest plurality for that party in
28 years. Do the returns show a trend
of sentiment in Bryan's favor? Well,
it certainly doesn't show any trend in
Taft's direction.

Senator Ankeny will not say as to
whether he will carry the senatorial
fight into the legislature or not. The
venerable senator would do well to for-
get it and try to get his mind back on
the banking business again. It will pay
better.

It is difficult for the tariff organs to
understand why anybody but a tariff
baron should be interested in elections
to the extent of contributing to the cam-
paign fund.—Commoner.

His name was Taft—
He laughed and he laughed.
This coming November
He will have cause to remember
The man that laughs well laughs last.



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Everyone is ambitious to put
up a "good front," none more so
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Office over First National Bank Office
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DR. THOMAS TETREAU
Rooms 21, 22 and 23 Sloan Block
Hours—8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. Phone 1738

DR. S. D. CAMERON,
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Sloan's drug store. Office
hours 9 to 11, 2 to 5 or by appointment.
Office phone 2121 Residence phone 2123

A. B. Howick, D.O. Evangeline Howick, D.O.
Howick & Howick
OSTEOPATHS
Graduates of A. S. O. Kirksville, Mo.
Office Phone 4731 Res. Phone 2754
No drugs or medicine used.

MAULAY & MEIGS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
NOTARIES PUBLIC.
Offices in Ditter Bldg., 211 Yakima Ave.

J. P. ENGLEHART
Attorney at Law
Will practice in all the Courts of the
Office over First National Bank, North Y.
Yakima Wash

JOHN H. LYNCH
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
OFFICE:
Room 202 Mullins Block

T. G. REDFIELD
Graduate Optician
Glasses ground to fit the
EYE
Save the Pieces, we can match your Glass-
es on short notice.
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C. A. JONES
Veterinary Surgeon
The Yakima Veterinary Hospital
309 South First Street
Office Phone 601 Res. Phone 602
Will respond to calls day or night

DR. J. N. SHEPPARD
Veterinarian
Phone 5021—1901.
Honor graduate Chicago Veterinary Col-
lege, 1893. Post graduate, 1903.
Member American Veterinary Medical
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Ex-member North Dakota Board of Vet-
erinary Examiners.
Office and Hospital at the Washington Sta-
bles, 206 So. Second St.

YAKIMA LODGE NO. 24, F. & A. M.
Regular communications
1st and 3rd Fridays of each month
H. E. SCOTT, W. M.
W. B. NEWCOMB, Secretary.

Lauderdale's Grocery

No 11 South First street,
is headquarters for

Stable and Fancy

Groceries

We carry in stock all the
latest table delicacies in
canned and bottled goods,
Free delivery to any part
of the city.

Ring us up. Phone 3701

F. E. Lauderdale & Co.

Stone Building, S. First St.

CASCADE LUMBER COMPANY

Sash and Doors

Are Made at North Yakima—Nothing Too Large or Too Small for us to Make Up.

Pine or Fir

All Kinds Glass Carried in Stock to Suit the Most Fastidious.

Lumber Yards

NORTH YAKIMA, NACHES CITY, GRANGER, MAB-TON, SUNNYSIDE, GRANDVIEW, PROSSER, KEN-NEWICK AND RICHLAND, WASH.

Yes We Sell

GUNS

All Standard makes including

WINCHESTER, STEVENS,
SAVAGE, REMINGTON,
HARRINGTON RICHARDSON,
COLT'S, SMITH & WESSON,
IVER JOHNSON, ETC.

— also —

SHELLS, CARTRIDGES,
HOLSTERS, BELTS, GUN COVERS

In fact nearly everything in this line we would like to show you.

Treat==Raynor Co.

15 S. First St.

—Out of the high-priced district

M. & M. Cafe

NEW RESTAURANT

At 112 Yakima Avenue. Meals at All Hours. Everything new and up-to-date.

SAM CHONG KAY, Prop.

Our Meat Market

Located on West Yakima Ave. Everything in the MEAT line, FISH, POULTRY and OYSTERS. Get into line and Trade with an up-to-date meat merchant. TURKEYS and CHICKENS.

W. R. BENHAM, Prop.



Sherwin-Williams

Paint, Shingle Stains,
Varnishes and Oils
also Glass, Brushes, Wall Finish

HARTUNG-LARSON HDW. CO.

A. J. Shaw & Sons

FUNERAL DIRECTORS

LICENSED EMBALMERS

Prompt response to all orders day and night.

No. 20 North Second Street Day phone 4941. Night phone 2605

Eastern Furniture Co.

Day Phone 5341 Night Phone 5342

Funeral Directors and Embalmers

E. B. JONES, Licensed Embalmer

WARREN A. SHIPPET, Graduate Barnes' School
MRS. R. S. MARTIN, Lady-Assistant.

A MINISTER'S REASONS.

The Denver Evening News has a telegram from Springfield, Mo., under date of Aug. 26 in which the announcement is made that Dr. J. W. Stewart, pastor of Grace M. E. church of that city, though a life-long republican, has bolted his party's nomination and will support Bryan. Following are his reasons:

"Taft is, in my opinion, the weakest candidate ever nominated by a republican convention. He is weak with the negroes, the laboring men, and especially weak with the temperance people. His champagne functions are an open insult to right-minded people. He disgraced himself in a recent speech on General Grant, when before Grant's tomb and in the presence of the dead general's son, he recalled his drinking episodes. Such a man is not to be trusted with the rights of a respectable people.

"Further, Taft's nomination as Roosevelt's candidate is a dangerous precedent, for which the American people are not ready. Federal aid which makes it possible for a president to choose his successor is against our fundamental principles, and will be opposed by all thoughtful people.

"William Jennings Bryan is without doubt the strongest man in the democratic party, and the democrats have showed their wisdom in nominating him at Denver. I believe he will win. Conditions which met him in his first race for the presidency are now reversed.

"William McKinley was one of the most popular men in the country, and democracy was only a shadow, as a result of Cleveland's administration. In spite of these conditions Bryan rolled up the largest popular vote ever given a democratic candidate. He was opposed at the next election by a war candidate, not one of whom has ever been defeated.

"But now conditions are reversed. The republicans are slowly recovering from a severe financial panic. They have nominated the weakest candidate of the party. The church and the Christian element cannot support such a man. Taft, if elected, would be the first president to deny the divinity of Christ. What is more, his conduct as governor of the Philippine Islands was a contradiction to government principles and a breach of political trust."

"AFTER" THE ELECTION.

The New York Herald in its issue of August 29, printed the following:

"George R. Sheldon, treasurer of the republican national committee, would not deny yesterday that the committee has received a \$50,000 contribution from William Nelson Cromwell, who is a member of the national advisory committee and well able to make a large contribution.

"Is it true," he was asked, "that Mr. Cromwell, representing E. H. Harriman, gave to you a check for \$50,000?"

"We have received no contribution from Mr. Cromwell for Mr. Harriman. My understanding is that Mr. Harriman usually transacts business for himself."

"Has Mr. Cromwell made such a contribution for himself?"

"I decline to discuss contributions at all. The names of the contributors will be published after election."

This is a sample of the "publicity" the people are to have so far as concerns republican campaign contributions. It has been reported by reputable news sources that Mr. Cromwell, perhaps the most conspicuous corporation attorney in America, contributed \$50,000 to the republican campaign fund. The people are interested in knowing whether this story is true, but the republican treasurer declines to discuss contributions and the people must be satisfied with the assurance: "The names of the contributors will be published AFTER election."

But why not BEFORE election?

THE

Yakima Hotel Bar

222 Yakima Ave.

We Carry Only the
Finest Liquors

"Have Something Boys"

Holbein S Turner

SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN

Glasses that Fit Your Eyes.

111 E. Yakima Ave.

Best Iard 10-lb. pail, \$1.25. Fulton Market, 101 South First street.

A SUCCESSFUL SPECIALIST

DR. DARRIN'S PHENOMENAL CURES CREATE CONFIDENCE.

No Such Thing as Failure Under His Treatment.

Dr. Darrin knows the diseases and weaknesses of men and women like an open book. He has restored hundreds to perfect health and vigorous vitality, and are today living monuments to the skill, knowledge and success of this well known specialist. He never holds out false hopes, nor undertakes a case that he cannot cure.

He has made a thorough study of all the diseases of men, such as varicocele, hydrocele, contagious blood poison, stricture, nervous debility, impotency, general weakness, loss of vigor and vitality, etc., and has also mastered all the complications of female troubles, so that when he undertakes a case there is no such thing as failure.

Every form of female complications, involving the uterus, ovaries, bladder or rectum successfully treated, as pelvic diseases are a specialty with Dr. Darrin.

He charges nothing for examination or consultation, and his knowledge, skill and experience are at the service of the sufferer. Dr. Darrin's offices are in the Postoffice building, corner Chestnut and South Second streets, and are open from 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily. Call on him personally if possible, or write to him in strictest confidence.

Quick and certain cure is always possible under his treatment and advice.

For Sale

by owner, fine five-room cottage with bath room and closets; two big lots graded and set to fruit; hen house, coal shed; 3 blocks to school, 1 block to new car line; city water; barn for ten horses; \$2700, well worth \$3000. Less than one-half cash, balance on time.

Address

P. O. BOX 16

YAKIMA BEER

At The
Following Leading
BARS

"Warwick"
"Van Diest"
"The Sherman"
"The Exchange"
"The N. P."
"The Palace"
"O. Sandberg"
"Bartholet"
"Bodega"
"Eagle"
"Owl"
"Enterprise"
"Varian"
"West Side"
"The Kensington"
"Yakima Bar"
"Washington Bar"

North Yakima

Brewing & Malting Co.

Don't Think For a Minute

That the other fellow is going to present you with *his* bank account.

You must get one of your own if you expect to have money.

This bank will pay you Compound interest on the money *you* save.

Yakima Trust Co.

Bank

A Bank of Excellent Service

We Are Not in the Nursery Trust

THE TIM KELLY NURSERIES

Located Near Wapato

Eighty Acres in Growing Trees

I make a specialty of furnishing trees for commercial orchards. Large stock of APPLE, PEACH and PEAR of the leading varieties. If you are going to plant an orchard visit my nurseries and inspect my stock. I carry a full line of shade and ornamental trees also.

Tim Kelly

North Yakima Office: 118 E. Yakima Ave.

The Checking Account for the Farmer

Many farmers keep a checking account with us regularly because it is a great help and convenience in their every day business.

With a checking account you can tell exactly the total amount of your receipts and expenditures for each month for the entire year. When you sell your farm products, deposit your money in the Bank, subject to check. The obligations you have can be cancelled by check. When you make a purchase, pay by check.

We invite you to try this system.

Yakima Valley Bank

North Yakima,

Washington

John Ditter & Co.

The Modern Grocery Merchants

223 Yakima Avenue

WE CARRY Everything from Peanuts to Pie Crust, including an exclusive Delicatessen Counter and a complete line of Fruit and Vegetables.

Orders Promptly Filled
Your Patronage Solicited

THE SIMPLE STORY OF SECURED BANK DEPOSITS

The Democratic Platform Favors This System for Bank Deposits; the Republican Platform is Silent on the Subject; Mr. Bryan is in Favor of the Plan; Mr. Taft, in His Letter of Acceptance, Opposes It.

GUTHRIE, OKLAHOMA, JUNE 27, 1908.

The Depositors Guaranty Law was passed December 17th, 1907, and was made operative February 14th, 1908.

Bank reports show that the effect of the law began weeks before the law was in actual operation.

There are now 551 banks under the law in this state, including fifty-four national banks. There are 255 unsecured banks (all national) in the state.

The dates of statement calls were as follows:

For National Banks—December 3, 1907, February 14, 1908 and May 14, 1908.

For State Banks—December 11, 1907, February 29, 1908 and May 14, 1908.

From December 3, 1907, to February 14, 1908, the deposits in the unsecured banks decreased about an even half million. The secured national banks for the same period gained in deposits about \$520,000. State banks (all secured) for the period from December 11, 1907, to February 29, 1908, show an increase in deposits of \$716,749.47.

For the period ending May 14 secured national banks show an increase in deposits of \$645,413.61.

State banks, (all secured) for period ending May 14 show an increase in deposits of \$2,355,602.14.

its of \$2,355,602.14.

For the period ending May 14 the unsecured banks (all nationals) lost in deposits \$600,807.86.

Deposits of state funds show a decrease in both classes of banks as follows:

In secured banks	\$ 21,533.50
In unsecured banks	669,919.76

Total increase in deposits in all secured banks, December to May, per reports, \$4,237,765.22.

Total decrease of deposits in all unsecured banks, December to May, per reports, \$1,100,807.86.

Total decrease of deposits of state funds in both classes of banks last period, \$691,453.26.

So it is apparent that there is \$3,828,410.62 more individual deposits in banks in Oklahoma than before the Depositors Guaranty Law was passed and the secured banks have been the beneficiaries.

The above is correct.

GEORGE W. BELLAMY,
Chair. State Banking Board.

ROY C. OAKES,
Sec. State Banking Board.

THE TWO SYSTEMS COMPARED

"BRYANISM" IN OPERATION IN OKLAHOMA

May 21, 1908.

Bank Commissioner to Farmer, over rural telephone—"Mr. ———, this bank is broke, and I would like for you to come in and get your money."

Mr. ———: "Yes, I heard the bank was broke, but I am busy today with my crop. I will be in in a day or two."

Coalgate, Oklahoma.

"ALDRICH-TAFTISM" IN OPERATION

June 1, 1908.

"Twelve hundred infuriated Italians stormed the closed doors of the 'busted' banking house of Costan Liopea, on Orange street, today. The police drove the crowd back,"
Cleveland, Ohio.

ICED CARS OF FRUIT MAKE A TOTAL OF 800

Northern Pacific Railroad Has Hauled That Many from the Yakima Valley.

Fruit shipped from North Yakima in iced cars this season was a total of 341 cars up to and including September 13. The aggregate of express and other shipments makes the figures 400. Many cars for Tacoma were sent out without icing. An equal number of cars was sent out from the valley below the gap. The totals have not been figured out altogether for Toppenish, Wapato and the other points but as near as can be ascertained the total is 800 cars for the valley to date. Any variation found from these figures when the compilations are made will not be more than a few cars and may run over rather than under the 800 mark. This is the end, practically, of the rush shipments though there are still a number of cars of fruit going out daily and the total yet to come will be considerable.

Fruit Placed in Storage.
Some 15 cars of fruit were placed in cold storage, principally peaches, which went in rapidly when the slump came, but which are now moving out and finding an excellent market, according to all reports. The capacity of the storage plant is 80 cars so that it was never called on to fill more than a fifth of its space. The prospects, however, are that a considerable quantity of apples will be stored this fall unless some conditions arise, not now anticipated, which would make storage an unwise move.

In addition to the 800 cars of fruit already shipped, which is within two or three hundred cars of the total of the entire season last year, there are some 1500 to 1800 cars of apples to be moved. That is the estimate of the dealers. Railroad officials place the figures somewhat lower, but declare that to the best of their knowledge, and they have made careful inquiries, the apples will be more than enough to require in excess of 1200 cars.

Dealers Well Pleased.
The handling, by the railroad, of the iced fruit this year has been to the entire satisfaction of the shippers. Assistant Superintendent Moline, of the refrigerating department of the Northern Pacific, who has been in North Yakima and the valley throughout the entire shipping season, has given his personal supervision to the work of providing the cars and according to the North Yakima people who have dealt with him, has done his end of the work without a hitch of any sort. J. M. Perry, speaking this morning in behalf of the users of cars, said: "Nothing could have been more satisfactory than the car conditions here this year. I say that without reservations of any kind. While the worst shortage last year was during the apple season it will be remembered that we had considerable trouble with the peach cars and at other times and were compelled to do a good deal of grumbling. Mr. Moline certainly has taken excellent care of us this year."

New York Merchant Here.
E. P. Loomis, of E. P. Loomis & Co., New York, is in North Yakima today calling upon J. M. Perry, with whom the firm does considerable business. He has been for weeks in the fruit sections and confesses candidly that there are some phases of the situation that he does not know anything about. For example, he does not know what the prices on apples will be and he does not know any one else who does. He calls attention to the fact that so far as known no price has been named by the buyers and not a sale made. At this time last year, and three weeks before it, over a score of eastern buyers had been through this territory and all sorts of transactions had been carried through. People here, Mr. Loomis says, have no conception of the conditions in the east. As a result of last year the eastern dealers are not only out their capital but they have been cut down by the banks, who know, of course, of their losses, and as a consequence there will be less buying power in the field when picking time comes than ever before. What little money there is will be invested by buyers at prices so low as will seem to all growers unreasonable when compared with the high prices of last year.

Excellent Crops Elsewhere.
"At Hood River, Wenatchee, Yakima, Dayton and the Payette valley," said Mr. Loomis, "there are excellent crops; really enormous crops of apples, and Paonia, Col., had about 600 cars of peaches and apples. Colorado, however, has been hard hit and will not have much, if any, fruit for eastern shipment. There will be some for local use and for southern shipment. Colorado in some sections had this year its third successive season of frost and some of the people I met were looking pretty serious. "High quality fruit and real estate speculations do not go hand in hand. The best fruit is that grown in the orchard of the man who makes it his permanent working place. What I mean is that an orchard put out to aid the sale of the land is a neglected orchard and does not produce the high grade fruit the eastern market is looking for. Real estate communities therefore suffer. One can tell the moment he enters an orchard whether it is cultivated as the home orchard, or permanent investment, of the owner or is intended to be sold. The best fruit is produced in those sections where each grower is attempting to make his individual brand superior to and more sought after than that of his neighbor. Of course each section has some fruit for which it is particularly adapted and it must make the most of its advantages in that respect."

ALFALFA.
Mrs. Harry Hatch, of the Upper Satus, has been visiting relatives at Alfalfa for the past week.

E. G. Fleming was a Toppenish caller Friday.

G. A. Ide, who is a Outlook buying hay, came home Tuesday to attend the primaries.

Wilbur Durham was a Toppenish visitor this week.

Mrs. C. A. Sharp arrived home Saturday on No. 3. Mrs. Sharp has been visiting relatives in Ohio for the past six months.

Mr. and Mrs. Lauren Allen, who have been attending to ranch duties near here, left for Toppenish Saturday to look after their ranch at that place.

George Mathis, accompanied by his son Jesse, were business callers at Toppenish last Saturday.

A large hay baling outfit from Toppenish passed through here en route to the Johnson hay ranch in the lower Satus, Sunday.

Mrs. E. G. Fleming and family returned home Friday after an extended visit with relatives in old Missouri.

H. G. Gelhart made a business trip to North Yakima Sunday.

Leo Mayer, who has been in the lower Satus for the past two weeks, returned home Saturday.

A number of Wapato sports were enjoying a duck hunt here Sunday. They report ducks here as scarce as hen's teeth.

Mrs. O. L. Myers made a business trip to the county seat Saturday.

C. R. Forest reports chickens quite plentiful in the lower Satus.

The game warden was here looking after the interests of the sports one day this week.

A number of Granger sports were seen running up and down the Toppenish Sunday in quest of a poor lone crippled duck, but after a few charges of No. 4 were rewarded in securing a poor old mud hen.

Mrs. Walling, who has spent the past three weeks in the lower Satus, returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. Alfred of Granger was in Alfalfa Saturday.

Mr. Hazel, accompanied by some of his friends, came down from North Yakima this week to have a duck hunt.

Wilbur Durham, who has been in the lower Satus for the past three weeks, came home Sunday to spend the day.

E. G. Fleming and Col. Sam Walker drove to Toppenish Sunday.

Ed. Allen of Toppenish is down stacking his grain preparatory to threshing.

Moxee Hardware Co.

We Carry Complete line of Builder's Hardware including fine assortment of Doors, Locks and Window Catches.

We Carry Sporting Goods of ever kind and description, including Shot Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Shells, Cartridges, Gun Cases, Hunting Cases, Fishing Tackle, etc.

We Carry The Famous UNIVERSAL RANGES, "Best on Earth."

We Carry A complete line of GRANITE HARDWARE.

We Carry The popular Page Woven Wire Fences. Protect your cattle and horses by using this celebrated wire fence. Out of its experience of almost a quarter of a century it is offered today the strongest and most serviceable and durable wire fence obtainable.

We carry PRICES on our line of Hardware that will astound and please every patron.

Moxee Hardware Co.

Mullins Block

The Monarch

Pays for Itself—Why Try to Get Along Without One.

Frequent failures can't be avoided with an ordinary steel range or cook stove.

Why put up with such embarrassments and inconveniences?

Why not know the delightful satisfaction of always having your work perfectly done—that comes from using a Monarch Range?

You might just as well have one. It will effect a saving in fuel and repair bills that, in a short time, will pay its Entire First Cost. "It pays for itself." Let us Show you how it does it.

It's Because of the Monarch's Construction.

There is no Mystery about this. We can explain it to your entire satisfaction. It's simply that the Monarch is built differently from the others.

Unbreakable Malleable iron is used for those parts that are made of brittle cast iron in all of the "common sort" of steel ranges. Frames of this material are joined to the steel of the body and oven by cold driven rivets, forming permanently air tight joints.

Monarch
MALLEABLE
The "Stay Satisfactory" Range



Ordinary Steel Ranges
Actually Waste Fuel

Ordinary ranges which are made of cast or grey iron and sheet steel must be bolted together and caulked with stove putty. After a very short time of use these bolts work loose, the putty falls out of the seams and outside air rushes into the flues and firebox—through every joint.

These "air-leaks" waste fuel—cause slow baking—poor work.

To Users of Two to Five Year Old Steel Ranges

Bear in mind that the Monarch not only pays for itself, but for unlimited years it will do your work with one-third to one-half less fuel than other ranges use. So it's not economy by any means to continue to use a common range, though it is only a few years old. It's rank extravagance. Make the change NOW.

Valley Hardware Co.

Ask for Gordon

MOONSHINING.

More Illicit Stills in New York City Than in Kentucky.

"Don't talk to me about moonshining in Kentucky," said the internal revenue agent. "There's more moonshining going on all the time in little old New York than could be done in ten Kentuckys. In the crowded sections of the east and west sides spring up right along and for awhile conduct a flourishing business in the low grade whisky they manufacture. You see, it doesn't take much trouble to equip a still with corn and yeast and start in to make the mash, which is finally turned out as a pretty poor sort of whisky. The great difficulty is in getting rid of the peculiar smoke and odor from the stills without exciting suspicion. This is usually attempted by running the still in connection with a dye shop or some other chemical enterprise as a blind. We keep watch on all such establishments and have the town well covered by sharp eyed and sharp nosed agents besides. We are constantly arresting these small moonshiners and sending them to jail. But enough spring up in their places for you to say with safety that, as I say, there's more moonshining going on in New York city right along than there could be in ten Kentuckys."—New York Sun.

THE PIANOFORTE.

A Direct Descendant of the Clavichord and Harpsichord.

The pianoforte was directly evolved from the clavichord and the harpsichord. In 1711 Scipione Maffei gave a detailed account of the first four instruments, which were built by Bartolomeo Cristofori, named by him pianoforte, and exhibited in 1709.

Marius in France exhibited harpsichords, with hammer action, in 1716, and Schroter in Germany claimed to have invented the pianoforte between 1717 and 1721. Marius at first was generally credited with the invention, for it was not until 1738, when Cristofori's instruments had become famous, that the Italian advanced his claim, and it was in 1763 that he brought forward the proof of his contention.

Pianos of that period were shaped like the modern grand, the first square piano being built by Frederick, an organ builder of Saxony, in 1758. The first genuine upright was patented in England and the United States by John Isaac Hawkins, an Englishman, in 1800.—Scrap Book.

Lord Erskine.

From midshipman to lord chancellor is a very far cry. Lord Erskine, however, whom Lord Campbell once described as the greatest advocate of ancient or modern times, did not find much difficulty in reaching the Wool-sack, although he started life as a "middy" and did not settle down to study law until he was twenty-five years of age. His defense of Captain Bailie, prosecuted for his exposures of gross abuses at the admiralty, raised him from an obscure lawyer to a foremost position at the bar, and thirty briefs were offered him before he left the court. From that time until he became chancellor in 1806 his career was marked by a long list of successes.—London Standard.

When You Write Abroad.

In writing to France or Italy, a postmaster pointed out the other day, the address should be printed, for the printed characters of French, Italian and English are alike, but of the written ones this is not true. The capital letter T, for instance, is written in France and Italy like C. The top stroke is made as with us, but the downward stroke curves to the right instead of to the left. Our C is taken for a T abroad. Our T is taken for I or J. It is important therefore to print instead of to write proper names on foreign letters. A letter addressed in writing to, for instance, a man named Treat would be thought by the French and Italian to be addressed to Ireat, and in the general delivery department of the postoffice it would be placed in the I instead of in the T compartment. Thus when Mr. Treat called for his mail a search of compartment T would reveal nothing for him, and his letter, hidden among the I's, would never be delivered.

Made the Bear Work.

Bill Winters uses his wit to save his strength. During a camping trip in the Maine woods Bill was easily the laziest man in the party. Finally his exasperated comrades told him that if he did not kill something besides time they would pack him off home. The next morning Bill borrowed a rifle and went off up the mountains. Two hours later the men in camp saw Bill running down again as fast as he could come, and close behind him was a bear. The men watched the chase, with loaded rifles ready. On reaching camp Bill turned and shot the bear. When the men could stop laughing one of them said, "Bill, what on earth possessed you to run that distance with the bear so close when you might have killed him on the hill and saved your breath?" Bill smiled slowly. "What's the use of killing a bear in the mountains and lugging him in when you can run him in?" he asked.—Boston Herald.

His Argument.

Mrs. Jones—You ought to be ashamed of yourself not to go to work. The Tramp—Madam, if nature has fitted me to get along without work why should I struggle against my manifest destiny?

Dragging the Anchor.

"I see Newlywed at the club quite often since his baby came. I thought he was firmly anchored to a home life." "He was, but at the first squall he began to drag his anchor."

THE DREAMERS.

By Making Their Visions Practical They Achieved Success.

If Columbus had not dreamed of continents on the other side of the ocean to balance the lands that were known; if Cyrus W. Field had not dreamed of a cable for communicating across the ocean; if Professor Alexander G. Bell had not dreamed of the possibilities of talking across continents by the telephone; if Elias Howe had not dreamed that there was an easier way for women to do their sewing; if Robert Fulton had not dreamed that the Clermont could sail up the Hudson, although the world doubted and ridiculed him; if all the people who have given the world a lift by emancipating it from drudgery through their dreaming and discovery of a thousand ameliorating appliances and inventions, civilization would be in its infancy today.

Oh, how much we owe to the dreamers! But all these people made their dreams practical. They reduced them to realities before they were of any use. Go on dreaming, go on building your air castles, let the imagination have free wings to soar into the unknown, but come back with something tangible. Make your dreams practical realities or they will be worthless.—Orison Swett Marden in Success Magazine.

A CURIOUS ANIMAL.

The Sea Cucumber Can Part With and Replace Its Organs.

Among the curious animals which inhabit the sea we may take the holothuria, or sea cucumber, so called from its resemblance to the cucumber. When this animal is attacked by an enemy it does not stand up and fight, but by a sudden movement it ejects its teeth, stomach, digestive apparatus and nearly all its intestines and then shrivels its body up to almost nothing. When, however, the danger is past, the animal commences to replace the organs which it has voluntarily parted with, and in a short time the animal is as perfect as ever it was.

Dr. Johnstone kept one in water for a long time, and one day he forgot to change the water. The creature in consequence ejected its intestines and shriveled up, but when the water was changed all its organs were reproduced. Although the animal is not eaten in Europe, it is a favorite with the Chinese, and the fishing forms an important part of the industry of the east. Thousands of junks are annually used in fishing for trepang, as the animals are called.—London Tit-Bits.

WHY INDIANS PAINT.

An Apache Legend Which Accounts For the Grotesque Custom.

Once an old Apache Indian, when asked the question why the people painted their faces, told this little legend:

"Long ago, when men were weak and animals were big and strong, a chief of the red men who lived in these mountains went out to get a deer, for his people were hungry.

"After walking all day he saw a deer and shot at it, but the arrow was turned aside and wounded a mountain lion, which was also after the deer. When the lion felt the sting of the arrow he jumped up and bounded after the man, who ran for his life.

"He was almost exhausted, and when he felt his strength giving way he fell to the ground, calling on the big bear, who, you know, is the grandfather of men, to save him.

"The big bear heard the call and saw that to save the man he had to act quickly, so he scratched his foot and sprinkled his blood over the man.

"Now, you know that no animal will eat of the bear or taste of his blood. So when the lion approached the man he smelled of the blood and turned away, but as he did so his foot scraped the face of the man, leaving the marks of his claws on the blood smeared face.

"When the man found that he was uninjured he was so thankful that he left the blood to dry on his face and never washed it at all, but left it until it peeled off.

"Where the claws of the lion scraped it off there were marks that turned brown in the sun, and where the blood stayed on it was lighter. Now all men paint their faces that way with blood and scrape it off in streaks when they hunt or go to war."

A Curious Sign.

If you are in a certain Irish town and are looking out for lodgings you would probably come to the conclusion that none are to be had, for, search as you will for the familiar "Apartments to Let" notice so often seen in the windows of houses in other places, you will search in vain. Instead you may observe fastened by the flap to the window a clean white envelope. This is an indication to all whom it may concern that apartments are to be had within. This curious custom is greatly in vogue at the seaside health resort, Killee, County Clare, where all houses that have apartments to let exhibit a white envelope.

The "If" Is Rather Important.

Here's something that may save your life when a bull gets after you: When a bull charges, just before the final lurch he shuts his eyes, and if you have the presence of mind to stand stock still until he is about two or three feet from you all you have to do is to step aside, and he misses you. Any child with sufficient presence of mind to do this can let a bull charge all day with perfect safety. This is not a new thing, as it is one of the secrets of the bullfighter in the country triffles where the sport is practiced. The bullfighters say that a cow does not do this, and they would never try any such tricks with a mad cow.

SUSPICIOUS BIRDS.

Easy to Make Sparrows Show Their Fear of a Trap.

One winter day I made an experiment with sparrows to see exactly how far their natural suspicion would hold out against hunger. I had often noticed that if one put a little bit of string, a large button or any strange object among breadcrumbs the sparrows would not touch the bread. They feared a trap. Starlings are less suspicious in this way. If they care about the bread at all, they are more trustful and do not make any fuss about some small foreign object. But I thought hard weather might make all the difference even to sparrows.

So I put a long piece of apple peel among the bread. It looked quite good to eat, but might be taken by a very suspicious bird for something of the nature of string or tape, which sparrows seem to regard with particular distrust. Can they regard it as an emblem of captivity? Directly the bread was thrown on the ground about fifty sparrows perched in a tree above it. They looked at it very glumly, and not one ventured to come down. Generally they would be devouring the bread within a few seconds. For a little over three hours a crowd of sparrows watched the bread with the terrible piece of apple peel lying among it, but it remained untouched. Then one sparrow made up his mind to take the risk. He was soon followed by all the others. In twenty minutes the bread was gone. But they had wasted over three hours.—St. James' Gazette.

DOWN IN THE FIRE ROOM.

Raking the Ashes From the Furnace of an Ocean Liner.

My "watches," four hours long, began at 8 in the morning and at 4 in the afternoon. The rest of the time was mine excepting when it was my turn to carry water and help clean up the mess room.

The first descent into the fire room of an ocean liner is unforgettable. Going down that series of ladders into the bowels of the old Elbe, the heat seemed to jump 10 degrees a ladder. At last the final ladder was reached, and we were at the bottom—the bottom of everything was the thought in more minds than one that afternoon. The head fireman of our watch immediately called my attention to a poker, easily an inch and a half thick and twenty to thirty feet long. "Yours!" he screamed. "Yours!" And he threw open one of the ash doors of a furnace, pantomiming what I was to do with the poker. I dived for it madly, just barely raised it from the floor and got it started into the ashes and then dropped none too neatly on top of it. "Hurry up, you sow-pig!" the fireman yelled, and I struggled again with the terrible poker, finally managing to rake out the ashes.—Josiah Flynt in Success Magazine.

GAS AS AN ILLUMINANT.

China, It Has Been Asserted, Used It Centuries Ago.

It has been asserted, but never proved conclusively, that China used gas for lighting purposes centuries before its use in the western world. If this was so it was doubtless natural gas.

Clayton, at the end of the seventeenth century, stored gas in bladders and played with it at times, and Lord Dundonald in 1787, in working a patent for coal tar, stored up the gas and occasionally used it for lighting up the hall of Culross abbey.

It is to the genius of a Scotsman, W. Murdoch, that we owe our bright illuminant. In 1792 he was living at Redruth, Cornwall, and after experiments in gasmaking he lit up his own house, much to the astonishment of his neighbors.

Called to Birmingham, he erected a large plant for lighting up the Soho works. This drew attention to the whole matter, and in 1803 London began street lighting. The Royal Society in 1808 gave Murdoch his Rumford gold medal for his invention.—London Standard.

A Unique Collection.

Among the curious ways by which some persons in England make a living is the sale of castoff garments belonging to distinguished personages, for which the curiosity loving fashionable world affords a sure and profitable market. One English lady has a collection of corsets, including articles from the wardrobes of reigning imperial and royal personages as well as objects of historical interest. Among the latter are a leather corset belonging to Charlotte Corday, the heroine of the French revolution, and a construction of whalebone and steel worn by Marie Antoinette, with an eighteen inch waist.—Toilettes.

Working the Crust.

From my window the other day, writes a New Yorker, I witnessed the ingenuity of a beggar. He evidently had a pocket filled with crusts, and when no one was passing he threw one of them into my yard. Then he waited for a lady or gentleman who carried stick or umbrella and, trembling, appealed for the crust to be brought within his reach. The sympathy he excited was so great that he received a nickel or two from many who heard his plea.

A Quaint Epitaph.

A good tombstone inscription to add to your collection is given in a recent book. It is said to be of seventeenth century date and runs as follows:

Here lies the body of Thomas Woodhen, The Kindest of Husbands, the best of men.

And directly under the inscription the explanation, "His name was Woodcock, but that would not come in the rhyme."

TRIP TO A FIXED STAR.

Would Be a Long Journey Even With Transportation Facilities.

There is a perpetual fascination about the stars and the immense distances at which they lie from one another and from us. To demonstrate the vast distance of Centauri from this planet a popular scientist gives the following illustration in London Answers: "We shall suppose that some wealthy directors, for want of outlet for their energy and capital, construct a railway to Centauri. We shall neglect for the present the engineering difficulties, a mere detail, and suppose them overcome and the railway open for traffic. We shall go further and suppose that the directors have found the construction of such a railway to have been particularly easy and that the proprietors of interstellar space had not been exorbitant in their terms for right of way.

"Therefore, with a view to encourage traffic, the directors have made the fare exceedingly moderate—viz, first class at 1 penny per hundred miles. Desiring to take advantage of these facilities, a gentleman, by way of providing himself with small change for the journey, buys up the national debt of Britain and a few other countries and, presenting himself at the office, demands a first class single fare to Centauri.

"For this he tenders in payment the price of the ticket, £1,100,000,000.

"Having taken his seat, it occurs to him to ask:

"At what rate do you travel?"

"Sixty miles an hour, sir, including stoppages," is the answer.

"Then when shall we reach Centauri?"

"In 48,663,000 years, sir!"

HENRY BELL'S COMET.

The First Steamer That Plied For Hire in Great Britain.

Among the curiosities of advertising may surely be placed the first advertisement of the first steamer that plied for hire in Great Britain—namely, Henry Bell's Comet. Thus ran the advertisement in the Glasgow Courier of 1812:

"Steam passage boat, the Comet, between Glasgow, Greenock and Helensburgh. For passengers only. The subscriber having at much expense fitted up a handsome vessel to ply upon the river Clyde between Glasgow and Greenock—to sail by the power of wind, air and steam—he intends that the vessel shall leave the Broomielaw on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays about midday or at such time thereafter as may answer from the state of the tide and to leave Greenock on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays in the morning to suit the tide. The elegance, comfort, safety and speed of this vessel require only to be proved to meet the approbation of the public, and the proprietor is determined to do everything in his power to merit public encouragement. The terms are for the present 4 shillings for the best cabin and 3 shillings for the second, but beyond these rates nothing is to be allowed to servants or any other person employed about the vessel."

What would poor neglected Henry Bell have said could he have seen his humble little Comet, of whose elegance, comfort and speed he was so proud, alongside a modern ocean racer or one of the latest palatial river steamers of the Clyde or Thames, all so well advertised?—Chambers' Journal.

OLD ROMAN BATHS.

They Held Theaters, Temples, Feasting Halls and Libraries.

The ancient Romans were extravagantly fond of bathing. They got their notions about the bath as a luxury from the Greeks, and at one time there were nearly 900 public bathing establishments in Rome, some of which were the most beautiful and elaborate structures in the world.

The baths of the Emperor Diocletian covered more than half a square mile and contained, besides immense basins and thousands of marble recesses, theaters, temples, halls for feasting, promenades planted with trees, libraries, schools for youth and academies for the discussions of the learned. The bathers sat on marble benches below the surface of the water, around the edge of the basins, scraping themselves with dull knives of metal and ivory and taking occasional plunges into the water.

Dissipated Romans would spend whole days in the bath, seeking relief from overindulgence in eating and drinking the night before. Everybody, even the emperor, used these baths, which were open to every one who chose to pay the price of admission.

It was not usual for the old Romans to have baths in their houses, though at a date 1,500 years before that, or 3,500 years ago, the noblemen of ancient Greece had their dwellings supplied with baths of terra cotta.

Blood From a Stone.

The open terrace in front of the Dewan-I-Khas consists of two thrones, the black one of which, facing the river, was cut out of a single slab of stone in 1603. This black throne, which is about eleven feet long and supported by octagonal pedestals, was built by Akbar in recognition of his son's title to the empire. Here Jehangir used to sit occasionally and see the fight of wild animals arranged for his amusement. The crack on the throne is believed to have been caused by Lord Lake's bullet falling upon it during the attack of 1803. According to tradition, however, it cracked when the Jat king of Bharatpur sat on the throne, for it was meant to be used by none but the real descendants of the great mogul. Then, again, when Lord Ellenborough sat on it during the Kabul war in 1842 blood is supposed to have come out of it.—East Indian World.

His Perseverance.

Henry Arthur Jones, the noted English playwright, was giving the students of Yale an address on the drama. "Your American vernacular is picturesque," he said, "and it should help your playwrights to build strong, racy plays. But neither vernacular nor anything else is of moment if perseverance is lacking. No playwright can succeed who is like a man I know. I said to this man one New Year's day, 'Do you keep a diary, Philip?' 'Yes,' he answered. 'I've kept one for the first two weeks in January for the last seven years.'"

His Good News.

"I have," said a lawyer as he entered his condemned client's cell, "good news at last."

"A reprieve?" eagerly exclaimed the prisoner.

"No, not a reprieve, but your uncle has left you £500, and now you can meet your fate with the satisfying feeling that the noble efforts of your lawyer in your behalf will not go unrewarded."—London Tit-Bits.

Summons By Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington for the County of Yakima. H. W. Meyers, plaintiff, vs. Florence Bennett Meyers, defendant.

The State of Washington to the said Florence Bennett Meyers, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the fifth day of September, A. D. 1908, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for plaintiff at his office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court. The object of the said action, set forth in the complaint, is as follows: The said plaintiff prays that he be granted an absolute decree of divorce from you, the said defendant, upon the grounds of abandonment for more than one (1) year, and for a decree decreeing, that there is no community property of the said plaintiff and defendant, and that no disposition be made of the minor child, a girl named Lorinne, and that the plaintiff have such other and further relief as may be meet and equitable in the premises.

H. J. SNIVELY,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address North Yakima, County of Yakima, Washington.
sept-12-19-26oct3-10-17

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for the County of Yakima.

L. M. Tyrrell, Plaintiff, vs. A. N. Sargent, Defendant.

Under and by virtue of a general execution issued out of the Superior court of the State of Washington, in and for the County of Yakima, on the 30th day of July, 1908, upon a judgment rendered in said court on the 30th day of July, 1908, in favor of L. M. Tyrrell, and against A. N. Sargent, for the sum of ten hundred and twenty-three and 90-100 (\$1023.90) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum until paid, and one hundred and twenty-five (\$125.00) dollars and costs of suit taxed nine and 80-100 (\$9.80) dollars, and to me as sheriff of Yakima county, State of Washington, duly directed and delivered on the 12th day of August, 1908, I have on this the 20th day of August, 1908, levied upon the following described property, to-wit:

The undivided one-half interest of A. N. Sargent in and to lots 15 and 16, in block 6, of the Toppenish Land Company's First addition to the town of Toppenish, Yakima County, State of Washington, according to the plat thereof now of record in the office of the county auditor of Yakima county, State of Washington, as the property of A. N. Sargent, pursuant to the command in said execution contained, by filing with the county auditor of Yakima county, State of Washington, a true and correct copy of said writ of execution duly certified to by me to be such, together with a description of the property levied upon as aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given that I will, on Saturday, the 19th day of September, 1908, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon on said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of North Yakima, Yakima county, State of Washington, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, to satisfy said judgment, interest, costs and increased costs.

Dated this the 20th day of August, 1908.

J. M. EDWARDS,
Sheriff of Yakima County, State of Washington.

By W. A. COX, Deputy.
O. B. ROOT, Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, Toppenish, Wash.
au2sept19

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for the County of Yakima.

The First National Bank of Toppenish, Wash., Plaintiff, vs. A. N. Sargent, Defendant.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for the County of Yakima, on the 30th day of July, 1908, upon a judgment rendered in said court on the 30th day of July, 1908, in favor of the First National Bank of Toppenish, Washington, and against A. N. Sargent, for the sum of fifteen hundred and ten and 50-100 (\$1510.50) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum until paid, and costs of suit taxed at one hundred and fifty-four and 80-100 (\$154.80) dollars, and to me as sheriff of Yakima county, State of Washington, duly directed and delivered on the 12th day of August, 1908, I have on this, the 20th day of August, 1908, levied upon the following described property, to-wit:

The undivided one-half interest of the said A. N. Sargent in the following described property situated in Yakima county, State of Washington: The east half of the southeast quarter of section thirty-six (36) township ten (10) north, range nineteen (19) E, W. M., and lots three (3) and four (4) and the north half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter and the south half of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section thirty-one (31), township ten (10) north, range twenty (20) E, W. M., as the property of A. N. Sargent, pursuant to the command in said execution contained, by filing with the county auditor of Yakima county, State of Washington, a true and correct copy of said writ of execution duly certified to by me to be such, together with a description of the property levied upon as aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given that I will, on Saturday, the 19th day of September, 1908, at the hour of two-thirty o'clock in the afternoon on said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of North Yakima, Yakima county, State of Washington, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, to satisfy said judgment, interests, costs and increased costs.

Dated this the 20th day of August, 1908.

J. M. EDWARDS,

Sheriff of Yakima County, State of Washington.

By W. A. COX, Deputy.
O. B. ROOT, Attorney for Plaintiff,
P. O. Address, Toppenish, Wash.
au2sept19

Notice to Creditors.

In the superior court of the state of Washington, in and for Yakima county.

—In probate.

In the matter of the estate of William John, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late William John, deceased, or against his estate, shall present the same to the administratrix, Mary A. John, at the office of McAulay & Meigs, 516 Miller building, North Yakima, Washington, the same being the place for the transaction of business of said estate, within one year from the date of the first publication of this notice, to-wit: Within one year from the 21st day of August, 1908.

Unless the same are so presented they will be forever barred.

MARY A. JOHN,

Administratrix of the Estate of William John, deceased.

aug22sept19

NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF TIE-TON WATER USERS' ASSOCIATION, A CORPORATION UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, AND OF THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF THE TRUSTEES OF SAID ASSOCIATION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the TIE-TON WATER USERS' ASSOCIATION, a corporation under the laws of the state of Washington, and the annual election of Trustees of said association will be held in the Courthouse, in the city of North Yakima, Yakima County, Washington, the place heretofore designated therefor by the trustees, on the first Saturday of September, 1908, to-wit, the fifth day of September, 1908, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, and that at said meeting there will be elected five (5) Trustees of said Association, to serve for one year; and that at said meeting there will be transacted such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at North Yakima, Washington, this 6th day of August, 1908.

C. H. HINMAN,

Secretary of the Tieton Water Users' Association.

Wanted—Chickens, hogs, veal, eggs. Fulton Market, 101 South First street.



When you see the new models of **CHESTERFIELD CLOTHING** you will see distinctive styles as well as workmanship and finish. We show by far the finest collection of high class Suits and Overcoats in our history.

Plenty of browns in fine worsteds, tweeds and velour cassimeres. Plenty of sizes to select from—shorts, longs, stouts and regulars. An abundance of blue serges and black unfinished worsteds.

Chesterfield Suits
\$25 to \$32.50

Other Good Makes
\$15 to \$25

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THE CLOTHIER

Washington
Hotel Bldg.

EMPORIUM WILL CHANGE MANAGEMENT

Miles Cannon, President of the Big Dry Goods Establishment Expects to Engage in Other Lines of Business.

Miles Cannon is to retire from the management of The Emporium. He is doing so to devote his time and energy to a sheep and land company he proposes to organize in the southeastern portion of Oregon and the northeastern portion of Nevada. His new line of operations will be 150 miles from any railroad at present existing, in an undeveloped country, but one which Mr. Cannon believes is to feel the hand of progress in the very near future. In this move he returns to a line of activity which engaged his earlier days and it is as no novice that he will undertake the handling of sheep, wool and land. Mr. Cannon feels that the best and most alluring prospects of the future are to be found right in the Yakima valley, more particularly here at North Yakima. The day of cheap lands, here, however, has passed, but he has faith that the cheap lands of the district he has selected are to have a future such as has come and is coming to this portion of Washington. The annual migration of one million of people, as is now the case, from the east to the Pacific coast, must through mere force of numbers, cause an increase in values. It is of this appreciation in land values that he proposes to take advantage.

Another reason is given by Mr. Cannon for his retirement from the active management of the Emporium. He says that the volume of business at the store has reached such proportions as to require the alertness, energy and physical effort in attention to multitudinous details that only the young can properly give. Mr. Cannon believes, the men selected for the work being younger men, can do better, so he is throwing off the burden to take up such a one as the younger men would not attempt.

Mr. Cannon will not at once hand over the management. Until the end of the year, or thereabouts, he will drill his successors to their respective duties. Those successors are to be Delmer A. Thompson, who will assume control, and C. L. Stevenson, Kleo V. Loba, and E. S. Crutchfield. They have purchased a large block of stock in the store and it is upon them that the management of The Emporium will fall. At the end of their special course Mr. Cannon will take up the construction work of his sheep, wool and land enterprise.

Of The Emporium itself a great deal can be written. Its history is, so far as they run together, the history of this city, indicating as it does, progress, development, aggressiveness. The Emporium opened for business in August, 1907. Its success was immediate, and has been unparalleled. It has made a record of handling 1800 people in a day and that, too, in such a manner that each customer was satisfied. The growth of the business necessitates the making of a number of divisions in executive management and visiting merchants and traveling representatives who are acquainted with the business houses of many states have conceded The Emporium to be one of the best arranged

and most up-to-date department stores in the west. Its stockholders include men of considerable wealth and in the roll are three families, all of them pioneers of Yakima county, whose aggregate wealth is more than a million dollars. Under the new management the detailed list of stockholders will be: Coffin Bros., D. G. Goodman, Lydia McMillan Reed, Miss Katherine Scott, Delmer E. Thompson, E. S. Crutchfield, Kleo V. Loba, and Chester L. Stevenson. The three in this list who are first named are the capitalists to whom reference is made above. It is their aim, and the aim of the management of The Emporium, that the store keep abreast of the development of the country in which it is located.

Some very interesting facts were brought to light when Mr. Cannon was questioned last evening as to the personnel of the new management.

"D. A. Thompson, who is a director in the firm, and who will continue as general manager and director in charge," said Mr. Cannon, "has been in my employ something like three years. He started in on a salary of \$10 per week when I was owner of the Boston Store. When The Emporium was organized he was appointed general manager and has acted in that capacity ever since. He has spent his entire life in the mercantile business, and his wonderful adaptability was first called to my attention during the preparation for an 'opening' in the Boston Store, some two years ago, when he worked the entire night until 7 o'clock in the morning and then reported for duty at the opening of the store at 7:30."

"It occurred to me at the time that a man who will work the entire night when drawing a salary of \$10 a week, has a future, and it would be quite a problem for Mr. Thompson to figure out at the end of his business career the value that night's work will have been to him. I consider him the peer of any merchant in the country, his strong feature being his masterful comprehension of the science of modern merchandising."

Asked what arrangements would be made relative to the division of the work under the new organization, Mr. Cannon said that Mr. Thompson would have executive management, assisted by Chester L. Stevenson, who will be store superintendent.

Mr. Stevenson has been with the store since its organization and his present position is due largely to his mastery of details. In his capacity of store superintendent he will have control of all the employees, of all detail arrangements and the management of the entire floor force. Mr. Stevenson is a son of D. L. Stevenson, a real estate dealer of Portland, Ore., who has been a resident of that state for 30 years. He is a son-in-law of H. A. Cleek, who has been engaged in the cattle and sheep business in Oregon for half a century and who is now considered to be one of the wealthiest men in the state, and his family one of the most prominent. The entire store service will be under Mr. Stevenson's charge, a position for which, in Mr. Cannon's judgment, his characteristics pre-eminently fit him.

Speaking of Mr. Loba, Mr. Cannon said: "Kleo V. Loba, who belongs to a family of successful merchants, has been with this store since its organization. Though yet a young man he has had 10 years of experience in the children's and gentlemen's clothing departments of large stores. He has had charge of the children's department since we organized The Emporium store and will continue in that department. He was brought up in the Sears-Roebuck & Co.'s big store in Chicago, being a department manager the last two years he was there. The Sears-Roebuck store, you will recall, is one of the largest stores in the world, employing from six to nine thousand people and having average sales of \$1,000,000 per week. Mr. Loba's uncle, J. F. Skinner, is sec-

ond vice president and general merchandise manager. Mr. Skinner entered the service of that store 13 years ago on a salary of \$10 per week and now draws a salary greater than that paid any officer in the employ of the United States government, the president alone excepted. It is the boast of Mr. Loba that he can sell goods in Yakima as cheap as Sears-Roebuck can sell them in Chicago and the customer saves the express charges. In addition to this department Mr. Loba will have much to do with the buying of goods, especially for the clothing department. He is expecting that his uncle will visit him in North Yakima this winter."

E. S. Crutchfield, the last of the quartette above referred to, though yet young, has had nearly 10 years of experience in business. He has been five years in the dry goods line and four and a half years in banking. Banking proved to be too dull for his temperament, however, and he has re-entered the dry goods business as a life occupation. His time will be devoted to the management of the dry goods department and the promotion of the standing of the store in the estimation of the public. Like Mr. Thompson and Mr. Stevenson he is a native of Oregon. The three young men were raised in the same neighborhood and have been life long friends.

Command of the ladies ready-to-wear department on the second floor will remain with Miss Scott, who is a stockholder of the company. During the summer she has been in Europe but is expected back to her post of duty during the present week. Her success in the suit department of the store has been phenomenal and her ability is highly appreciated by the directors. The reorganization is to be completed this week.

CITY AND COUNTY NEWS

Brief Record of Local Happenings for the Week in North Yakima and Vicinity.

Joseph Wisdorf, formerly of this city, is now located at Mt. Angel, Ore.

Attorney H. J. Snively has been confined to his home the most of the week by illness.

Attorney Floyd Hatfield returned the first of the week from a trip on legal business to Seattle.

Attorney George F. McAulay, of the firm of McAulay & Meigs, transacted business in Prescott this week of a legal nature.

Mrs. Hugh Purdin, who has been on a visit to Yakima to look after her ranch in the Wenas, returned to Portland Thursday.

The street cars did a large business Thursday in carrying the crowd to "Buffalo Bill's" Wild West show, which exhibited that day on the common south of the city limits.

Editor H. D. Jory of the Sunnyside Forum was a county seat visitor Tuesday. He stated that the socialists of this section were much disappointed by the failure of Presidential Candidate Debs to travel to the coast via Yakima.

The family of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gerber are rejoicing in the fact that a son has been born to the house. There are seven daughters in the Gerber home and the boy is their only brother. It's pathway will be one of roses.

Contractors on the Milwaukee railroad operating in Kittitas county, have caused a big decrease in the number of laborers here recently. The Milwaukee people are now working night forces wherever it is practicable, and laborers are in great demand.

Chief Lancaster Spencer and wife of Toppenish left here Wednesday with their three daughters, aged 17, 15 and 13, whom they will place in the Indian school at Chemawa, Ore., to receive higher education, the girls having finished the course at Fort Simcoe.

Mrs. E. B. Jones, wife of the erstwhile manager of the Eastern Furniture company of this city, was granted a divorce from her husband this week by Judge Preble. Mrs. Jones was allowed to assume her maiden name of Laura E. Lockwood. Incompatibility of temper and a charge of desertion were alleged by the plaintiff.

Milo Russell returned home the first of the week from attendance on the Western Washington fair at Seattle, where he was in charge of the Yakima county fruit exhibit. As usual, the Yakima fruit gathered in a number of the best premiums and Mr. Russell returned well satisfied with the showing made.

The Progressive Social Club, the local organization of colored men, moved their quarters this week from South First street to a new location secured at 205 South Front street. This club enjoys a reputation for extreme hospitality and during the late primary campaign entertained a number of republican candidates for office.

The Yakima Valley Transportation company on Wednesday received three new passenger cars for its local street car service. The cars are very handsome in appearance and are of up-to-date design. The track is now virtually finished to the fair grounds and the wires likewise in place. So there is now nothing to interfere with a first class service to and from the grounds during the state fair, which begins Sept. 28.

Edward Remy, state fair commissioner, returned from Seattle early in the week, where he had gone to work up in-

THEY MUST GO

All Our

OXFORDS

We Must Have the Room for FALL GOODS

\$3.00 Fine Kid Oxford; Sale Price....\$2.00-\$2.25

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terest in the state fair. He put in considerable time last week in attendance at the Western Washington fair and arranged to have a number of leading exhibits transferred to the fair here. Mr. Remy says that the cattle exhibit at Seattle, in which Yakima was well represented, was the leading feature of the Seattle fair.

Under the provisions of the direct primary law candidates for all elective city offices must file their declarations previous to Oct. 10. The primary must be held Nov. 10 and the city election will occur this year on Dec. 8. Not a single candidate has been filed thus far. There has been little or no talk so far regarding candidates for the city election except for the office of city attorney. Messrs. Lockhart, Lynch and Allen, it is understood, will be out for that place.

S. D. Peck, a well known butcher of Outlook, this county, died Monday as the result of a most unusual accident. He was helping his son to hang up a beef in their market Sunday. The rope used in the operation, it seems, broke and the carcass falling on the aged man pinned him to the floor. A knife knocked from the block being dislodged pierced the unfortunate man's abdomen inflicting a death wound. Mr. Peck was a G. A. R. veteran and was very much esteemed by his neighbors.

Socialist County Ticket.

The county convention of the socialist party of Yakima was held Sept. 8 in a west side hall. For some reason local members of that party were averse to giving out the personnel of the ticket named and did not do so until this week. The convention was not very largely attended, although a complete legislative and county ticket was named and a red hot platform adopted. The ticket has not yet been filed with the county auditor for the reason that that official has refused to file the names of the candidates nominated without payment of the fee as required by the new primary law, which the socialist leaders refuse to pay. It is understood that they will ask Judge Preble to first pass upon the constitutionality of that pro-

vision of the law. The ticket nominated follows:

State Senator—G. A. Brock, Grandview.

Representatives—Joseph Blough, Sunnyside; W. H. Warner, North Yakima.

Sheriff—W. C. McBride, Moxee.

Treasurer—Walter Price, Outlook.

County Clerk—Virgil Sires, North Yakima.

Auditor—John Dobie, Naches.

Assessor—J. W. Gore, Outlook.

Commissioner—First district—Mr. Zirkle, Coviche; Third District—R. A. House, Outlook.

The platform adopted endorses the national platform, roasts both the old parties for their positions on the liquor question and demands a state owned coal mine.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescription from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

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