R.S. Morgan

First Commission merchant

Monday morning from a complication of disorders, a wound sustained in the Civil War being a contributing cause.

Mr. Morgan was born 62 years ago in Philadelphia. It the outbreak of the war he was living in Illinois but enlisted in a Missouri regiment and served three years. He was in the battle of Missionary Ridge and Corinth.

Mr. Morgan wame here 2 23 years ago and bought a homestead.

He has lived here ever since and was the first commission

merchant in this vicinity. He shipped the first alfalfa ever sent

out from North Yakima. The Yakima Herald, August 11, 1909.

Henry D. Cock, well known far and wide for the many years as Colonel Cock, died at his ho e last Friday. He was a resident when the territory was stoff from Oregon and was a member of the first territorial legislature, having been elected to the council from Yakima c unty. Some years later he was elected to the lower house from Walla Walla.

 H_{θ} came with his father from Pennsylvania when a boy. For some years the family lived in Wisconsin, from whence by wagon they came on to Puget Sound and settled in Olympia.

He was a trusted leader and fearless scout and messenger. The circumstance of his daring ride to bring dispatches through the cou try of the hostile tribes to the interior from the west side to Gen. Haller at Fort Somcoe and his pursuit across the Ahtanum and narrow we cape are matters for more careful setting down after more careful reference.

Col. Shaw of Vancouver, Gip Wills and other old Indian fighters can help out the future and more particular writer of these incidents.

territory, I.I. Stevens and his interprete as well and was a party to many pow wows with the Indians at a tile hen all hands were sharpeyed for uprisings and ambuscades.

In the capacity he was in all parts of the state before its settlement the whites and later went over it again with Prof. Gibbs of the Smithsonian on a tour of exploration and specimen hunting. He was a born naturalist.

Of late years he was anxious to see fish and game preserved, and on the day of his death expected the ar ival of an agent of the United States fish commission with food fishes which had been promised him for stocking the streams in this vicinity.

He tried steamboating on the sound for some years and with the results of his selling out bought cattle and came to this county.

Money D. Cook, well born for mit wille for the copy we're as Se bas

The home ranch was on the river near wher Zillah now is and adjoining the old Sam Chappell homestead. Even before this he at empted m ning i the Caribou country. He for a while kept a miner's hotel away up in that region and was full of stories about the a tempts to use camels for pack animals on the trail passing his place.

The cattle business tripped him of what was left from steamboating and he went with his family to Walla Valla wherehe bough a drug store with no better luck. Then he was made city marshal as he was several times afterward for North Yakima.

He planted the shade trees that are the price and glory of the town. He knew the Big Klickitat, the Tietan and all the lakes and passes and trout streams and could point instinctively to the bush behind which was a prairie chicken. Col. Walker, Dr. Hare and all the men who hunt and fish will miss Col. Cock.

The two children, Charles and Mrs. H.K. Ovens were at the funeral--Yakima Herald, July 18, 1895.

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N.H. Lillie, so _in-law and the administrator of the estate of the late Joseph Bowser was in the city Monday from

Toppenish and informed a Herald reporter that he wa convinced that old Joe had certificates of deposits to the amount of between 10 and 15 thousand dollars on his person at the time of his death and that these have been stolen. He warns all persons against megotiating the same and offers a reward of #1,000 to the person who will turn them into the estate--Yakima Herald, June 13, 1895.

DAUGHTERS OF PIONEERS SEE SCENES OF THEIR CHILDHOOD

Notes on life at old Fort Simcoe, compared yesterday on the ground, brought a flood of happy recollections to Miss Mary W. Priestley of Madison, Wis., and Mrs. J. J. Bartholet of Yakima, whose fathers served as superintendents of the Yakima Indian reservation.

In a party that included Mrs. Frederick Swanstrom of Seattle, whose collateral ancestor, Maj. Robert Seldon Garnett, built the army post in 1856-57, Miss Priestley and Mrs. Bartholet turned back the pages of time as they walked together through the bare rooms of the white, gabled house where each had lived awhile in childhood.

Miss Priestley, who taught little Indians at the boarding school during the superintendency of her father, 1886-1890, told how glad she and her mother and two young brothers were to reach the shade and coolness of the oak groves at the end of an August afternoon in 1887 after a 33-mile buckboard drive from North Yakima to join the captain, appointed to the agency post the year before. The Priestley family came west from Mineral Point, Wis.

"We were urged upon setting out from town to wear cabbage leaves over our hats to protect us from the sun," she said, "and we surely were grateful for the advice."

Mrs. Bartholet's father, Judge Lewis T. Erwin, superintendent through Grover Cleveland's administration, 1892-1896, delighted in entertaining, and to the fort those (continuation not available)

Newspaper, unknown

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As full of bubbling enthusiasm as in the days when he first saw the Yakima valley in 1886 and giving proof that Ponce de Deon's dountain of youth must be located not far from Miami, Fla., G.M. McKinney is now visiting his daughter, Mrs. M.M. Jones in Yakima.

Mr. McKinney may of may justly lay claim to being one of the real founders of Yakima and to have contributed according to the most modern of reclamation principals not only to its physical development but to the task of placing succ ssful settlers on its lands.

Yesterday he visited the Republic building in vain search for the small office which one he once occupied in that structure one which has apparently changed much more than its former occupant.

When Mr. McKinney first located in Yakima he represented the Cri pen I vestment company and as such made the fir t commercial loans on Yakima valley lands. The legal firm of Whitson & Parker hand Dec served as connsel her and W.L. Steinweg, president of the First National bank was its banker.

Of the four Judge Whitson has passed away but the other three, thou though their hair is a bit touched with gray and possibly not quite a luxuriant in growth as of yore, look back with keen enjoyment to the days when they were boy businessmen.

In the great financial slump of the eary development period the Crippen company went under. McKinney t en became development agent for the N_0 rthern Pacific which sold some of its vale valley lands at as low as 50 cents an acre with the view of placing freight producers along its tracks.

"When I came here ther was no Sunnyside canal.andOGaptdODana Below the P_u rdy F_1 int and Captain Dunn places there was only sagebrush

"ith the death of J.B. Morgan at Sunnyside on October 7, 1905, one of the most historical chard careers in this section of the country was brought to a close and the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community goes out to the bereaved family.

Mr. Morgan familiarly known as "Jock" was bern May 11, 1844 at Burlington lows and crossed the plains with his parents in 1850. The journey consumed eleven months and cost the family the life of its leader and protector who died on the way.

where "Jock" spent his boyhood days until he reached the age of 15 years. Then he became an employe of the old California Stage empany as a stock tender. His natural ability and thorough knowladge of the work together with trustworthiness soon placed him on the payrollas the crack driver on the fastest stages.

He was entrusted with the most responsible of the missions which he always promptly and faithfully fulfilled. His career as a stage driver ended as he drove the last stage into alem, Or., just ahead of the first locomotive that entered the town.

In 1871 Mr. Mergan took up stock raising, buying and selling and drove a band of cattle across the state line into the state of Washington. In 1872 he made his headquarters at Coldendale and 1875 he enter d the Yakima country braving the dangers and surmounting the difficulties of frontier life on the Indian reservation. In 1882 he removed to what has ever since been the home of the Morgans, just across the river from Mabton, where the entire surrounding community is well acquainted with his kindness of heart g and epenhearted liberarility.

North Yakima and Yakima valley people this year overlooked an interesting anniversary, nothing more nor less than the semi-centennial of the settlement of this part of Washington by . white settlers.

On February 15, 50 years ago F.M. (Thorp) came across country from Goldendale and made his home permanently in the Moxee valley.

Accompanying him was Charles Splawn, brother of Hon. A.J.
Splawn and L.L. Thorp, then a boy, was a member of the party. There was at that time no family resident in this part of the valley or state between the Columbia river and Puyallup....Yakima Herald, March 15, 1911.

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Granger-Thomas

Mr. Walter N. Granger, manager of the Northern Pacific

Yakima & Kittitas irrigation company was married on Wednesday

afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residents of the bride's parents, to Miss

Maude Thomas, only daughter of Captain and Mrs. J.H. Thomas.

The ceremony was strictly private, only the fam ly and the officiating clergyman, Rev. John Uren, being present-Yakima Herald, Thursday, July 2, 1891.

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Josiah Wiley, one of the early settlers of Yakima county died at his hoe on the Antanum Wednesday, Feb. 26.

The deceased was born in Pennsylvania on August 4, 1846. Te enlisted in the 11th Pennsylvania cavalry during the Gettysburg emergency and reenlisted when his time was out, serving altogether about two years and a half.

He crossed the plains in 1868 settling in the Antanum valley in the fall of that year where he has resided ever since.

Mr. Wiley was a strong repubulican and active in all campaigns. He leaves two children and three brothers, all of whom reside on the An Antanum.

He was buried today from the Congregational church, the services being conducted under the auspices of the Grand Army--Yakima

Herald, February 27, 1896.

D.W. Owens, a pioneer of the Yakima valley, aged 80 years died at hishome at Kennewick Monday and in his passing one of the b best loved and manly of men passed to his final reward.

From his earliest manhood he had sought the frontier and he had come to the Yakima valley when it was a sage brush wilderness and there are few of the early pioneers of the section but tat loved the man.

His home at Kennewick was a store room of curios collected by the man during a busy life and represented the largest individual collection in the state.

Dewitt Owens was born in Massachusetts in 1831 and while a young man moved to the middle west. In 1877 he moved to coldendate In 1881 he moved to Amsworth and later to asco where he engaged in the real estate business. In 1904 he moved to Kennewick and was instrumental in the forward growth of the lower valley towns.——The Yakima Herald, April 28,1909.

Wapato, Jan. 28--Credit for clearing with his own hands 3,000 acres of sagebrush Reservation land goes to Thomas Kobayashi, Japanese who died at St Elizabeth's hospital of pneumonia on Saturd y evening.

Kobayashi has probably grubbed more sagebrush from more Reservation land than any other one resident of the Reservation and was recognized as a leader among the valley Japanese.

Kobayashi, who was 54 at the time of death, came to the United States 34 years ago and to the Reservation in 1903.

He had been afflicted with asthma for some time and contracted pneumonia while in poor health.-Yakima Republic, January 28, 1924.

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James K. Ward died on Wednesday at 1 o'clock a.m. after an exhausting illness of nearly a month. His disease was caused by a complication of troubles, beginning with the grip. Several days before the end came he was unconscious and was kept alive by stimulants and liquid nourishment.

rom about 9 o'clock on Tuesday morning until he died he was in a stupor or sleep from which it was impossible to arouse him.

Mr. Ward came to North Yakima twelve years ago and purchased the property on the corner of the avenue and First street from Paul Schulze. He afterwards improved by property by erecting substantial brick blocks. He leaves a brother, M ses N. Ward, ten years his junior, his owly blood relative in Yakima. His widow, to whom he was married in Pennsylvania at the close of the war and his naace

J.K. Ward was born in Mifflin county, Pennsylvania on the 4th of March, 1832, being 67 years of age at the time of demise. He enliste in the 17th Indiana Volunteers at Columbia City, Indiana, early in the war, as a sergeant and was subsequently promoted to a lieutenant which he resigned before the close of the repellion.

He was in many hard fought battles including Shiloh. He was a member of Meade Post No. 9, GAR and the local lodge of Odd Fellows, under whose auspices he was buried this afternoon. A plain unassuming man, he was a solid citizen, a good neighbor and friend and noted for his common sense and kindly disposition. It maybe said of him that he had not an enemy, but left hosts of warm friends whose sympathies go out to his family in the sad hour of bereavement—Yakima Herald, March 23,1899.

Said an old soldier the other day to a Herald memorter.

"It makes me extremely wearv to hear t'ese hundreds of residents of Yakima addressed and answering to high-sounding military titles. Do you know that W.F. Prosser is the only resident of this county who earned the title of colonel in the late war and that J.T. Kingsbury alone is entitled to the rank of captain?" Yakima He ald, September 26, 1890.

John M. Fife

John M. Fife died at the mining camp on Bumming river fifty miles west of North Yakima on Tuesday, the 11th day of November, aged 76 years.

Mr. Fife was born in Scotland and previous to coming to Yakima he lived in Seattle.

His occupation was that of a miner and prospector and together with his sons, he located many rich claims in the Bumping river district.

He is survived by family consisting of six sons and two daughters-Yakima He ald, November 20, 1890.

Historical Ahtanum

Persons who feel that Yakima has gone to the "bow-wows" would get a jolt if they would listen in on the the testimony offered by pioneers of the Ahtanum in the water rights litigation hering goi g on in the federal building.

"I came here in a wagon with my parents from Iowa in 1882. We settled at Odd Town and the place where Yakima now sta ds was a green pasture inhabited only by cows and pony riders," relates Mrs. Fannie D. Griffiths of White Bluffs, who testified late Wednesday.

"My father George W. Strong was sent to Old Town as the Methodist minister. At that time the land on which Yakima stands was owned by Orlando Beck. Many the time have I h rded cattle over all the land now so thickly settled. To we people who came here before Yakima b gan the sight of its busy streets and ever increasing activity affords us a real thrill. Like the West, Yakima is still prospering, the early comer remarks.

In 1886 Mrs. Griffiths and her husband settled on a homestead just east and north of Wiley City. Although Mrs. Griffiths has sold the place she still holds the deed to the homestead.

"A willow swamp occupied the present Wiley City location and much of the surrounding territory" she says. "My husband helped clear much of the brush away.

"Our house was the first lumber house built in the Ahtanum. The lumber was made in the mills here and the hardware equipment packed in from The Dalles. The house, a fi e-room affair, still stands. It is the oldest house now standing in the district. Prior to the erection of our house most of the houses we re of logs. A stage used to bring us mail twice a week from The Dalles," Mrs. Griffiths continued.

At this point a twinkke came into the eyes of the pioneer woman who still retains the vigor of her early days.

"I was just thinking of how they moved Old I ...

"I was just thinking of how they moved Old Town to North Yakima. I temember when the First National bank was on wheels, half way between the two places. We used to buy groceries from the store on wheels."

"Work out, not rust out is my motto. On the ranch I could never stand to see a fence corner filled with debris. I have always worked hard, " comments Mrs. Griffiths.

Although Mrs. Griffiths is well over 60 years she walks and talks with the enthusiasm of the average woman of 40.

Mrs. Felicia Stanton, a witness yesterday, testified she had known the Ahtanum lands since 1869. The Hughes Bolman ditch, one of the early water ways in the district, was described by William Hughes, one of the buildiers of the ditch.

Hearing was resumed this afternoon on the Curtiss R. Gilbert and Theo J. Hackett claims--Yakima Republic, January 24, 1924.

In 1836 Mrs. Oriffice and her has and setting on a horagement

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just east and north of Wiley City. A Ithough Mrs. Griffilums has sold the

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Pione ers Mrs. T.D. Quinn

Mrs. T.D. Quinn, wife of commander T.D. Quinn of the local post of the G.A.R. died suddenly last night at 10:30 o'clock at the "uinn residence, 501 South Ninth avenue. She had been siling for some months, suffering from asthma and heart trouble. She and Mr. "uinn had planned to leave today for Seqttle in the hope that the change of climate m ght be beneficial.

Mr. and Mrs. Wuinn were among the pioneers in the valley, having moved to the Kittitas val ey almost 30 years ago. They were among the first settlers in the Wenas w00 whither they moved 21 years ago. Later they removed to the Selah and about three years ago took up a permanent abode in North Yakima, although they had ived in town intermittently before that time.

zMrs. Wuinn was known as maily Curry as a girl in Illinois. It was in Illinois that she was married. She died at the age of 59. The Yakim Republic, Mah 20, 1910.