

THE YAKIMA DEMOCRAT.

No. 30.

NORTH YAKIMA, WASH., SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1900.

VOL. 6.

THE YAKIMA DEMOCRAT,

BY J. D. MEDILL.

Entered at the North Yakima Postoffice as Second Class Matter

One Dollar Per Year—In Advance.

Published every Saturday morning, at The Democrat Printing House on First Street, North Yakima.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF NORTH YAKIMA

THE banquet given in honor of Mr. Bryan in this city had a tremendous influence in clarifying the political atmosphere within the ranks of the reform forces of this state. Until the appearance of the great leader in Washington, all had been chaos. The situation is now more promising. When such political leaders as Senator George Turner, Gov. John R. Rogers, Rev. Clark Davis and Hon. Robert Bridges announce, as they did do without reservation, that they would henceforth affiliate with the Bryan democracy and would advise their friends to do likewise, it means much for the success of Mr. Bryan's cause in this state. Fusion in 1896 was a necessary and wise move. Fusion in 1900 would be suicidal. Fusion is in its nature merely a makeshift, and if continued in results in a disgusting scramble for spoils, which inevitably invites defeat. Under the leadership of Mr. Bryan, the democratic party stands for reform—the kind of reform that the people want—and having regained the confidence of the people, it has assumed a position where it can make a successful fight. The average populist and silver republican no longer care about the party name, for they are men who believe in certain principles and if those principles are honestly contended for by the democracy, they will no longer object to being classed as democrats.

HON. William J. Bryan America's leading statesman and orator has come and gone and left behind him with the people of Yakima, many pleasant memories. To the followers of Mr. Bryan, especially, the visit of the peerless statesman to Yakima has been a most pleasant event, and will doubtless long be remembered by them. The welcome that was extended to Mr. Bryan in this city, however, was by no means that of his political following only. The more liberal of those who have opposed him politically, likewise extended him a hearty welcome, and felt that their city was highly honored in being given an opportunity to entertain such a guest. From a political standpoint the evidence is uncontestable that the tour of Mr. Bryan throughout the state of Washington has borne good fruit, and this statement is particularly true as regards this county. Everywhere he has visited and spoken he has unified and strengthened his party and given it new vigor and life. Great as the man was believed to be by his many followers in this state, who had never seen him, that high opinion of their leader was necessarily raised by personal

contact with him and by listening to their leader's persuasive voice. The two speeches delivered by Mr. Bryan, while in this city, were both masterly efforts. The first was a plain, logical statement of facts, that carried conviction to the unprejudiced mind. The other was a forensic effort, which for beauty of style, power and eloquence was almost comparable with the Coliseum speech, which made Mr. Bryan famous. It is not alone the magnetism of the man that makes him so popular with all who meet him. There is a much better and deeper reason than that. It is because he possesses all the characteristics of the true gentleman, including thorough unselfishness and a regard for the feelings of others. In this respect, at least, his nature is like that of Abraham Lincoln. As an illustration of the generous and kindly nature of the man, reference is made to the fact that while here he was accosted by a tramp asking for alms. The great orator, after stopping to question the man briefly, reached into his pocket and drew forth a shining half dollar, which he gave to the beggar and bade him Godspeed. A member of the party laughingly remarked that the coin donated would soon find its way into a saloon till. Mr. Bryan's response was, "Oh, you cannot tell about that. It may be the means of helping the poor fellow out of a bad plight, and aid him eventually in leading a more useful life. God grant that such may be the case."

THE editor-in-chief of the Seattle Times, complains bitterly of the "gall" displayed by one Paul Hedrick, a "reporter" for the P.-I., who crowded him out of his seat in a carriage on the occasion of Mr. Bryan's reception at Seattle. This same Hedrick is the fellow that followed Mr. Bryan throughout his tour of the state and sent in lying reports to his paper about the small crowds that greeted Mr. Bryan, the lack of interest, etc. Col. Blethen's charge of "gall" against this creature can be substantiated here by persons familiar with the fact that he left this town without paying his hotel bill; being actuated evidently with the idea that the local reception committee ought to liquidate it for him.

CONGRESSMAN Jones is said to have delivered a speech in congress in favor of the pending Puerto Rican tariff bill, in which the gentleman from Yakima takes strong ground in behalf of the measure which at least one-half of the republican press of the country are denouncing as tyrannical, to say nothing of its unconstitutionality. The ground taken by Mr. Jones is not new. In fact, the same arguments that he employs in this speech have been used over and over again by congressmen supporting the same measure, until the subject has been worn threadbare. Mr. Jones' comparison of the people of Puerto Rico with the Yakima Indians is not very flattering to our Indians, nor for that mat-

ter is such an allusion complimentary to Mr. Jones' intelligence. He knows, or ought to know, that it is not only possible for the Indians to become citizens; but that many of them are already such in many parts of the country. Mr. Jones throughout his long speech begs the question, for he is silent on the central fact in this dirty mess his party has got into over Puerto Rico, i. e., the unconstitutionality of the proposed tax. For this reason, Mr. Jones opposed the iniquitous bill on the start, but changed his mind after an interview with the president. Mr. Jones of Yakima, will find it difficult to square himself with his constituents on this question.

THE local correspondent of the Oregonian, who by the way is also editor-in-chief of the local g. o. p. organ, estimated the number of people who turned out to wear Mr. Bryan here last Saturday at not to exceed 3500. The correspondent further averred that the meeting was entirely without enthusiasm and that the great orator was so badly worn out that he was unable to talk but very little at the banquet. The correspondent must have thought that he knew perfectly just what kind of a report his paper wanted and was willing to pay for.

WE have seen a good many exhibitions of nerve on the part of newspaper men, but the "gall" displayed by the Cheney Free Press man beats the record. Last week the Free Press issued a "homeseekers" edition, which was copied word for word from THE DEMOCRAT'S "homeseekers" edition of Jan. 27, with the exception that the name of Spokane county was substituted for that of Yakima county. We don't object to furnishing the brains to run Mr. Alexander's paper, providing due credit is given.

LEVI Ankeny and Tom Humes were at the top of the heap at the Ellensburg convention, and the way they flayed the Wilsonites, beggars description. It's a long road without any turns and it seems to be Levi's turn now. The election of that apostate Wilsonite, "Klickitat" Baker, instead of our own Englehart, is a very unpalatable dish of crow for a number of our local statesmen.

THE Cascade Miner of Roslyn last week issued a handsomely illustrated special edition devoted to write-ups of the mining industry in the vicinity of that town, giving a detailed description of numerous properties in the Cle-Elum district. We congratulate the publishers, the Messrs. Randall, on their successful venture.

Subscribe for THE DEMOCRAT.

Republican County Convention.

The republican county convention called for the purpose of electing thirteen delegates to the state convention at Ellensburg, which met on the 5th. met at the court house on Saturday at 10 a. m. But comparatively little interest was taken in the proceedings by those who were not delegates or who did not want to be delegates or not otherwise in the "swim." This lack of interest and attendance was obviously due to the fact that the "peerless" leader of the national democracy was in town and naturally enough eclipsed any purely local attraction.

The delegates seemed animated with the idea of making short work of the business in hand so as to procure an early adjournment to enable them to listen to the "silver tongued orator."

As the local leaders had the make-up of the state delegation already fixed up and the platform made and type written, they were ready enough to begin business soon after assembling. The chairman and secretary of the central committee were speedily put in as chairman and secretary respectively of the convention. As an assistant secretary was needed to do the work the convention picked George S. Courter to fill the place. This occurred to everybody as a good stroke of politics inasmuch as George who was a whilom populist in the last campaign and had only lately returned to the fold, was desirous of recognition.

When it came to electing delegates to the state convention somebody suggested that the best way to do the business was to put everybody's name on the blackboard that wanted to go. This proposition seemed plausible enough to the country delegates that didn't stand in, and the scheme was readily assented to. Nominations were then made so rapidly that the board was soon filled and running over with the names of patriots who desired to go to the "windy" city enclave. When the nominations were finally all in, the convention begun balloting with as much zeal as though the performance was a necessary one to determine the result. The understanding being that the (unlucky) thirteen receiving the highest number of votes cast should be declared elected. The result showed that the following parties had been chosen: I. P. Englehart, W. L. Wright, John Reed, G. J. Hill, E. A. Fox, Nelson Rich, C. O. Kelso, F. Williams, John Cleman, J. M. Brown, T. W. Howell, Edward Whitson and Dr. Hare.

The fine "Italian hand" of Englehart could be seen by the keen observer, through the whole proceedings. The fat and jolly lawyer has for some time nursed the ambition to go as a delegate to the big convention of the Hanna cohorts, which meets at Philadelphia on June 19 to re-nominate Mr. McKinley. Mr. Englehart is too smooth a politician to think of asking the convention for an endorsement, for though he might have been able to procure it, such a course would have precipitated a fight, for the "boss" naturally assumed that some of the boys in the party had their knives whetted for him. By skillful manipulation, a nod here and a promise there, the ex-legislator was enabled to secure a friendly delegation and without the necessity of arousing any latent antagonism. The "unlucky" thirteen captured the local freight on Wednesday afternoon and hied themselves to the "Burg" in order to be on hand early for the numerous star chamber sessions—where

things are usually fixed up in advance at republican conventions.

At the state convention at Ellensburg the combination between Ankeny and Humes "ruled the roost" and punched every Wilson head in sight, even turning down Hopkins, the choice of Spokane county. G. H. Baker of Goldendale, a Wilson deserter in the senatorial fight, was elected to the national convention from Central Washington. The eight delegates elected were Levi Ankeny of Walla Walla, L. M. Sims of Cowlitz, E. C. Neufelder of King, J. M. Ashton of Pierce, N. B. Coffman of Lewis, Herbert S. Connor of Skagit, F. J. Hayfield of Whitman.

An Observatio Car

Of unique design, will always be found at the end of the Northern Pacific's North Coast Limited, both east and west bound. Observation platform is six feet and a half long and entire width of car. Ladies' observation parlor is 23 feet long. 30 2

Try some of that Cle-Elum coal, sold by A. J. HANDLEY.

A special in men's calf congress. A \$3.00 shoe for \$2.25, a \$2.50 shoe for \$1.75. 29-4f DUDLEY SHOE CO.

Millions Given Away.

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A New 16 Section

Wide vestibuled Tourist Sleeping Car, with all up-to-date conveniences, is a part of the Northern Pacific's new North Coast Limited, which makes its first trip April 20. Procure a North Coast Limited leaflet. 30 2

Free—An entertainment will be given by children at the the Salvation Army hall, Saturday April 7, at 8 p. m. The program will consist of songs, recitations, dialogues and two illuminated drills. Ice cream and cake will be served at the close of the exercises.

He's Here. Who?

R. H. STRATTON,

The : Paper : Hanger

From Roslyn. Work done by the day or contract. Leave orders at the

Lillie House, on Front Street.

GARRETT BROS.,
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Estimates furnished on work.

Brick Yard Located Near Power House.

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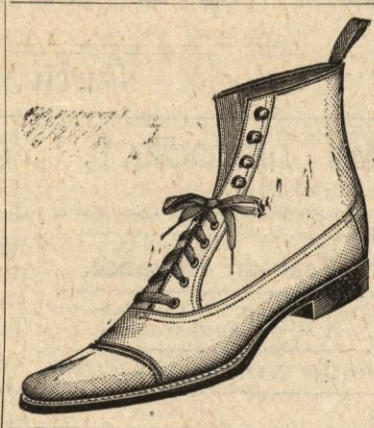
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Grade

And all at

\$3.50

per pair.



No more \$4 00,
\$4 50 and \$5 00
when

The Best

Go at

\$3.50

per pair.

The MOORE CLOTHING CO., as usual, taking the lead, places all its best grades at the one price—\$3 50.

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Sales so increase, we give the credit to the brand; ours bears the C. & B. LABEL. Look for that and you are sure of satisfaction.

Furnishing Goods

our line taps them all. Just look at the line of Underwear in the window.

STETSON HATS FOR EASTER at the

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"THE FAIR"

"THE FAIR"

A Bona Fide Proposition.

We are going out of the Shoe business, and now offer our entire stock at actual cost. We want only their cost price and as they were purchased before the advance in Shoes, you can save big money. See prices of a few sample lines:

Ladies' Cloth Top, Lace, latest Toe,	\$4 00 Shoe, now \$2 55
Ladies' Cloth Top, Lace, latest Toe	\$3 50 Shoe, now \$2 05
Ladies' French Kid, Lace,	\$3 50 Shoe, now \$2 20
Ladies' Kid Button	\$2 50 Shoe, now \$1 55
Misses' Kid, Lace or Button	From 85c to \$1 25
Men's Calfskin Shoes	\$1 00, \$1 25, \$1 35 and \$2 60
Men's Heavy Shoes	90c to \$1 70
Boys' Heavy Shoes	85c to \$1 00
Boys' Fine Calfskin Shoes	\$1 35 to \$1 55
Baby Shoes	20c up

THE FAIR STORE

F. A. ALEXANDER, PROPRIETOR.

Fine Fresh Candies.

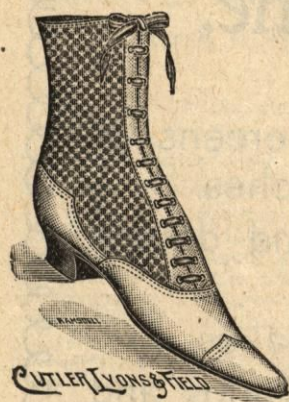
THE PLACE TO BUY THEM IS AT

....DITTER & MECHTEL'S....
BAKERY AND CANDY FACTORY.

We are now manufacturing a full line of candies that are equal to the best and we invite you to try them. We make everything from the finest grades of Chocolate and Creams to the sweet scented Taffy that the children love so well. Try our home made candy.

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A CHANCE TO SAVE SOME MONEY.



\$3000 WORTH of SHOES

**NOW GOING AT
FROM 25 TO 50 PER CENT DISCOUNT.**

All Sizes, Babies' to Men's. Don't Miss It.

SCHOTT SHOE CO.



LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Work on the new Rosenfeld building is progressing rapidly.

H. H. Schott is doing business on the Sound this week.

The modern Woodmen and their auxiliary society, the Royal Neighbors held a delightful social at Allen's hall on Tuesday evening.

The North Yakima Furniture company is putting in a modern front in their store building which improves its appearance very much.

Some autograph fiend cut Hon. W. J. Bryan's signature out of the Hotel Yakima register on Sunday and the popular hostess of that hostelry is exceedingly angay thereat.

Thos. Lund sustained his reputation for enterprise and public spirit by depositing a certified check for \$515 with Agent Graham last week in order to secure the special train from Roslyn.

J. J. Carpenter, the well known hop broker says that there is not to exceed 800 bales left of the '99 crop in Yakima county. The price remains about the same as heretofore.

E. M. Reed has succeeded J. G. Boyle as editor and reporter of the Herald. The many friends of Mr. Reed in this community will be glad to note his return to his old profession in which he has for years been regarded as a shining light.

J. T. Stewart, formerly of Heppner, Ore., has opened up a very handsome drygoods and notion store in the Yakima hotel block. Mr. Stewart thoroughly understands his line of business and is a most genial gentleman to meet. Read his announcement in this issue.

Mrs. George Keyes of the Moxee, died at a Tacoma hospital on the 29th from the result of an operation for peritonitis. The remains were brought home for burial, the funeral being held on Sunday. The deceased was 53 years of age and leaves a husband and eight children.

Archie Hughes, the former proprietor of the O. K. livery stable, died at his home on First street early Sunday morning. Mr. Hughes during the past two years had been afflicted with consumption and hailed death as a kind relief from his terrible sufferings. The funeral occurred on Monday from the Episcopal church, the pall bearers all being brother Redmen. The deceased was 35 years of age and leaves a wife and two little children to mourn the loss of husband and father.

Attorney Guthrie is able to be out again after a week of serious illness.

Judge Davidson left here for Pasco on Sunday night to hold court on the following day.

The county commissioners in session this week re-appointed Dr. Frank county physician.

F. H. Rudkin, A. L. Dilley and a number of other local politicians accompanied the delegates to Ellensburg on Wednesday.

The Rev. Preston B. Jackson, the new pastor of the Congregational church, will conduct morning and evening services tomorrow.

J. N. Mull, accompanied by James Vance, an old friend from Lawrenceville, Ill., returned on Thursday night from a visit in Seattle. Mr. Mull says that the enthusiasm displayed by the great crowd in the "Queen city" on Bryan day was something wonderful.

A. B. Pearson is this week entertaining his brother, Richard Pearson, who for six years was a member of the Michigan legislature. In company with a younger brother now in Seattle, Mr. Pearson will go to Cape Nome next month to try his luck in the gold fields. He is very highly impressed with the Yakima country.

Mr. Bryan's Yakima speech which consists of nearly 30,000 words and required two hours and twenty-five minutes in its delivery, was taken down in short hand by Mrs. Earl Watt. The speech makes 43 type written pages.

Gid Crull of Sunnyside, the man who has been wanted since December last on the charge of stealing a span of horses from Fred Ledbetter surrendered to the local authorities on Monday. He was taken before Justice Taggard on Monday. He waived examination and was accordingly bound over to the superior court.

Manager Larson has made a date with the Evil Eye company to open his new theatre on June 11. Those who know the reputation of this company think Mr. Larson is fortunate in securing such a good company for such an auspicious event as the opening of his new playhouse. The company carries fifty people and three car loads of scenery.

"Bryan day" was certainly a lively one in North Yakima. The number of people in town on that day has been variously estimated at from four to nine thousand, the estimate being regulated as a rule by the political prejudice of the guesser. The fact remains, however, that a large number of Yakima business men will testify that they done a larger volume of business on Bryan day than they ever done in this city within the same length of time before.

**Coffins,
Caskets,
Burial
Robes,**

and a full line of trimmings can be found at the North Yakima Furniture Co's. Store. Also

**Bedroom
Suites,
Iron Beds,
Chairs.**

We have some elegant samples of Carpet and Matting for the spring trade.

**North Yakima
Furniture Company.**

**SEEDS
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Fresh, Reliable and are Adapted to the Soil.

**ALFALFA
TIMOTHY
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All kinds of Seeds, and in any quantity desired; also SEED POTATOES. When you want first class Seed come to

**J. B. GEORGE,
SUNNYSIDE, WASHINGTON.**

Draying.

Having purchased the teams and trucks of the Yakima Dray Co. and added them to my own business, I am prepared to execute all orders on short notice and to give prompt service to all. Office at Pressey's feed store.

**What the
Careful
Engineer...**

is to the machine, the apothecary is to the community which gives him its patronage. The lives of men are entrusted to his care.

It is a recognition of this fact which has never been lost sight of in every department of this Pharmacy.

**Let Us Fill
Your Prescriptions.**

**The Corner
Drug Store**

W. J. ROAF, Proprietor.

SEEDS

**GARDEN
and FIELD.**

and are reliable and of the best varieties Our Seeds are all fresh from the grower

**STAPLE AND FANCY
GROCERIES,**

**Hay, Grain and
Produce.**

We earnestly solicit a portion of your patronage. Our stock is new and up to date. Give us a trial and we will do our part to please you.

KLEIS & BOND.

PURELY PERSONAL

A. E. Poole returned from a visit to Portland on Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Read visited Ellensburg on Thursday.

G. C. Wallace returned from a trip to Gray's Harbor on Monday night.

G. B. Mann, a business man of St. Paul, Minn., is a guest of the Bartholet this week.

Tobias Beckner, the sage of Mabton, was in the city on Saturday to hear Mr. Bryan.

Mrs. Anna Elmer went to Ellensburg on Tuesday to meet old friends from Massachusetts.

A. B. Findlay, the sheep man of Mission, Chelan county arrived in the city on Wednesday.

E. J. Wyman left on Tuesday for Seattle with a car load of horses which he expected to market there.

Alex Miller returned Monday night from the Sound cities where he had been on business for nearly a week.

Miss Lillie Michels left on Monday night for Oakes, North Dakota, where she expects to spend several months in visiting her sister who resides there.

Miss Marie Haas, who has been the guest of her sister Mrs. Frank Bartholet for the past two months, left for her home in Spokane on Wednesday night.

J. M. Arrington, the popular shoe man of Seattle, is rusticated for a few days on his Wenas ranch where he is engaged in putting down an artesian well.

A. H. Wilcox of Detroit, Minn., arrived here Saturday night and is the guest of his brother, C. P. Wilcox. He is highly pleased with the Yakima valley.

W. A. Cox came down from Spokane with the Bryan party on Saturday morning and mingled with relatives and friends here during the day. He returned to Medical Lake on Sunday.

Miss Mockler, who has been visiting relatives here for the past two weeks, returned on Tuesday to Vancouver, B. C., where she is employed in the general offices of the Canadian Pacific Railroad.

Among the Ellensburgers who helped to swell the Bryan crowd on Saturday were seen the familiar faces of Judge Davidson, Matt Bartholet, David Murray, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Privett, A. L. Slemmons, F. D. Schnebly, Frank Bosson and Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Stevens.

Joel Shomaker is entertaining at his home north of town four old neighbors from Manti, Utah, who arrived last week. The party consists of Ezra Billings, W. A. Reed, John Stringham and Joseph Metcalf. Mr. Billings is a brother-in-law of Mr. Shomaker. All expect to settle down in this valley.

A Horrible Outbreak.

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald-head," writes C. D. Isbill, of Morganton, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Pimples, Salt Rheum, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25c at L. O. Janek's.

Napa tans for men; will out wear any shoe made and are soft and pliable.
29-tf DUDLEY SHOE CO.

Land Office Notes.

The commissioner of the general land office has handed down a decision adverse to Potter in the contest case of S. A. Potter vs. Eugene Fisk for the possession of a tract of land situated near the old mission in the Ahtanum. The contest was begun Jan. 16, 1896.

The local office has recommended the cancellation of over 100 claims—mostly homesteads—in this district that have either been abandoned by the claimant or where the law has not been complied with.

The general land office has canceled all the railroad lands embraced within list No 18 and the same is now open to entry. The most of this land adjoins the Yakima Indian reservation on the south and west.

The City Council.

The city council met in regular session on Monday evening, but owing to the absence of the mayor and three of the councilmen, an adjournment was taken until Wednesday evening. On that evening the council was presided over by Councilman Hough. Mayor Redman and Councilmen Keck and Shaw were absent.

But little business was transacted, all matters of importance being laid over until the next regular meeting.

The monthly reports of officers were read and referred, and a large number of bills passed upon.

The acceptance of the Second street grade was again hung up for another two weeks; although a petition was read from some twenty odd property owners in the district expressing satisfaction with the work, and requesting the council to accept the same. The treasurer presented his quarterly report showing a cash balance in the treasury of \$5247.88.

After discussing minor matters, the council adjourned.

Ladies, Avoid the Knife.

Statistics prove that ten out of twelve die in operation. Try Viavi. "It is safe, sure and reliable and has demonstrated the fact that women need not suffer from the diseases peculiar to their sex and that such ailments are not incurable as has heretofore been popularly supposed. By the marvelous results secured by this wonderful remedy, health, happiness and long life are popularly secured to thousands of women, who heretofore have considered themselves doomed to be invalids for life." Extract from United States health reports.

A Twist of the Wrist

In the night will turn on the electric berth light in the Pullman Standard Sleeping Cars, on the Northern Pacific's North Coast Limited. Two lights in each section. Get a North Coast Limited leaflet. 30 2

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SILVER WATCH
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See Schindeler

It's Fly Time.

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Wire Cloth for Window Screens, all width from 20 to 30 inches.

Spring Hinges, single and double acting.

Spring Doors, the best makes.

Door Springs, Catches, Knobs and Hooks.

Let us supply your wants; we will save you money.

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PRUSSIAN STOCK FOOD.

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Every package guaranteed satisfactory or your money refunded.

...YAKIMA HARDWARE CO...

20% OFF

20% OFF

MAN'S

...OPPORTUNITY...

Commencing Saturday we inaugurate a great sale of Men's Trousers. We place on our counters 250 pairs of Men's fresh up-to-date Trousers. Every pair is marked in plain figures and we take 20 per cent off. These goods were marked at very low prices to start with; but we are pressed for room for other goods, so will clean them out. Now is your chance to get a good pair of trousers cheap. Call early.

J. J. MACDONALD,

Dry Goods and Men's Furnishings.

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BICYCLES

THAT SELL
ON THEIR MERITS

Columbia Chainless, \$75.00	✱
Columbias, \$50.00	✱ ✱ ✱
Hartfords, \$35.00	✱ ✱ ✱
Pennants, \$25.00	✱ ✱ ✱
Crescents at \$25.00 and \$35.00	
Sterlings, \$40.00	✱ ✱ ✱

Everthing the latest in BICYCLE SUNDRIES, at prices satisfactory to all. Remember, we carry everything in the Bicycle Line, and we also do all kind of repair work.

ROBT. E. SMITH,
THE STATIONER.

Successor to Moore & Wenner.

MR. BRYAN'S SPEECH

Delivered at North Yakima On
March 31, 1900.

Hon. E. B. Preble, who acted as chairman of the meeting, after a successful effort at restoring order, introduced Mr. Bryan in the following language:

Ladies and gentlemen: In every progressive nation there is and always has been a strenuous struggle of the people to secure the natural rights of man against the aggressions of selfish interests. This meeting here is but an incident in the world wide and ages long struggle. Our orator here dignifies today the cause of humanity against selfishness. Hear him for his holy cause, have respect for that cause that you may the more conscientiously weigh its claims to your approbation; awaken your intelligence that you may better judge. Ladies and gentlemen, I now present to you the Hon. Wm. J. Bryan. [Great applause.]

Mr. Bryan then addressed the audience as follows:

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: I remember that nearly five years ago, I had occasion to pass through this town, it was nearly midnight and yet some of your citizens were at the depot with a basket of fruit to show me one of the products of this famous valley. And when I was arranging my trip through Washington I asked the committee to put me off at North Yakima. [Applause.] And I have enjoyed riding about your town this morning and seeing this fruitful country.

It gives me pleasure to talk to you this afternoon. I like to talk to an agricultural community, for I believe that the agriculturists are, or probably I should have said the farmer, because someone has distinguished between the agriculturist and the farmer; someone has defined the term this way: That a farmer is the man who makes his money on the farm and spends it in town; but that the agriculturist is a man who makes his money in town and spends it on the farm. [Applause.]

I am glad to talk to the farmer. I believe that the farmer is, as a rule, as well read a man; as well posted a man on public affairs, as any citizen we have—in fact, when we were discussing the money question I used to wish that the bank president would take a day off occasionally and go out and get into a joint debate with the farmer, and see how little the bank president knew on the subject of finance, compared with the farmer. [Applause.] A man in our state was making a speech one day and he said: "What does the farmer know about the money question? Why," he continued, "the farmer doesn't handle a thousand dollars a year." And somebody reminded him that if the bankers did all the legislating the farmer would handle a good deal less than that a year. Now, I believe that there is work for the farmer, that there is work for the merchant, work for the wage earner, work for the employer, work for the lawyer, the doctor, the banker, and the minister. I believe that there is work for every one; but what provokes me is to hear people talk as if there was just one class of people who ought to be consulted on matters of legislation. The republicans of New York state held a convention in 1896 to send delegates to the national convention, and they adopted a platform. Their candidate for the presidency was Levi P. Morton, and the platform declared that the government should be run by business men on business principles, in behalf of the business interests of the country; but the trouble is that the people are all the time talking about business interests and excluding the most important business man—yes, the most important business man—from their calculations, and it used to require all the christian forbearance I had to keep from getting mad when I was in Washington, and would hear those representatives of the cities talk about the business interests. And who, according to their definition is the business man? The farmer? No; he is no business man. He just works, that is all. He

commences in the morning and works all day; commences in the spring and works all summer, and when he gets through, after he has paid himself a reasonable wage for his labor and taken out a reasonable interest on the money invested in his farm, he hasn't a great deal left as a rule—but he is no business man. Who is? The man who goes on to the board of trade at 10 o'clock in the morning and before noon makes more betting on the prices of what the farmer raises than the farmer can make in a whole year raising it. He is the business man. And whenever a question comes up in congress they always have petitions and resolutions from boards of trade and chambers of commerce.

Who is the business man? The man who toils in the factory? No, he is no business man. Who is? The man who employs him. Who is the business man? The little merchant here in your town? No, you go into the cities; they don't call him a business man, it is the big merchant who does business at wholesale. The miner is not a business man, whether he mines coal or metal; but the man who owns the mine sometimes rises to the dignity of a business man. But the man who instead of producing metal, that can be converted into money, corners the money that there is, he is called a business man always. Now, I have protested against so narrow a term—business man—as to exclude the most important business man in the country. I believe that every man is a business man who by his brain or muscle contributes to the nation's wealth and greatness, and election day is the most important business day of all the year. [Applause.]

Prince Bismarck was talking to the farmers of Germany and he said that the farmers must stand together and protect themselves from the drones of society, who produced nothing but laws. Did you ever think of it? Divide society into two classes and put into one class the non-producers and into the other class the producers of wealth, and you will find that the non-producers produce more law than the producers of wealth, and it is because the non-producers produce the law that it is more profitable to be a non-producer in this country than to be a producer of wealth. There is a legislative plow, and of all the plows ever put into the ground it plows the deepest, turns over the most soil and raises a crop least injured by flood and drouth, and yet, if the farmer ever complains, they tell him to go on about the old mold-board and let them run the legislative plow; and they tell him to raise more corn, or more cotton, or more fruit, and less disturbance. That is the only answer he gets. Bless you, the farmers of this country never meet together to discuss their own condition and legislation that would protect their rights, but what the fellows who have been living upon the government, scold and fret for fear the farmer would neglect his business for politics. A man was describing it this way: He said that the farmers would elect a man to office and the man elected to office would be a watchman upon a tower, and then the farmer would call up to the watchman and say: "Watchman, what of the night?" and the man said the only answer the man ever got back was, "Plow on, plow on, plow on." [Applause.]

Now, I don't believe that any one class of people should be allowed to legislate for the country. I have confidence in the honesty and patriotism of the farmer, and yet I wouldn't be willing to let the farmers and they alone make the laws. I have confidence in the laboring men, but I wouldn't be willing to let them, and them alone, make the laws. I wouldn't want laws made by merchants alone, or lawyers alone, or bankers alone. I wouldn't have any class or occupation exercising the exclusive control of the government. I believe the government will be better when we can have the sum of the wisdom of all of the people, and I know that if we were only going to have one class to do the legislating, the last class on earth to whom we could trust that business would be the financier, and when I say that I don't want you to think that I am abusing them, because whenever I say a real harsh thing, I always quote what somebody else says. Generally I quote what a republican says; [applause] but some

times when I get hold of a real hard proposition and want a stronger authority with a republican than a republican speech, I go back to the Scriptures and get my authority there, and then I let the republicans wrestle with the Scriptures. And when these men were telling us in 1896 that we ought to let the financiers legislate for the country; when they said that the men with large fortunes had more at stake in the government, and therefore more interest in and more concern about the welfare, I used to quote the parable of the sower. Do you remember that beautiful parable taken by the Savior from the life of the farmer? A sower went forth to sow, and then He described how the seed fell and what become of the seed, and then He explained the parable, and you will remember that some seed fell where the thorns sprung up and choked it. Do you remember that? And do you remember how Christ explained it? He said the cares of this world and the deceitfulness of riches choked the truth. It has been so since history began. No great reform was ever originated or carried to perfection by the financial class. You have found men among the financial class, among men of great wealth, whose hearts were in sympathy with the people; but as a rule these reforms do not come from those who are getting along well enough, but from those who are suffering. The cares of this world and the deceitfulness of riches chokes out the truth. To make it plainer: A man who has boils, studies the subject of boils more intently than the man who hasn't any boils. And you must rely upon the man who suffers to secure the relief, and I believe that today the farmers of this country are not only overburdened by positive laws, but they are the ones who are neglected in the distribution of favors. I don't believe that the government should give favors; but if the government gives favors, it ought to try to distribute them, but the fact is, the farmer is the man who is overburdened by positive legislation, and when the favors are distributed he is never around—he doesn't receive them. The protection of the farmers is not in trying to get his share of favors because he will never do it. His safety is in a government administered on Jefferson's maxim of "Equal rights to all and special privileges to no man." [Applause.]

Now, I take it for granted that there are a good many republicans here. There must be, because I don't think—[Voice in audience: "Yes, ten to one."] Yes, it will be sixteen to one on the other side. [Great applause.]

I want to take a proposition that you will all admit, for if we are going to reason together we must commence with some proposition about which we agree, and I want to take a proposition so fundamental that every republican will accept it, and when he accepts that proposition, I want to lead him along and apply that proposition to several questions. Now, is there a proposition so fundamental that we can all agree to it? I think there is. I get it in the Declaration of Independence, and I don't intend to apologize for quoting from the Declaration of Independence; for while it is under a cloud now, in some sections, I believe the clouds will roll by. [Applause.] I expect to see the day when that old document will be as popular as it ever was, and I believe that the threshing that the republican party will get because it tramples on that document will teach future parties never again to trail it in the dust. [Applause.] Now, what is that fundamental proposition? That all men are created equal. It is either true or false. If it is false, then there is no foundation upon which you can build a free government. If it is true, it ought to be applied to every question that comes before the people. I don't mean to say that all men are created equal in physical strength. I don't mean to say they are created equal in mental ability, nor in moral worth. Neither can they be equal in this world's goods so long as property honestly acquired is the reward of diligence, energy and perseverance. What I mean to say is, that the government must not exaggerate the difference which it finds; that the government must not tax some for the benefit of others; must not praise some

nor show favors to others. What I mean is, that whenever the government comes into contact with a citizen, whenever a citizen touches the government, there all must stand equal before the law, and the government must know neither high nor low, right nor poor, great nor small. That is what we mean when we say that all men are free and equal. Show me a man who disputes the doctrine that all men are created equal, and I will show you a man who is not in sympathy with our form of government and is not in sympathy with our institutions, and speaking for myself, if I find a man who does not believe that all men are created equal I want him to leave this country, as I would want to drive a leper from society, for fear he contaminates others. [Applause.] My friends, the man who disputes that doctrine must build his government upon the doctrine of favoritism, and favoritism is the most dangerous thing that can attack a government. If the government should spread the germs of smallpox through a community, the evil would be limited because everybody would try to get out of the way of the disease and catch it, and when the government starts upon a career of favoritism, then everybody wants to get in the way of the disease and catch it and get his share, and favoritism spreads until the whole purposes of government are destroyed and the instrumentalities of government are turned to private gain and public plunder. If all men are created equal, then no man has a natural right to injure any other man, and a good government will neither enable a man to injure another nor permit him to, and if you take these two propositions, first, that the government should not by any act of legislation enable one man to injure another, and, second, should not permit any man to injure another. If the government will follow these two propositions, it will be an unmixed blessing, but the trouble is that there is a continual contest between the taxpayer and the tax-eater. The tax-eater is there, the taxpayer is at home and the more the tax-eater stays about the capitol, the more the taxpayer has to stay at home to make enough money to pay the taxes that the tax-eater places upon him. You compare the tax system and you will find that today the poor man in this country pays more than his share of the taxes and the rich man pays less. The nearest approach that we have to justice in taxation is our local taxes collected in proportion to the property, that is, we try to collect it in proportion to the property, but as a matter of fact instead of collecting the taxes to support the local governments in proportion to a man's property, we collect in proportion to a man's visible property; that is, if a man's property is visible, he pays taxes on it, but if it is invisible it too often escapes. Now, the farmer has visible property. He has land, the assessor can find it. He has cattle, the assessor can find them. He has horses, the assessor can count them, and even the pigs begin to squeal as soon as the assessor approaches. He cannot hide them. The farmer cannot hide anything.

But go into the cities and you will find an invisible wealth that is often hidden—notes, bonds, mortgages, money and what is the result? Why, the man whose property is visible has to pay, not only his own taxes, but he has to pay taxes that ought to be paid by the man who has invisible property and whose property escapes, and this dodging of taxes is so common a thing that Mr. Harrison, the ex-president, made a speech at Chicago a few years ago in which he denounced the tax-dodger, the tax-shirker. I was glad he did it, he didn't hit them a lick amiss, but you know I have a reputation for conservatism, that I am bound to protect, and therefore I cannot speak as harshly as Mr. Harrison can, but I was extremely glad that some man not under the limitations that I am, spoke out on this subject, and I can refer to Mr. Harrison's speech and endorse every word of it.

I say, my friends, that if you will go through a community you will find there is the grossest injustice in the collection of taxes, and when you remember the enormous amount of money collected to support the city, county,

substitution of bank notes. You republicans used to be in favor of silver. I remember in 1888 the republican national platform condemned Grover Cleveland for trying to demonetize silver, and the republican national platform of 1892, written by a committee of which Mr. McKinley was chairman, declared, "The American people from tradition and interest favor bimetalism," and in 1891 McKinley made a speech at Toledo, Ohio, in which he denounced Grover Cleveland. He said Mr. Cleveland was trying to discriminate against one of the money metals; was trying to make money dearer; make money the master and all things else the servant. What a terrible thing to bring such a charge against a public man; and all you republicans stood by and hurrahed, and hurrahed, because he denounced Grover Cleveland for trying to make money the master and all things else its servant. Then Mr. McKinley was elected, and he did the very same thing he said Cleveland was doing, and you republicans say, "Hurrah", for the man who has the courage to follow in the steps of Grover Cleveland, and make money the master and all things else its servant. [Applause.]

A few years ago all you republicans denounced the trusts. All your leaders denounced the trusts, and now you have a republican administration—a republican president, a republican senate and a republican house, and more trusts have been organized in the last three years than in all the previous history of the country, and now you do not denounce the trusts any more; now you say there are good trusts and bad trusts, and now you spend so much time trying to prevent the good trusts being hurt, you have not any time to destroy the bad trusts, and you men who denounce trusts have got to turn a somersault and say there are good trusts and bad trusts. That is only half over, and it is only a little while until you will have to go all the way and say the trusts are the greatest benefit this country has ever known, and you will have to do it, if you follow the republican party.

There are other somersaults, and before I get too far away from the money question, I want to call your attention to two or three things in connection with it. I believe the great majority of people of all parties are honest, and if I did not, I would not try to address an argument to them, for there is no use trying to talk to a dishonest man, you cannot do anything with him; but you can talk to an honest man and try to show him he is mistaken, and I want to tell you republicans your party practiced a deliberate fraud on you in 1896. Your party wrote a platform that pledged the party to do what it could to secure international bimetalism. That is what the platform said, and the republican speakers came out and made speeches in this western country and promised that the republican party was for bimetalism, and that it would do what it could to get bimetalism, and that it could get bimetalism. And when the election was over, the president sent a commission to Europe; but I want to remind you that while that commission was in Europe, a goldbug secretary of the treasury was making gold speeches in the United States all the time, and when that commission came back, Mr. Wolcott, a republican member of the commission, made a speech in the senate in which he said that Mr. Gage, by making gold standard speeches here had interfered with the success of the commission, and then when England spanked the commission and sent it home, not a republican of prominence complained. The republican leaders never intended you should have bimetalism, and as soon as they dare to do it, they will tear off the mask and come out for the gold standard. They could not get a gold standard bill through the congress elected in 1896. In 1898 the people were engaged in war and the republican speakers went through the country telling you how you must hold up the hands of the president in this war, and while the people were holding up the hands of the president, the financiers were preparing to hold up the people. The gold standard never won a victory in daylight. The gold standard never made an open fight in this country. In 1896 the victory was won behind the mask of

bimetalism, and in 1898 it was won behind the war fever, and yet the first thing that that republican congress did was to bring in and pass a bill that took a step towards the gold standard, and when that bill came up in the house there was nothing said about silver at all, and all the little republican members of congress who look up to Mr. Hanna every morning and say, "Give us this day our daily opinion," voted for that bill.

Republicans, I want you to read those speeches made by republican members of congress and see if there is any promise of bimetalism there. They exploited the gold standard as the permanent standard, and the bill went through the house and every republican voted for it, and it went to the senate and the senate committee reported back the gold standard bill, and then the republicans got scared. They began to be afraid. They were not willing to go out and make a gold standard fight, and so the committee put in an amendment that was put in the bill, and it is section 14 of the currency bill, and provides that that bill is not intended to stand as an obstacle in the way of international bimetalism. Republicans, if the gold standard is good, what was that amendment put in there for, reviving the hope of international bimetalism? The gold standard is either good or bad. If it is good, then we do not want to change it by instituting international bimetalism. If it is bad, then why do the republicans insist all the time that the gold standard is all right? You will find that the republican party is preparing to make another fight under the mask of bimetalism. It is trying to deceive the people again, and when a man comes to you and tells you he wants honest money, you ask him why he refers to its honesty. I have always had my suspicions of the man who is always talking about honest money. I am afraid he is like Peter Cartwright, who being asked if he was sanctified, replied yes, in spots, and I am afraid these fellows talk so much about honest money that they have not time to be honest in their manner of getting the kind of money they want.

The republican party today is carrying forward, step by step, the gold standard. It has not got to the end yet. It does not dare to take away from the silver dollars their legal tender quality. The republican party will demonetize the silver dollars as soon as they dare, and I will tell you how they will start, because those who have watched the gold standard, know the track it makes in the road. When they wanted to repeal the Sherman law they began to present the Sherman notes and demand gold, and then they began to raise a hullabaloo about an endless chain and they said these notes are to be reissued and they are to be used to draw the gold out and they must be retired, and they coerced the country into retiring the Sherman bills. Then they presented the greenback and insisted that the greenback was dangerous, yet they have got a law that when you present a greenback and draw out gold that it cannot be reissued, except as a gold certificate. It is no longer government money, and every time it goes out the gold dollar comes into the treasury, and they are preparing to contract the currency. Now they say you must retire the silver dollars in gold, and present the silver dollars and draw out gold, and then they will demand that you withdraw its legal tender quality. They just take a step at a time, and as soon as the patient gets over the last dose he will have another.

Down in Iowa a doctor was called to attend a sick child and I have often thought of that doctor's policy in thinking of the republican party in their plan to demonetize silver. The doctor examined the child and decided it could not live and that nothing more could be done for it, so he told the mother to just give it a little water if it was restless and await the end. She watched it through the night and thought it was stronger in the morning, and then watched it through the day and at night thought it was better, watched it through another night and in the morning thought it was improving, and the second morning the doctor came to inquire why he had not been notified of the child's death. The mother told him the child was better. The doctor examined it and thought it

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was and left her with the assurance that if the child continued to improve within the next thirty six hours as it had during the last thirty-six hours it would be strong enough to take some more medicine. [Applause.] The republican party furnished a larger proportion of the votes in congress to repeal the Sherman law than the democratic party, and then they didn't do anything for a while, but they thought they had gone far enough along to take another step, or are, whenever the people have again voted to put the republican party into power, then there will be another step and the silver dollars will be no longer legal tender, and then you will have the gold standard and gold alone legal tender for the payment of twenty or thirty billion dollars of debt, and then a man who owes a debt will have to pay it in gold, and then we will be down to the financial system of the old world, and whenever they have any disturbance over there it will affect our money here, and whenever the gold goes out of the bank and there is no other money, then prices will go down and men will be bankrupt, and hungry men will be walking the streets.

But who is this gold standard good for? It is good for the money changer and good for the man who can take advantage of a nation's extremity and of an individual's extremity, but it will be death to the producers of wealth, and is it not strange that a farmer here can cast in his vote with those who will decrease the volume of money with which the debt can be paid, and not decrease the debt that must be paid. But this not only takes a step towards the gold standard but provides for the national bank a monopoly of the paper money of this country. Republican farmers, if you cannot see what is going on on the standard of money, can you see the danger of allowing private corporations to control the volume of paper money? The banks are to decide how much paper money we shall have and how little. You want an elastic currency but you have given the bankers both ends of the elastic and they can stretch it out when they want to and they can contract it when they want to. No you wouldn't dare to let one private individual or one private corporation control the water supply of your town without any right to regulate the charges for water and yet money is as necessary to commerce as is water to the physical man, and many of you have thoughtlessly and blindly allowed our representatives in congress to create a paper money trust more potent for evil than all the other trusts combined, not only that but you have allowed a law to be passed that grossly discriminates between the ordinary man and the banker.

Republicans I want to give you an object lesson. You go out and buy a bond under this new law and you will find that you can hold that bond and draw interest on the bond, but you will be out the use of the money. The bank can take that same bond, deposit it with the secretary of the treasurer and get the face value of the bond back in bank notes. He gets his money back and then draws interest on the bond besides. Ordinary republicans, you can eat your cake or keep it. The banker can eat his cake and keep it too. That is the difference. Now why? Because organized wealth has more influence with the republican party than all the poor republicans who vote, talk and hurrah for anything that is in the platform no matter what party it is. That will contemplate a permanent and increasing debt. I will venture that no republican living upon a farm in this country and not interested in a national bank thinks that a permanent debt is a blessing, and yet that bill provides for a permanent and increasing debt. How are you going to have bank notes issued on bonds unless you have the bonds to issue them on, and if you are going to have permanent national bank currency based on government bonds, you must have a permanent debt for the bank notes to rest upon, if you are going to have an increasing volume of bank notes to keep pace with the increase in population and business you must have an increase in the national debt for these bonds to rest upon, and while not one of you believe a national debt is a blessing many of you will hurrah for a party that fastens that debt upon you, and

you will help to pay the taxes to pay the interest, while the bankers make the profit on the issue of the money and take advantage of their ability to expand and contract the currency. Is it not strange that any republican should be so blinded by prejudice that he cannot see the danger of such a law?

But my friends when I am talking on the money question I realize that I am talking to two classes of people. I am talking to those who are on my side and they see it so plain that I don't need to talk about it, and on the other side those who will say I have heard all that and I don't want to think about it. The men who are with us have studied it and understand the necessity for bimetalism and the wisdom of a paper money issued by the government and the government alone, but the people who are against us are all willing to take the opinion of the financiers and rest with confidence upon what the financiers want, and yet, republicans, you are willing to let these financiers dictate your financial policy without realizing that they have an interest different from yours. Did you ever see a judge in your life who was so wise and so honest and so upright that you would be willing to try a case before him if you were on one side and he on the other, would you, no matter how good the man was, want him to sit as judge in his own case, yet you will let the national bankers who have a pecuniary interest in the national bank currency, you will let these men do your voting for you and your thinking for you, where their interests are on one side and your interest is on the other, but, my friends, I want to go on to a question I know you cannot help being interested in.

Concluded next week.

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Drop us a postal giving age and address, and we will mail you a Specimen Policy, made out for your age, showing the most favorable Life Insurance Policy ever issued.

Frank N. McCandless, Gen. Agent,

ELLENSBURG, WASHINGTON.

 <p>NORTHERN PACIFIC To SPOKANE, HELENA, BUTTE, MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL, AND PORTLAND, EAST & SOUTH To TACOMA, SEATTLE, PORTLAND, CALIFORNIA, JAPAN, CHINA, SKAGWAY, DYEA, ALASKA G. A. GRAHAM, North Yakima. A. D. Charlton, A. G. P. A., PORTLAND, ORE.</p>		<p>Vestibuled Trains. Dining Cars.</p> <p>TIME TABLE—NORTH YAKIMA</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <th colspan="2">EAST-BOUND.</th> <th>ARRIVE.</th> <th>DEPART</th> </tr> <tr> <td>No. 2.—Atlantic Mail</td> <td></td> <td>11:30 p. m.</td> <td>11:30 a. m.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No. 58.—Local Freight</td> <td></td> <td>9:00 a. m.</td> <td>11:00 a. m.</td> </tr> <tr> <th colspan="2">WEST-BOUND.</th> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>No. 1.—Pacific Mail</td> <td></td> <td>5:20 a. m.</td> <td>5:20 a. m.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No. 57.—Local Freight</td> <td></td> <td>3:30 p. m.</td> <td>4:00 p. m.</td> </tr> </table> <p>Get Permits at Local Ticket Office for Local Freights, Nos. 57 and 58.</p>	EAST-BOUND.		ARRIVE.	DEPART	No. 2.—Atlantic Mail		11:30 p. m.	11:30 a. m.	No. 58.—Local Freight		9:00 a. m.	11:00 a. m.	WEST-BOUND.				No. 1.—Pacific Mail		5:20 a. m.	5:20 a. m.	No. 57.—Local Freight		3:30 p. m.	4:00 p. m.
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LOCAL HAPPENINGS

Attorney McBride has moved his office to the second floor of the Syndicate building, over the postoffice.

Work on the extension of West Yakima avenue is being rapidly pushed to a connection with the county road on the western boundary of the city.

Miss Meyer assisted by Miss Lombard gave a most delightful luncheon party on Wednesday in honor of Miss Annie Cameron of Seotland, who is here on a visit to her relatives.

The comedy "What happened to Jones," billed to appear in this city last night failed to appear, owing to the serious illness of Mr. Harry Carson Clarke, the leading man in the play. The dates have been cancelled indefinitely.

Andrew Teal, one of the Sunnyside negroes for whom a warrant was out for having participated in the robbery of T. S. Phillips' warehouse at Mabton two weeks ago, gave himself up to the officers on Saturday. At his examination before Judge Taggard the same day, he was bound over to the Superior court in the sum of \$500. Teal is a brother-in-law of Hawkins, who was apprehended last week for his part in the alleged crime.

Mrs. Eliza J. Shaw, a pioneer of Yakima county, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. C. I. Navarre in this city, on Sunday last at the advanced age of 74 years. The funeral occurred from the Methodist church Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. Three daughters and three sons survive her. Ex-Sheriff A. J. Shaw, of this city; H. M. and John Shaw, of Tampico; Mrs. J. M. Dennison, of Seattle, and Mrs. B. C. Eglin of Spokane.

S. J. Cameron, secretary of the Wool Growers' Association, received on Saturday a telegram signed by three of the Washington delegation in Congress, as follows: "Notify cattle and sheep men that stock will be permitted to graze on reserve east of summit, letter." All the sheep men in town soon learned the good news and there was general rejoicing thereat. Arrangements were hurriedly made for a banquet at the Hotel Bartholet for that evening. About 75 covers were laid at the feast, the attendance consisting largely of delegates to the republican county convention. Col. Howlett acted as toastmaster and a number of toasts were responded to.

CHOICE SEEDS

THAT STAND THE TEST

Utah Alfalfa,
Red Clover,
and Timothy,

AND ALL KINDS OF

Cleaned SEED GRAIN
and Feed.

SOLD AT

NORTH YAKIMA
MILL CO.'S STORE

STEWART'S STORE

The Place to
Save Money.

Our Guarantee: Money Back if Goods are not Satisfactory.

Our system of buying in connection with thirty-one other stores, enables us to buy goods 20 per cent cheaper than any other merchant who has to buy alone. We can only quote a few prices here, but will gladly show you through our stock if you will call at our store:

Cloths Pins, per dozen	1c
Hair Pins, per box	1c
Egg Beaters, each	1c
Good Pencil	1c
No. 8 Copper Bottom Boiler	54c
Double Wash Board	16c
Single Wash Board	13c
Good Towels	4c up
Ladies' Wrappers	67c up
Shirt Waists	42c up

Miller's All Wool Clothing for **\$6.33** up
Men only, from

Peters' Diamond Brand Shoes, best quality
for **LOWEST PRICES.**

"Stewart's Best" Overalls, **60c.**

All that we ask of you is to give us a trial, and we will save you from 20 to 40 per cent on everything we carry.

Remember Our Guarantee:

Money Back If Goods Are Not Satisfactory.

Stewart's Store

THE PLACE TO SAVE MONEY.

Hotel Yakima Block,

Yakima Avenue.

Rich Bumping Lake Ore.

W. F. Powell and D. A. Ball have received very satisfactory returns on ore which they recently had assayed from their property six miles south of Bumping Lake. One sample taken out at a slight depth shows three ounces of gold and four and seven tenths ounces of silver to the ton, giving a value of \$64.85 per ton. The Bumping Lake ore also shows quite a high percentage of copper. The prospectors up that way feel that if they had a road or even a good pack trail in to their diggings they would soon be able to make a showing that would open the eyes of the Yakima people.

Spreads Like Wildfire.

When things are "the best" they become "the best selling." Abraham Hare, a leading druggist, of Belleville, Ohio, writes: "Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters I have handled in twenty years. You know why! Most diseases begin in disorders of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels, blood and nerves. Electric Bitters tones up the stomach, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence cures multitudes of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Puts new life and vigor into any weak, sickly, rundown man or woman. Price, 50 cents. Sold by L. O. Janeck, druggist.

An Observatio Car

Of unique design, will always be found at the end of the Northern Pacific's North Coast Limited, both east and west bound. Observation platform is six feet and a half long and entire width of car. Ladies' observation parlor is 23 feet long. 30 2

We always have bargains in broken lots. If you don't see what you want ask for it. DUDLEY SHOE CO.

Bathed and Barbered.

Are luxuries that all can enjoy on the Observation Car of the new North Coast Limited, in operation on and after April 29, on the Northern Pacific. This Observation Car will be a dandy. Get a North Coast Limited leaflet. 30 2

WANTED—a girl to do general house work. Enquire at this office.

A. J. HANDLEY, successor to the Yakima Dray Co., is now prepared to fill orders for coal and wood. Free delivery to any part of the city.

Order your coal and stove wood from A. J. HANDLEY.

Shoes, Shoes, Shoes.

We have a broken lot of shoes of all kinds that we are selling at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine them. E. O. KECK.

TO .. KEENE

For Watches and
Watch Work.

TO .. KEENE

For Bicycles and
Bicycle Repairing.

None Better and
None Do Better Work.

BEAUTIES!

CALL AND EXAMINE
THE LARGE AND COM-
PLETE NEW STOCK OF

Studebaker

Buggies, Surreys

Carriages,

JUST RECEIVED AT

M. Schorn's

ON FRONT STREET, 1
BLOCK SOUTH DEPOT.

B. N. Coe & Company's news store on South First street is headquarters for the Seattle Times, Tacoma Ledger and The Tacoma News.

STATE PRESS OPINION

Next week the people of Ellensburg will have with them a large body of influential men from all over the state and every citizen should make a personal effort to make their short stay pleasant. Good treatment of such guests means a living advertisement of the town.—Ellensburg Capital.

§ § §

It is said that the republican leaders of this state are endeavoring to secure the services of Senator Thurston of Nebraska to make a series of speeches in the places visited by Mr. Bryan. The Commoner hopes that they will be successful and then that in every place where Mr. Thurston speaks some one will ask him whether he comes out here representing the Standard Oil Co. or the republican party or if he considers them identical?—Colfax Commoner.

§ § §

This is the season when democrats (?) are declaring for the republican party. It looks very plausible in republican newspapers, but when the record of these alleged "democrats" is looked into it will be found that they never were Bryan democrats, and that they are repeating their antics practiced in 1896, when they shifted from Cleveland to McKinley because their sympathies never were with the people. These fellows are out for office, for the pie counter wherever it may be found.—Register Democrat.

§ § §

Some of the republican papers take delight in speaking of Bryan as having been "repudiated by the American people," because he was defeated for the presidency. This view of the matter is a little rough on James G. Blaine, the greatest statesman of his party, and especially Benjamin Harrison, who served one term as president and then was turned down, which came much nearer "repudiation" than in the case of a man who had not been tried at all.—Whatcom Blade.

§ § §

Bob Bridges, state land commissioner, has been one of the leading populists of this state and several of their papers have been advocating his nomination for governor on the populist ticket. The following extract from a letter recently written by Mr. Bridges to the secretary of the democratic state committee ought to put an end to such talk, for Mr. Bridges says: "In the coming campaign I shall affiliate with the democratic party and support Bryan, and will not countenance or lend aid to any other than a straight democratic ticket for the election of Wm. Jennings Bryan as president.—Colfax Commoner.

§ § §

The people of Centralia, irrespective of party, desire to hear Mr. Bryan on his tour. This man is today the most widely known and respected citizen of the United States, not excepting President McKinley. Mr. Bryan is the champion of the rights of the people and that is why he receives such ovations as have never been accorded any man living. He is plain, unassuming and practices what he preaches, so far as possible. He is honest, practical, moral and gifted, and is at all times and places courteous with his political enemies and friends alike. He knows no section nor faction, but counsels wisdom and intel-

ligence in all things. Centralia wants to hear Mr. Bryan. He will be asked to speak here, if even for but a few minutes. And it is believed he will gladly comply if circumstances will permit.—Centralia News.

Electric Lights

In the berths of the Standard Pullmans of the Northern Pacific's new North Coast Limited will be appreciated by Pacific coast and inland empire travelers. Two lights to each section. Ask our agents for the North Coast Limited leaflet. 30 2

All kinds of grass and garden seed of the best quality, at the Yakima Mill company's store.

For all kinds of horse feed go to the Yakima Mill company's store.

For Sale or Rent

Twelve and one-half acres of improved land, adjoining city. Enquire of W. C. Fyan. 29-tf

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

LIVE STOCK.	
Steer Beef	\$4 00
Cow Beef	3 50
Veal, dressed	7@7 1/2c
Hogs, dressed	\$5 00@5 50
Mutton, prime	4c
POULTRY.	
Chickens, per doz	\$3 00@4 00
Turkeys, live	10 1/2c
GRAIN.	
Wheat, Blue stem	46
Wheat, club	43
Oats, der ton	\$22 00
Barley, per ton	\$17 56
Corn, per bu	56
Flour, Puritan, per sack	80
Blue Bell, per sack	75
Flour, 8x Baker, per sack	65
Whole wheat flour	80
Hay, Timothy, baled, per ton	\$14 30
Hay, Alfalfa, per ton	\$7 00
Hay, Clover, per ton	\$8 00
PRODUCE.	
Butter, ranch, per roll	40c
Butter, creamery, per roll	60c
Cheese, native	15c
Eggs, per doz	12 1/2c
Wool, per lb	8@11c
Cabbage	1 1/2c
Hops	9@10 1/2c
Apples, per box	\$1 00 1 50
Potatoes, per ton	\$12



Uncle Billy rides a wheel, and says it makes him feel good all over. It must. Even his back wears a pleased expression!! If you want a Bicycle that will MAKE YOUR BACK GLAD do as Uncle Billy did, buy it of the AGENT FOR

CRAWFORDS

All New Wheels for 1900.

\$30 \$35, \$40.

Call and See the

"Morrow Coaster."

JOHN SAWBRIDGE

SOLE AGENT.

White Pine and Spruce Balsam

Will Cure Any Cough on Earth.
The Biggest Bottle in the City
for Twenty-five Cents.

NORTH YAKIMA DRUG STORE, A. D. SLOAN, Prop

SEND YOUR LAUNDRY

—TO—

Read's Steam Laundry

He Will Treat You ☐ All the Year ☐

FIRST AND A STREETS.

'PHONE 36.

DIFFICULT CASES



I take an especial interest in measuring and fitting eyes which are called difficult. I always like to hear a patron say that he has tried a dozen different specialists, but could get nothing to suit. I like to have these cases for several reasons. First, because when such lenses are selected they prove of untold benefit to the wearer. They make him see as he never did see, and give him relief from eye strain and discomfort. Second, because I take pleasure in hunting out complicated defects and solving difficult problems. I have natural taste for the optical science, and enjoy working out intricate conditions. Third, because successful work where others have failed, naturally adds to my reputation and helps in building up my business. If you have tried to get good glasses and have failed, I want to see you. If you can be helped with glasses I have not the slightest doubt of my being able to fit you. Glasses ground to fit the eye. Examination free.

T. G. REDFIELD, Graduate Optician.

Cash Paid For Eggs.

This is the time of year when you can't overstock us in this product.



E. M. HARRIS,
THE GROCER.

Lowe Lodging House,

ROBT. ROUTLEDGE, Prop.

A first-class house, complete in every department.

Rooms 25 to 50 Cents. Special Rates by Week

Brick block near depot.

COMMISSIONERS MEET.

Tax Compromise With the N. P. Ry. Co. Agreed To

The board of county commissioners convened on Monday for the regular April session, and have been in session all the week. A large amount of routine business was transacted, especially in reference to county roads. A large grist of bills were allowed. The bid of McKee Bros. of \$138.85 for painting the court house was found to be the lowest and was accepted. The most important matter to come before the board was the proposal of the Northern Pacific Railway company for a compromise in the matter of the payment of the taxes on their track and right of way for the years 1897 to 1899 inclusive. This tax, at the rate assessed of \$10,000 per mile, amounted, with interest and penalty, to the sum of \$61,599.03. By the compromise effected this week, the company is to pay the sum of \$36,757.13, which is equal to the old assessment of \$5280 per mile, plus the penalty and interest accrued.

The compromise was agreed to by unanimous vote of the board, and against the advice of the prosecuting attorney.

Death of Mrs. Sinclair.

The many friends of Mrs. Eleanor Sinclair were shocked and pained to learn of her death, which occurred at the Sisters' hospital at 11 a. m. on Thursday. The unfortunate lady had been a sufferer for several months from tubercular peritonitis (consumption of the bowels) and about ten days previous to her death had gone to the hospital for treatment. As a last resort an operation was performed on Wednesday by Dr. J. W. Bean of Ellensburg assisted by Dr. B. L. Baker of this city. The vitality of the patient had sunk too low, however, to permit a successful result and she passed away peacefully on the following day.

The deceased was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Gleed, who formerly resided on the Natches, but are now in California. Mrs. Sinclair was in the 30th year of her age and leaves behind her three children to mourn the loss of a tender mother. The funeral will take place at 11 a. m. today from the Congregational church.

The Parlor Grocery.

Is offering the public a fresh and complete stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY.....

Groceries

From which to select. We carry everything in our line and sell at prices as low as the lowest.

Free Delivery in the City.

Give us a call.

LAUDERDALE & CO.

Stone Building, South First Street.

That Throbbing Headache
Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by L. O. Janeck, druggist.

The Dining Cars

Of the Northern Pacific for the improved and new train service, taking effect April 29, are thoroughly modern, electric lighted, and will be cooled by electric fans. They will accommodate 36 persons at a time. 30 2

Notice of Receiver's Sale.

All the remaining assets of the estate of Ben E. Snipes and Company, will be sold at the court house in Ellensburg, Washington, on the 21st day of April, 1900, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. by the Receiver. Said assets consisting of three residences in the city of Ellensburg, together with about 1700 acres of land, situate in Yakima county, and known as the Snipes Lower Ranch.

For further particulars write or call upon P. P. Gray, Receiver, at Ellensburg, Washington. 28-4t.

Old papers for sale at this office.

WALL PAPER and PAINTS..

METCALF'S Paint Store.

For best goods and lowest prices. ALL NEW GOODS in Wall Paper. Nice Paper for 10 cents double roll.

If you are going to paint anything, come and see me about it.

W. M. METCALF,

First St., near Hotel Bartholet.

Call For Warrants—Current Expense Fund.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, city treasurer of the city of North Yakima, Washington, will pay on demand all warrants drawn on the current expense fund of said city, commencing with No. 5443 up to and including warrant No. 5882, dated March 6, 1900, at his office in said city; that interest will cease on said warrants on the 24th day of April, 1900.

Dated March 24, 1900. A. E. HOWARD, City Treasurer of the City of North Yakima Washington. 28-4t

YOU CAN PATENT

anything you invent or improve; also get CAVEAT, TRADE-MARK, COPYRIGHT or DESIGN PROTECTION. Send model, sketch, or photo. for free examination and advice. BOOK ON PATENTS FREE. No Atty's fee before patent. Write to C. A. SNOW & CO. Patent Lawyers. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Our Spring Stock

We have just received a large and well assorted Spring Stock of

Dry Goods, Gents' Furnishings

which we offer at prices that will more than meet all competition. Come and see.

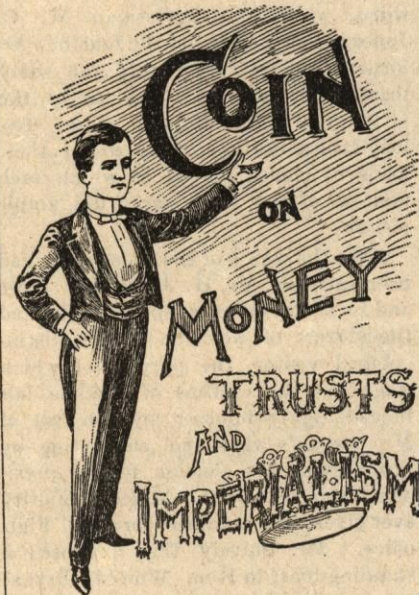
TAYLOR & DENLEY,

OPPOSITE DEPOT

A Text Book for the Campaign of 1900

BY W. H. HARVEY,

Author of "Coin's Financial School."



This Book is Now Having a Wonderful Circulation.

The retail price is 25 cents. In size it is 35 pages larger than "Coin's Financial School," profusely illustrated, with best paper, enameled cover in two colors. Its treatment of the subjects of Money, Trusts and Imperialism is exhaustive and yet simple and plain as A B C's. It will educate and arouse the American people to a common defense of their homes and the heritage of free institutions. It teaches organization and points out the remedy. It is educational and practical. It should be in the hands of every man, woman, boy and girl in the United States.

The book is a school, and the little boy COIN is the teacher. His school in May, 1894, "Coin's Financial School," electrified a nation and moulded the political sentiment of a National Political Party.

COIN ON MONEY, TRUSTS AND IMPERIALISM may be expected to rally anew the forces of human liberty.

The Yakima Democrat

Has been appointed as the agency in Yakima County

For the sale and circulation of this work. The book may be had at this office. It will be given as a premium to new subscribers, and also to old ones on payment of arrearages due on subscriptions. Don't forget to call and receive a copy.

H. R. WELLS, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Formerly a member of the staff of Asbury Methodist Hospital, Minneapolis, Minn. Office, Kershaw block. All cases promptly attended, night and day.

EDWARD WHITSON FRED PARKER

WHITSON & PARKER,

Attorneys-at-Law.

North Yakima, Washington

VESTAL SNYDER E. B. PREBLE

SNYDER & PREBLE,

Attorneys-at-Law

Office Schlotfeldt Building.

North Yakima, Wash

C. B. GRAVES. L. E. ENGLEHART.

GRAVES & ENGLEHART,

Attorneys at Law.

Will practice in all the Courts of the State Office over First National Bank, North Yakima Wash

SYDNEY ARNOLD,

County Surveyor.

Office in Dudley building.

NORTH YAKIMA, WASH

DR. JAS. F. STEPHENSON,

Dentist,

Operative and Mechanical Modellers Prices. Office over Jeneck's Drug Store. N. Yakima, Wash.

O. M. GRAVES,

Dentist.

Office over Moore & Moore's,

North Yakima - - - Wash

J. E. BANKS,

Dentist.

Successor to Dr. W. H. Hare. Office, room 9 Dudley block, North Yakima.

P. FRANK, M. D. C. T. DULIN, M. D.

[DRS. FRANK & DULIN, Physicians and Surgeons.

NORTH YAKIMA, WASH.

Office over First National Bank. Office hours: 11 to 12 a. m. 2 to 5 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. X Ray Laboratory.

Hotel Bartholet

JOHN MICHELS, Propr.

The largest hotel in the city. Large, well ventilated rooms, newly furnished. Tables furnished with all the luxuries of the season.

Rates \$1 to \$2 per day

Free Bus to all Trains. One Block

From Depot.

NORTH FIRST STREET

North Yakima, Wash.

MR. BRYAN IN YAKIMA

A Warm Welcome Extended the Great Nebraskan.

Saturday March 31, 1900, will be a day that will long be remembered by the people of this city and the surrounding country. The visit of Hon. Wm. J. Bryan and party to North Yakima was the occasion that makes the day a memorable one and notwithstanding that this is the busiest season of the year in this agricultural valley, nearly all the farmers within a radius of 40 miles came with their families to see and hear the great commoner discuss the political issues of the hour.

The members of the reception committee were dismayed on the receipt of information on Friday night that the regular passenger from the east which is due here at 5:20 a. m., on which the distinguished visitor and his party was expected to arrive, was some nine hours late. Most of the committee therefore went home to retire without the knowledge that Mr. Bryan would arrive on a special train, which he did with his party, reaching here about 7 a. m. and the private car on which they traveled was switched onto the siding. It was the desire of Mr. Maloney and his fellow travelers to give Mr. Bryan an opportunity to rest on that particular morning as they felt that he must have been well nigh exhausted from the terrific strain of eight hours of almost continuous speech-making on the day previous. The racket, however, of the band playing and the boom of an anvil soon awakened the great orator and after arranging his toilet he finally appeared on the rear end of the sleeper where the committee was awaiting him. After the usual salutations Mr. Bryan expressed himself as highly pleased to visit the Yakima valley, of which he had heard and read much.

Brooker Bros.' new \$1000 landau drawn by a spanking team of blacks awaited the traveler and accompanied by Gov. Rogers, Senator Turner and Secretary Maloney he was driven to the Hotel Yakima, where with some of the members of his party he breakfasted with the reception committee.

After breakfast was concluded Mr. Bryan accompanied by the senator, the governor and Committeeman Snyder took a carriage drive for an hour, going up on Nob Hill where the party was given a splendid view of the city and its environments.

On the return from the drive Mr. Bryan and Gov. Rogers held a reception for an hour in the lobby of the Barthollet, where people of all ages kept surging in a constant stream to shake the great commoner by the hand.

At 12:30 Mr. Bryan accompanied by three or four members of his party sat down to lunch with members of the reception committee. The table was handsomely decorated with flowers and the luncheon which was served in courses was an elegant one.

After some time spent at the hotel listening to the music of the Roslyn band, Mr. Bryan and party repaired to the speakers stand at the corner of Second and A streets. As the great orator mounted the speakers stand and came within view of the great crowd that surged and jostled about the little pavilion, a great burst of applause went

up from the great multitude that awaited him—that numbered at least 7000 according to fair judges.

Mr. Bryan was greeted with tremendous applause as he concluded his wonderful speech which had required just two hours and twentyfive minutes in the delivery. The great orator was plainly well nigh exhausted when he finished his address and desiring to aid him in husbanding his strength, the committee hurried him to his carriage to avoid the seething, though good natured crowd, bent on shaking hands with him. Mr. Mr. Bryan and party were then driven to the suburban residence of Hon. H. J. Snively where the party was photographed in a group on the lawn after which dinner was taken at Mr. Snively's residence. Owing to the great strain that Mr. Bryan was undergoing, the committee deemed it wise to call off the evening reception that had been announced at Mason's opera house, although in doing this many people were keenly disappointed.

At 9:30 p. m. the dining room doors of the Hotel Yakima were thrown open and nearly 200 loyal adherents of the great Nebraskan filed in to occupy seats at the four long tables. At the head of the first table sat Senator George Turner, while Mr. Bryan occupied the head of the next table, Gov. Rogers that of the third, while ex-Congressman W. C. Jones sat at the head of the fourth. Attorney General T. M. Vance, the witty toastmaster for the occasion sat at the farther end of Mr. Bryan's table. The long tables fairly groaned under their loads of choice viands to which each member of the large party did ample justice.

After the wants of the inner man had been satisfied, Mr. H. J. Snively arose and in a ten minute speech delivered the address of welcome to the distinguished visitor, the purport of which was that the citizens of Yakima felt indeed highly honored by the fact of Mr. Bryan's visit and concluding by prophesying his election to the presidency this year by the largest majority ever given any nominee for that high office. Mr. Snively then proposed a standing toast to Hon. Wm. J. Bryan, the next president of the United States, which was responded to with great enthusiasm.

Toastmaster Vance then rapped vigorously for order and after he had secured it, begun in his own inimitable way to announce the toast which Mr. Bryan was to respond to—"Republic or Empire." When the distinguished guest arose to respond, he began by paying a handsome compliment to the toastmaster. He felt honored he said to sit at a banquet that was presided over by a man in whose veins flowed the blood of that grand old statesman, Senator Zebulon K. Vance. The speaker, although quite hoarse as the result of his long afternoon speech, then began his address and spoke about forty minutes, but so intensely interested were his hearers that it is safe to assume that the time did not seem one half so long. Recognizing the fact that his audience was in full sympathy with him, the great orator went into the matter of democratic politics at some length. He referred to the way in which democratic platforms had been made during the Cleveland regime, saying that they were made to be construed one way in one section of the county and another in other sections. But in the great Chicago convention this system of platform building was radically

changed. That platform had been criticised and attacked more viciously and persistently than any other platform that had ever been promulgated by any political party, but yet he had never heard it denounced as a dishonest platform, for it was everywhere conceded that it said just what it meant and meant what it said. No true democrat, no citizen of this great nation imbued with an unselfish love of country desired that any backward step be taken in the future as to the great principles enunciated in the Chicago platform.

For years the financiers of New York had made the platforms on the money question of both the republican and democratic parties and after dictating the nominees of both organizations were able to sit back and say: "They are both good men; no matter which wins, the people will lose." [Laughter and applause.] That Chicago convention, continued the speaker, was one of the grandest bodies of men that ever assembled. The convention simply adopted a platform that precipitated the fight against plutocracy, which the party had held in solution for several years. [Applause.]

New issues had arisen since that platform was made that required firm adherence to the plain peoples' cause and that to humanity in general. The speaker then as his voice begun to clear grew eloquent as he depicted to his audience the evils of an imperial system. The present policy of the republican party if persisted in could result in only one thing—the gradual disintegration of the republic and the establishment on its ruins of an empire. The republican party under its present degenerate leadership, in order to legislate for the colonies was obliged not only to repeal the declaration of independence, but to abrogate the constitution.

Mr. Bryan closed his brilliant response amid tumultuous applause and it was several minutes after he took his speech that the toastmaster could command order.

"Our Financial Policy" was the toast of United States Senator George Turner. The Senator in a twenty-minute response reviewed the financial bill which had recently passed congress denouncing it as legislation which had been dictated by Wall Street. Referring to the political situation with the reform forces the senator announced in a direct manner that he felt at home in the company of Bryan democrats and henceforth he proposed to keep their company. [Great applause.]

Gov. Rogers was the next speaker, his toast being "Civic Virtues." The governor was listened to with close attention and delivered a most interesting and scholarly address. Referring to politics he said that if the democratic

national convention this year sustained the position taken four years ago that he believed that ninety per cent of the populist party would cast in their lot with it. Whether they do or not I will do so said the governor. [Applause]

Judge McDonald of Seattle, Rev. Clark Davis and Land Commissioner Robert Bridges were then called upon in the order named and each delivered a ringing speech on the political course that ought to be followed in the future by all reformers. Messrs. Davis and Bridges, who have heretofore been leaders of the populist party of the state, both announced their intention of affiliating hereafter with the democracy, which avowal created a great deal of enthusiasm.

Mr. Timothy Lynch of this city, was next called upon by Toastmaster Vance for a speech and after some hesitation responded. Mr. Lynch announced that he had voted for McKinley in '96, but he would never do so again. He denounced the republican party for its subserviency to the money kings, as well as the administration for its treatment of the Boers.

Mr. Bryan evinced great interest in the speeches and although he was worn-out and in need of rest, he refused to leave the banquet hall until the affair was over. After the toastmaster had declared the meeting adjourned the guests all paid their respects to Mr. Bryan. About 1 a. m. the Bryan party left the hotel and repaired to the private car where Mr. Bryan was glad to go to rest after the great exertion of the day.

The car was picked up at 7 a. m. on Sunday morning by the regular train which conveyed the party to Seattle.

Col. Bryan's impression of Yakima was very favorable and while here he asked many questions regarding the resources of the valley. On retiring for the night he informed the editor of THE DEMOCRAT that his visit here had been an extremely pleasant one and requested that his thanks be returned to the Yakima people for the hospitality and courtesy that had been shown him while here.

The party that accompanied Col. Bryan to this city, consisted of Hon. Thos. Maloney, who has charge of the tour, United States Senator Geo. Turner, Gov. John R. Rogers, State Auditor Neal Cheatham, Land Commissioner Robert Bridges, Ex-congressman W. C. Jones, Rev. Clarke Davis of Seattle, C. N. Jamieson of Spokane, Editor Goddard of Dayton, Editor Bannister of the Centralia News, A. D. Warner of Everett, John R. Catron of Walla Walla, W. F. Butcher of Baker City, Ore., and W. A. Cox of Medical Lake.

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