## Resolution of the Executive Committee Association on American Indian Affairs

- Whereas under the Alaska Territorial Act of May 17, 1884,
  the United States promised that Indians, Eskimos and Aleuts
  "shall not be disturbed in the possession of any lands
  actually in their use and occupancy or now claimed by them," and
- Whereas the 1884 Act further provided that the final disposition of Native rights and claims should be the subject of future legislation by Congress, and
- Whereas seventy-seven years have passed and the land, hunting and fishing rights of Alaskan Natives still remain undefined and unextinguished, and
- Whereas in the absence of Congressional action, the Natives
  have land, hunting and fishing rights in Alaska that are
  protected under law and thus cannot be disposed of by
  administrative fiat, and
- Whereas the Bureau of Land Management of the Interior Department has licensed the Atomic Energy Commission to use land subject to claim by the Eskimos of Point Hope, Noatak, and Kivalina Villages for research leading to a nuclear explosion known as Project Chariot,
- Now therefore, the Executive Committee of the Association on

  American Indian Affairs protests the Interior Department's sanction of this invasion of Alaskan native rights and urge the Department to revoke the license of the Atomic Energy Commission to use for nuclear testing or research leading to it the land subject to claim by the Eskimos of the above-named villages.